1948 NEW BUSINESS EXCEEDS Rs. 63,00,000

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FORT, BOMBAY.

Regd. No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah M ehta

VOL. XXXVII NO. 93

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, APRIL 20, 1949

Price: 2 ANNAS

"CINCINNATI, U.S.A.
PORTABLE ELECTRIC DRILLS
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LIBRARY SOCIETY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC

Pandit Nehru On India's New Spirit

Of Confidence

"WE HAVE SURVIVED MANY PERILS AND DANGERS"

Plea For Co-operation And Goodwill

NO DEVIATION FROM LEAD GIVEN BY PARLIAMENT AND CONGRESS

BOMBAY, April 19 (A. P. I.): A few hours before he took off for London to attend the Commonwealth Premiers' conference, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru sent this message to his countrymen through the press: "I have always sought the goodwill, affection and co-operation of my people and always obtained it in a generous and abundant measure. If I have achieved anything in life it is because of that affection and goodwill.

"I feel now that at no time was this goodwill and affection more necessary than at the present moment, when I am on the point of emplaning for the West to consider problems which affect the present and the future".

NO DEVIATION

The Prime Minister gave these indications on how he approached these problems:

Future association of India with the Commonwealth— "I have already, in Parliament and in the Congress session and elsewhere, discussed this matter with frankness and stated what our fundamental position is. I shall abide necessarily with the directions given to me on this subject and equally necessarily by the ideals which have inspired us".

FOREIGN POLICY

India's foreign policy—"We have repeatedly stated that we cannot align ourselves with Power Blocs hostile to each other. This is not merely a policy of neutrality, but is a positive approach to the problems of the world in the hope that we might further the cause of peace and friendship between nations".

CONFERENCE WITH BOMBAY MINISTERS

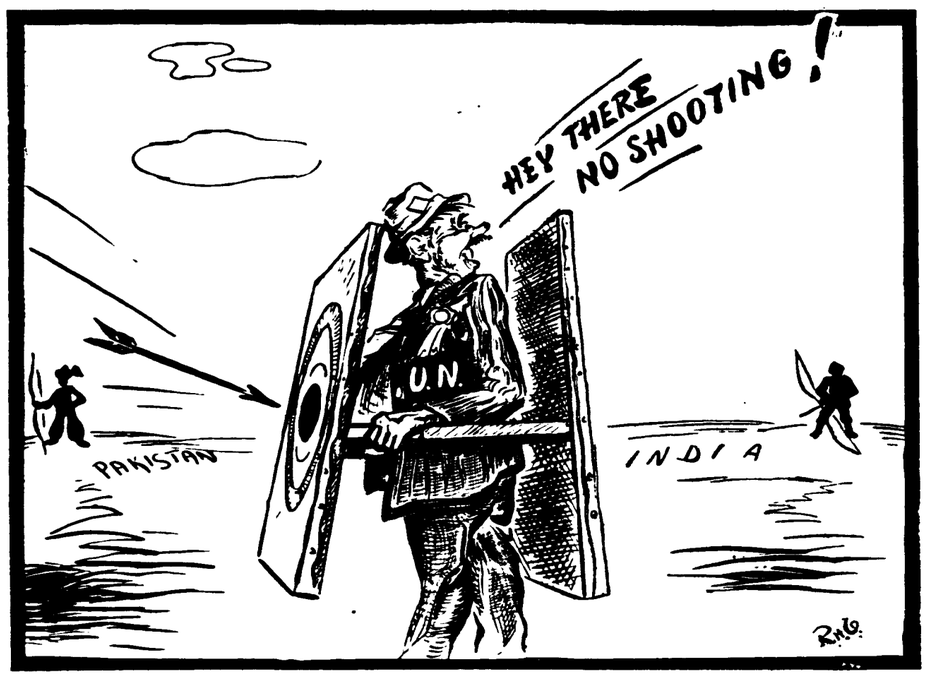
Looking fresh and vigorous after an afternoon swim at the Juhu seaface, the Prime Minister was in high spirits as he came out of a one-hour conference with Bombay Ministers to receive press correspondents on the Bombay Government House lawns.

The Prime Minister readily responded to the newspapermen's request that he may address them and started on a personal note with a message to the people.

"PARTNERS IN MAKING HISTORY"

"During the past years we, all of us in India, have been partners in the making of history and history has marched with giant strides in this country, in Asia and the world. His-

(Continued on Page 7)



Top Priority For Housing Common Man

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT'S PERMIT POLICY

Construction Of Palatial Buildings And Theatres Not To Be Permitted

BOMBAY, TUESDAY.

THE GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY HAS FORMULATED A GENERAL POLICY IN THE MATTER OF GRANTING PERMISSION, UNDER THE BOMBAY BUILDING (CONTROL ON ERECTION) ACT, 1948, TO ERECT OR RE-ERECT BUILDINGS.

As regards residential buildings, while no permission will normally be given to erect buildings providing accommodation for higher income groups, the construction of houses suitable for low income groups will be preferred. However, to erect single room tenements, the approval of the Municipality concerned will have to be obtained beforehand.

In the case of non-residential buildings, no permission will normally be given to build places of entertainment, lodging and boarding houses, business and commercial premises, factory buildings and places of worship.

However, certain types of buildings will be allowed to be erected provided only imported materials were assembled. The construction of lodging houses for low income groups will also be permitted.

Applications for permission to erect such factories as will be engaged in essential production will, no doubt, be considered. Sixty per cent. of the labour to be employed in new factories will have to be provided with housing accommodation. Permission will usually be granted in the case of public institutions such as schools, colleges, hostels, laboratories and hospitals.

(A) NON-RESIDENTIAL BUILDINGS

(1) Places of Amusement and entertainment, e.g. theatres, cinemas, dancing houses.

No permits will normally be issued, whatever the type of materials proposed to be used on construction. Where, however, there is a substantial locking up of capital of those who undertook this venture before the coming into force of the building control and where more than half of the building activity has been completed permits may be given both in Bombay and the mofussil, particularly in the mofussil.

(2) HOTELS AND BOARDING HOUSES:

Except in the case of lodging houses suitable for low-income groups to occupy, no permits will normally be given for the construction of this type of buildings. However, where applicants for permits in respect of such buildings are prepared to assemble only imported materials, the cases may be considered on their merits, whether or not the premises to be constructed also provide for residential accommodation. Luxury buildings or palatial constructions will not be permitted.

(3) Storage accommodation, e.g., Godowns and Warehouses.

Permits for such buildings as not involving the use of round bars of indigenous materials will normally be granted.

(4) Business and Commercial Premises: e.g., Shops, Offices and Showrooms.

No permit will normally be granted for the erection of buildings meant

(Continued on Page 9)

Apte's Application Disallowed

SIMLA, April 11. (A.P.I.): The application of Narayan Apte, accused in the Gandhi Murder Case, for permission to appeal personally at the hearing of his appeal, was disallowed by the East Punjab High Court to-day.

NATIONALISTS ASK FOR TIME

Ultimatum From Chinese Reds Ignored

NANKING, April 20 (PTI-Reuter): The Nationalist Government ignored the midnight expiration of the Communist time limit for acceptance of their terms for peace negotiations and made counter-proposal with a request for a extension of time, it was learned here authoritatively today.

The Government is understood to have rejected outright the Communist demand for the right to cross the Yangtse river and supervise reorganisation of the armies to the south.

They sent a message rejecting this demand to the Communists in Peiping at a late hour.

Nanking's top civil and military leaders had been in non-stop conference all yesterday (April 19) trying to stave off the threat of a massed Communist assault across the Yangtse which it was feared would be launched as soon as the three-day ultimatum expired at midnight.

Nanking itself was calm.

PAKISTAN REPUDIATES INDIA'S CHARGES

No Breach Of Cease-Fire On Sialkot-Jammu Border

KASHMIR CIVILIAN REFUGEES BLAMED FOR "PROBABLE RAIDS"

KARACHI, April 19 (P.T.I.-Reuter): Referring to New Delhi reports of breaches of the cease-fire by Pakistan forces, the Pakistan Government, in a statement today, said that these charges were mainly in respect of Sialkot-Jammu border where there were no Pakistan forces stationed.

SETTLEMENT AMONG LOCAL COMMANDERS

THE GOVERNMENT STATED TODAY THAT BREACHES OF THE CEASE-FIRE AGREEMENT HAD BEEN PERIODICALLY REPORTED BY COMMANDERS OF BOTH INDIAN AND PAKISTAN FORCES. A LARGE NUMBER OF SUCH INCIDENTS ON BOTH SIDES HAD SO FAR BEEN AMICABLY SETTLED BETWEEN THE LOCAL COMMANDERS IN THE PRESENCE OF UNITED NATIONS OBSERVERS.

The Pakistan Government added that some of the more serious incidents on which local Commanders could not agree had been referred to the United Nations observers and to the Military Adviser to the United Nations Commission for India and Pakistan.

Today's Pakistan statement said: "Up to date in no case so far referred, have the Pakistan forces been told by the Military Adviser to give up any position on the grounds that it has been wrongfully occupied nor has any protest been received either by the Pakistan Government or G.H.Q. Pakistan from the Commission or the Military Adviser".

The statement added: "Cases of infringement of the cease-fire averred by Pakistan against the Indian Forces have included occasional raids into "Azad Kashmir" areas for the purpose of removing cattle or arresting local inhabitants.

"These have occurred in the Tithwal, Poonch, and Sialkot border areas. Cases have also occurred of Indian troops occupying new positions after the cease-fire".

CHARGE AGAINST INDIAN TROOPS

The statement also referred to "many instances of Indian troops building new defensive positions and improving old ones in the forward areas". Pakistan had also complained, the statement added, to United Nations Commission for India and Pakistan regarding the increase in the war potential of the Jammu and Kashmir forces since the cease-fire.

'VERIFICATION DIFFICULT'

Referring to New Delhi reports of breaches of the cease-fire by Pakistan forces, the Pakistan Government said "these are mainly made in respect of Sialkot-Jammu borders, where there are no Pakistan forces stationed. It is, therefore, difficult to verify Indian allegations of raids which are probably made by Kashmir civilian refugees temporarily settled in Sialkot District".

Referring to Indian statements that Pakistan forces had occupied positions not held by them at the time of the cease-fire in Borzil, Gurais, Tithwal and Uri areas, the Pakistan Government stated: "These allegations are without foundation as Pakistan forces have always held these areas.

"All the facts regarding their occupation have been placed before the Commission by G.H.Q. Pakistan, and Pa-

(Continued on Page 9)

India's Cargo Service To Australia

BRISBANE, April 19. (PTI-Reuter): The Scindia Steam Navigation Company, Indian shipping firm, is to start a cargo service between Australia and India next June, the Company's Brisbane agents Wills, Gilchrist and Sanderson Proprietary Limited, stated to-day.

The service will carry wool and general cargo from Australia for Colombo, Indian East and West Coast ports and the Persian gulf.

FACILITIES TO REFUGEES

Centre's Directive To Provincial Governments

NEW DELHI, April 19, (A.P.I.): All Provincial Governments have been advised by the Ministry of Relief and Rehabilitation, Government of India to make proviso in their schemes for housing and townships for refugees and for educational and medical facilities.

The Ministry says that the responsibility for providing these facilities is normally that of the Provincial Governments. "The estimates should be kept to the absolute minimum and the standard of facilities should not exceed the general standard obtaining for the local populations".

Posts and telegraph facilities in the new townships will be made by the Ministry of Communications after receiving intimation of the requirements in these matters from Provincial Governments.

NEHRU LEAVES FOR LONDON

Mammoth Crowd At Santa Cruz Airport

BOMBAY, Tuesday

A thunderous ovation was given to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru as he climbed the gang way of an Air India International plane at 11-50 p.m. tonight, on way to London. A large crowd awaited his departure from early hours in the evening.

Pandit Nehru was accompanied by Mr Girja Shankar Bajpai and Mr. M. O. Mathai, his personal Secretary.

Among those present at the Santa Cruz Airport were Mr. B. G Kher and his colleagues, Mr S. K. Patil, Mrs. Indira Gandhi, Mr. Kitson and Mr. Joachim Alva.

DOCK ADVISORY BODY FOR MAJOR PORTS

NEW DELHI, April 19. (U.P.I): The Government of India have decided to set up an Advisory Committee consisting an equal number of representatives of the Government, the dock workers and the employers of docs workers at the major ports in India.

The functions of the Committee will be to advise upon such matters arising out of the administration of the Dock Workers (Regulation of Employment) Act or any scheme made thereunder as the Government may refer to it for advice. The Government have addressed the various organisations in the matter.

NEW DELHI, April 19 (A P I): Rajkumari Amrit Kaur, Health Minister, Government of India will inaugurate here the meeting of the Medical Benefit Council of the Employees' State Insurance Corporation on April 21.

48-HOUR ULTIMATUM TO REDS IN MANDALAY

Sequel To Recapture Of Maymyo: Large Stocks Of Rebel Arms Seized

RANGOON, APRIL 19. (PTI-REUTER): BURMESE GOVERNMENT FORCES, WITH MAYMYO, 35 MILES WEST OF MANDALAY, BACK IN THEIR HANDS, TO-DAY ISSUED A FORTY-EIGHT-HOUR ULTIMATUM TO WHITE BAND COMMUNISTS INSIDE MANDALAY TO COME OUTSIDE THE CITY AND FACE THEM IN BATTLE.

The Army challenge said if the Communists did not come out, and thus avoid battle losses in civilian life and property, Government troops would assault the city and annihilate them.

APPEAL TO CITIZENS.

The Government appealed to Buddhist clergy and citizens in Mandalay to urge White Band volunteers to quit the city, around which isolated clashes between the two forces were reported to-night.

The Government's 'communique' to-night said its aircraft had bombed three rebel concentrations in Moulmeingyun District villages on the east coast, scoring direct hits.

It added that Communists with Karen support were massing for an attack on the Moulmeingyun rice centre, 70 miles south-west of Rangoon.

In retaking Maymyo, the Government claimed the capture of large stocks of rebel arms and ammunition A spokesman said most of the Karen insurgents there surrendered, and that Anisakan airstrip, seven miles to the south, had been retaken without resistance.

SECURITY MEASURES IN MANDALAY.

He said full-scale security measures were being enforced in Mandalay, recaptured by Government troops on April 3, where "White Band" insurgents have joined hands with Communists because the army rejected their demands that the city's administration be handed over to them.

But he denied reports of clashes between the army and White Band forces.

Prime Minister Thakin Nu has planned to make an official visit to Mandalay shortly.

The Government reported last night that Communists and White Band volunteers had disrupted communications in the Upper Burma districts of Sagaing, Monywa and Shwebo by destroying several bridges and firing at trains.

The insurgents killed seven military policemen and seized large stocks of arms in attacks on police stations in the Shwebo District it added.

The Government also reported that bombers and ground troops were driving Karen rebels towards the centre of Insein, ten miles north of Rangoon. Fighting was expected around Insein's Central Gaol, where the Karens were concentrating.

PRESIDENT'S GREETINGS TO EIRE

President Sao Shwe Thaike, of Burma, said in a message to the President of the Republic of Ireland on the coming into force of the Republic of Ireland Act 1948: "On this memorable day, I send you and through you to the Government and people of your newly born Republic heartiest greetings and best wishes on my own behalf and on behalf of the Government of the Union of Burma.

"We look forward with confidence to a long and happy association between our two countries."

Chandernagore's Merger With Indian Dominion

FRENCH AUTHORITIES REFER DEMAND TO PARIS WITH FAVOURABLE NOTE

CHANDERNAGORE, April 19 (API) The French authorities in India have referred to the French Parliament the demand for the merger of Chandernagore into the Indian Union without a referendum. In doing so they have made favourable recommendations on the demand.

The Commissioner of the French Republic at Pondicherry has intimated this to the President of the Chandernagore Municipal Assembly, Mr. Deben Dash. He adds that if Parliament rejects the demand, the date for the referendum will be June 19, as fixed by the Municipal Assembly in their alternative resolution of April 2.

The resolution, adopted at an extraordinary session of the Assembly, had urged the Governments of France and India to effect the union of Chandernagore with India without the formality of a referendum. It had further said that should France fail to waive the holding of a referendum, June 19 should be fixed as the date for it.

Mr. Dash, who on receipt of the intimation contacted the External Affairs Ministry at New Delhi, said today that the Government of India had no objection if the referendum was deleted by the French Government. This had already been intimated officially to the French authorities at Pondicherry.

Mrs. Dash said: "I still hope that the French Government will agree to hand over Chandernagore to the Indian Union without a referendum to save the prestige of the French which, in the long run, may be helpful in retaining the South Indian colonies intact when the referendum in that quarter takes place on December 11 this year".

CONTROL OF FORMER ITALIAN COLONIES

Liberia's Support For British Trusteeship

LAKE SUCCESS, April 19. (PTI-Reuter): Liberia added its support today to the proposal that Britain should continue to administer the former Italian colony of Cyrenica and if necessary, the rest of Libya.

Mr. Henry F. Cooper told the United Nations Political Committee, which continued its debate on the disposition of the former Italian Colonies in Africa, that Tripolitania should also be under British Administration until such time as the United Nations can find a better formula for the territory.

He supported Ethiopian claims for annexation of Eritrea. He also proposed British Trusteeship, for Italian Somaliland. If Britain did not want this Trusteeship it should be given to Ethiopia.

British Trusteeship over Cyrenica continued French Administration of Fezzan, support for Ethiopian claims to Eritrea and Italian Trusteeship over the remainder of the Colonies was urged by El Salvador, Panama and the Netherlands.

El Salvador, while supporting Ethiopia's claims to Eritrea, said that a Technical Commission should decide on the ports of Assam and Massawa.

(SEE PAGE 4.)

NEW DELHI, April 19 (A.P.I.): One person was arrested here yesterday by the local police for illegally trading in arms.

The police recovered 1,303 rifle and 30 cartridges from the residence of the arrested man.

138315

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD

PLUS advt.-tax @ one anna per rupee

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To be paid in advance

MATRIMONIAL

Konkanasth Brahmin, 32, Engineer, Government Officer wishes to marry fair and educated girl about 22. Box No. 599, "Bombay Chronicle."

Match for Gujrati Rajput girl 19. C/o post Box 4014, Bombay 7 555

Wanted Smartha Brahmin Bridegroom, well-placed for fair accomplished girl (20) Matric knows Veena. Write with horoscope, details Box No 597 "Bombay Chronicle."

Bhatia Virgin, (22). Educated invites Matrimonial Correspondence Only from Bhatias (View Marriage). Post B x 3620 Bombay-4 600

Well-placed businessman, and educated Gujarati y ungman 30, invites confidential correspondence from educated simple girls view matrimony No caste restriction Apply Box No. 596, "Bombay Chronicle."

SITUATION VACANT

Wanted a person to look after the advertising Dept of a local paper. Only experienced and qualified persons need apply No. 200, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted a Clerk knowing typing and accounts, Marathi essential. Apply with minimum pay. The General Agency, Bhiwandi Dist. Thana. 4065

Wanted Young Matriculates to work in reading department. Salary Rs. 50 plus Rs 35 temporary dearness allowance Those who can do night shift alternate week need apply in own handwriting with certificates to the Manager, "Bombay Chronicle" between 3 p.m. and 5 p m

SITUATION WANTED

An experienced Store Purchaser seeks Job. Apply Box No. 592 "Bombay Chronicle"

BOOKS & MAGAZINES

Magazine subscriptions, American British on all subjects efficiently ordered. Send for list of 2,000 magazines, Technical books, etc., International Book House Ltd., Ash Lane, Bombay-1. 3950

LOANS & MORTGAGES

Loans arranged on very easy terms. Apply sharp to Mr G. S. Monga, Post Box No. 119, Baroda. 578

MACHINERY FOR SALE

Textile Machinery of Blow Room, Frame, Ring Frame, Doubling and Spooling, for immediate sale. Apply for particulars to Box No. 4039 "Bombay Chronicle."

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

A few good Typewriters ready For Sale. Bombay Typewriting Institution, opp. General Post Office, Fort, Bombay. Telephone 21084. (371)

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE of big lots clothing, canvas shoes, canvas hose hardware, utensils, Misc. Naval Stores, etc., at R I N Depot Mankhurd, on 26th April, at 10-30 a.m (S.T.). Auction Sale of 36 800 5 gal barrels, 13,000 44 gal barrels, 8,000 24 gal barrels, 61,000 4 gal drums and cans, etc., at P O L Depot, behind Swastik Oil Mills, Sewri, on 28th April at 10-30 a.m. (S T) Auction sale of Morris Truck, fire trailers, at Central Government Building, Queen's Road, on 30th April at 10-30 a.m. (S T) Terms 25 per cent Cash deposit For catalogues apply to CRAWFORD & CO., 132, Apollo Street, Fort.

AUCTION SALE of One Studebaker Motor Car, Champion Sedan, 6 Cylinder, Model 1934, No BMW 7506 in running condition Owner driven on Monday 25th instant at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at our Auction Rooms, at 72, Medows Street, Fort, under instructions from the Office concerned Terms 25 per cent Cash deposit.

GANDHI & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF MACHINERY ETC.

Under instructions from the Court Receiver, Bombay, as Receives in Suit No. 2395 of 1948 (Hartvallabh Chunilal vs. Messrs. Bhaichand Bhabhutmal & Co. & ors.), Messrs BENNETT & CO., will sell by Public Auction on SATURDAY, 23-4-49 at 11 a.m. (S T) at their rooms: Machinery such as electric motor, starter rails champion blower, buff machines, fly wheels, chilling roles cutouts foundation bolts, etc Terms 25 per cent Cash deposit.

BENNETT & CO.

PUBLIC NOTICES

FOR SALE

ABOUT 36 USED ECONOMISER SECTIONS OF GREEN'S MAKE, complete with Top and Bottom Branches, but without Scraper Gear.

PARTICULARS:—

Material	Cast Iron.
No. of Tubes per Section.	Eight.
No. of Sections.	36.
Outside dia. of Tubes.	4.9/16".
Working Pressure	200 lbs. per sq. inch.
Maker	E. Green & Sons, England.

Apply Post Box No. 4058 "Bombay Chronicle". 4058

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY & TRAMWAYS CO., LTD.

(In Voluntary Liquidation)

Lost Share Certificate & Allotment Letter

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Share Certificate No. 31049 in respect of 5 Ordinary shares Nos. 71498 to 71502 and Allotment Letter No 3816 of 4-2-1937 for one Ordinary share No. 567928 of the Bombay Electric Supply & Tramways Co., Ltd. (In Voluntary Liquidation) standing in the name of Darji Jagjiwan Javer have been lost, mislaid or destroyed.

Any claim in respect of these shares should be notified to the Company at their registered office, Electric House, Bombay No. 1 within one month from the date hereof otherwise a duplicate Share Certificate & Allotment Letter will be issued irrespective of any claim in respect thereof.

(Sd.) DARJI JAGJIWAN JAVER.
Dated 20th April, 1949. 598

BOMBAY PORT TRUST

CONSTRUCTION OF QUARTERS IN PRINCESS DOCK

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the construction of quarters inside the Princess Docks. The works to be tendered for are as under:

I 1. No. Two storied structure —113'-6" x 28'-7" x 21'-0 inches.
1. No. Two storied structure— 157'-6" x 45'-6" x 22'-0 inches.
1. No. Single storied structure— 64'-0" x 30'-0" x 10'-0 inches.

All constructed of brick masonry walls, R.C.C. floor slab and staircases, steel columns, beams, trusses and purlins with asbestos cement sheet roofing.

II. Pavement of open spaces with cement concrete and construction of rubble masonry compound wall with steel gates.

Instructions to Tenderers, Conditions of Contract, —Specification, Schedule of Quantities and Rates, Form of Tender and Drawings can be obtained at the office of the undersigned, on payment of Rs. 20 -. No tender will be considered which is not accompanied by a sum of Rs. 3,250 - as earnest money. The tenders which are to remain open until disposed of by the Trustees will be received upto 1-00 P.M. (S.T.) on Monday, the 16th May 1949.

CHIEF ENGINEER.
Bombay Port Trust.
Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay. 4056

NOTICE TO BUILDING CONTRACTORS

(1) Sealed Tenders are invited, on behalf of the Milk Commissioner of Bombay, for the erection of (1) Office Building, (2) Boiler and Engine House, Dormitory and Canteen, and (3) Garages, at "Aarey", near Goregaon, Bombay.
(2) Copies of the Tender Forms, Specification and Schedule of Quantities can be obtained from the undersigned on or after Monday, the 18th April, 1949 during Office hours, on payment of Rs. 50 - for three copies. All the three Tenders shall be treated as one job only.
(3) Drawings may be inspected in the Office of the Architects during Office hours, on any working day.
(4) Sealed Tenders must be submitted to the Architects' Office by Noon, on Wednesday, the 27th April, 1949 with a cash deposit of Rs. 15,000 -, Rs. 10,000 - and Rs. 10,000/- respectively, by one cheque of Rs. 35,000 - and accompanied by a list of the more important Building Work already carried out by the tendering firm, under the supervision of qualified Architects, mentioning the name of the Building, its cost, date of erection and the name of the Architect.
(5) The Milk Commissioner of Bombay does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender, and will, before accepting any Tender, require proper evidence that the tendering Firm will be able to carry out successfully the work within the period stated.
(6) The deposits of the unsuccessful Tenderers will be returned immediately the decision of the Milk Commissioner of Bombay has been received by the Architects.

Messrs. GREGSON, BATLEY & KING,
Chartered Architects.
Chartered Bank Building.
Fort, Bombay. 4079

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

THE B. E. S. & T. UNDERTAKING

SEALED TENDER for the supply of Paints will be received by the Chief Storekeeper up to noon on Monday, the 2nd May, 1949.

Tender forms can be obtained from the Chief Storekeeper, Electric House Fort, Bombay 1, on personal application but will not be forwarded by post. 4097

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

(VAITARNA-CUM-TANSA SCHEME)

THE SPECIAL ENGINEER invites sealed quotations for the purchase of—

Steel boats or alternatively wooden boats 2 Nos.
and
Out-board motor engines. 16/22 H.P., to suit the above boats. 2 Nos.

The forms of quotations together with the specifications can be obtained from the Construction Engineer's Office, Vaitarna-cum-Tansa Scheme, Ex. Trust Building, Murzban Road, Fort, Bombay, at Rupee 1 - per set, not refundable. The forms will not be sent by post.

The quotations should be enclosed in a sealed envelope addressed to the Construction Engineer, superscribed "Quotations for Boats & Engines for Vaitarna" and delivered at the above office on Monday, THE 9TH MAY, 1949 NOT LATER THAN 1 P.M. (B.T.).

By Order of the
MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER.
Municipal Offices,
Fort, Bombay,
Dated 14th April, 1949. 4091

PARLE-ANDHERI BOROUGH MUNICIPALITY

NOTICE

AN AUCTION SALE of a Military type FORD TRUCK, 1945 Model in working condition will be held on SATURDAY, the 30th April, 1949, at 4 p.m. (S.T.) at the Municipal Garage on the Shraddhanand Road at Vile-Parle.

Further particulars can be had from the undersigned during Office hours.

M. B. SCREWVALA.
Chief Officer,
Parle-Andheri Borough Municipality.
Health Department,
Municipal Office,
Gazder Hall, Andheri. 4092

B. B. & C. I. RLY.

NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS, IN ENGLISH ARE INVITED for Providing 13 units 'A' Type truncated quarters on Delhi Division.

Tender should reach the office of the Engineer-in-Chief, B.B. & C.I. Railway, Ajmer, by registered Post not later than 16-00 hrs. on 13-5-49, the conditions with the scheduled of approximate quantities required in connection with the work can be had either from the office of the Engineer-in-Chief, B.B. & C.I. Railway, Ajmer or the Executive Engineer, B.B. & C.I. Rly. Delhi, during the office hours on payment of Rs. 4/- which will not be refunded.

Tenders will only be acceptable on the form attached to the conditions and must be accompanied by the conditions, both forms i.e. Tender and Conditions being signed by the Tenderer.

The Tenders will be opened by the undersigned in his office at 16-00 hrs. on 13-5-49 in presence of the Tenderers or their Agents if they care to attend.

ENGINEER-IN-CHIEF
B.B. & C.I. Railway, Ajmer
(4074)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited from candidates for temporary posts of Police Prosecutors in the Greater Bombay Police. Legal Practitioners of not less than FIVE years' experience at the Bar need only apply. Selected candidates will be put on a select list, appointments being made as and when vacancies occur.

The post starts as a part time Police Prosecutor on Rs. 200/- and if the candidate is found fit he will be appointed to a regular temporary post of Police Prosecutor in the scale of Rs. 350-10-450. All posts are temporary and non-pensionable.

Applications should be submitted by the 5th May, 1949 in their own handwriting stating their qualifications, age dates of passing Matric and LL B Examinations and the period they have been practising and should be addressed to the Dy. Commissioner of Police, Headquarters (and not to any one by name)

Only copies of testimonials should be sent. The originals should be produced at the time of interview.

J. D. NAGARVALA.
Deputy
for Commissioner of Police.
Head Police Office.
Bombay, 14th April, 1949. 4090

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

Hydraulic Engineer's Department.

TENDERS

THE HYDRAULIC ENGINEER notifies that the last date for submitting tenders for the supply of the following machines is extended from 20-4-49 to 27-4-49 at 1 p.m. (B.T.).

(1) A Plate Bending Machine.
(2) A V-Grooving Machine.
(3) A Guillotine Shearing Machine.
(4) A Diesel Engine Driven Pump.
(5) A Portable Air Compressor Unit.
(6) A Oxy-Acetylene Gas Welding & Cutting Set.
(7) Two Electric Arc Welding Sets. 4094

BENARES HINDU UNIVERSITY

Office of the Registrar.

Benares, April 13, 1949.

ELECTION of five Members to the Senate of the Benares Hindu University will be held sometime in November, 1949, from among the "Registered" graduates of the University. Graduates of the University of not less than 3 years' standing from the date of the Convocation when the degree was conferred shall be entitled to have their names entered in the Register of University Graduates on payment of the prescribed fee. The application for enrolment as a registered graduate on the prescribed form obtainable from the Registrar, should be made under registered cover to the Registrar, Benares Hindu University, so as to reach him by the 1st June, 1949. Graduates who are already registered, are requested to inform the Registrar by 1st July, 1949, of any change in their address or occupation.

G. P. MEHTA, M.A.,
Registrar. 4095

SECRETARY, EAST PUNJAB PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, SIMLA

(Advertisement No. 7)

INVITES APPLICATIONS from candidates domiciled in India or in an acceding State—East Punjabis preferred (Women also eligible) on prescribed form (obtainable free) accompanied by treasury receipt or crossed postal order for Rs. 5/- not later than the 30th May, 1949, for a permanent post of ASSISTANT TO THE PROFESSOR OF MIDWIFERY in Glancy Medical College, Amritsar. Candidates should possess medical qualifications registrable by the Medical Council of India and the Medical Council of Great Britain with post-graduate qualifications, preferably in Midwifery. They should preferably have two years' teaching experience in a medical college. Persons with M.R.C.O.G. or D.G.O. preferred. Age not above 35 years on 1-10-48, relaxable in favour of Government servants and upto 40 years for candidates with exceptional qualifications and also to the extent of period of "War service" in case of War service candidates. Pay: Rs. 250-20-550 plus special pay of Rs. 200/- per mensem. Further particulars on application. 4093

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V. J. T. I. Final Session Examination Results

Bombay Tuesday:

The following are the numbers of Candidates who have passed in the Final Session Examination held by the Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, Bombay, in March 1949:—

MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

First Class

301.

Second Class (in Order of Merit)

302 303 304 311 305 306 310 313 308 319 315 312 317 323 309 316 325 318 307

Pass Class

329 324 314 330 333, 321 328.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

Second Class (in Order of Merit)

701 702 703 706 708 705 707 715 704 714 709 721 710 712 739 733 734.

Pass Class

730 737 711 723 720 742 728 740 729.

ADDITIONAL MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

First Class

1606

Second Class (in Order of Merit)

1610 1604 1603 1608 1605 1607 1601 1611 1612 1613 1609.

ADDITIONAL ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

First Class

1654

Second Class (in Order of Merit)

1658 1664 1651 1665 1659 1652 1653 1660 1657 1655 1663.

Pass Class

1661 1662 1666.

TEXTILE MANUFACTURES

First Class (in Order of Merit)

1101 1102

Second Class (in order of Merit

1104 1103 1105 1106 1112 1109 1108 1107 1110 1111.

Pass Class

1117 1113 1116 1122 1123 1114 1118 1119 1125 1115 1120.

TECHNICAL & APPLIED CHEMISTRY

First Class

1351.

Second Class (in Order of Merit)

1352 1353 1356 1357 1354

Pass Class

1364 1362 1358 1363 1355 1359 1360.

The results of the candidates who appeared at the Final Sessional Examination of Sanitary Engineering will be declared later.

Gujarat Famine Relief Committee

The Executive Committee of the Gujarat Famine Relief Committee are organising a collection drive for additional funds for relief work in Gujarat, including Saurashtra. The assistance of the various trade Associations in the City is being enlisted in that direction. The Associations have been requested to form local collection committees for the different trades in the City.

The assistance of the United Women's Organisation is being enlisted for public and door-to-door collections. A women's volunteer corps is being organised for going round the City for public collections. Coupons in different denominations are being issued for sale and distribution by these volunteers and the Gujarat Famine Relief Committee earnestly appeal to the members of the public to assist the above collection drive by purchasing coupons.

Air Letters Insufficiently Stamped

The Posts and Telegraphs Department have recently been receiving several complaints about insufficiently pre-paid air mail correspondence i.e. letters, postcards and 'air letters'. 'Air letters' is a special light weight letter service available with only certain countries at rates lower than for air mail letters. If these air letters are used for countries where the service has not been introduced they are treated as air mail letters and double the amount of deficiency is recovered from the addressee.

Correspondents are requested to see that their correspondence is affixed with the correct postage and air mail fee if necessary and to use air letters only for those countries for which this service is available. Non-compliance with the Postal regulations will not only cause embarrassment to the addressee but the correspondence is also liable to be returned to the senders.

Mme. Montessori Foresees Great Future For India

BOMBAY, April 19, (A.P.I.): Dr. Maria Montessori, the world-famous educationist who is leaving for Italy tomorrow told the Associated Press of India here today that she foresaw a great future for India, if only the state would intervene and take proper care of its forgotten citizens—the children.

Dr. Montessori said she would welcome Indian teachers to visit the Montessori Institutions in Holland and England. She added that while the psychology of teachers and children in India was different to that in Holland, there were "certain teachniques of running a Montessori institution", which the Indian teachers could profitably learn in Holland and apply them to India, varying the "techniques," to suit the local conditions.

NEW CATTLE FODDER

CAWNPORE, April 18, (API): Bago-Molasses—a mixture of molasses and bagasse screenings—have been found to be good cattle food as a result of experiments carried out during the last five or six years at the Imperial Institute of Sugar Technology at Cawnpore.

The new fodder, it is stated, has been tried on cattle and horse at many nutrition stations in different parts of India and no ill-effects have been observed.

CHANGING GIFTS INTO GOLD

Alleged Confidence Tricksters Arrested By C. I. D.

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

How two alleged city confidence tricksters were able to fool sixteen credulous persons in the name of a famous Pir of Kalyan, and deprive them of cash and jewellery collectively valued at Rs. 16,000—was narrated by the Bombay CID, in the Court of the Chief Presidency Magistrate, this morning.

Placing Sebastian Siqueira, a resident of Lamington Road, who, the Police stated, posed as a B.A., LL.B. and won the confidence of several persons with his chic behaviour, the CID, in their remand application said that one Krishna Maloji Sawant alias Navaldas had started a novel racket with assistance of Siqueira.

Maloji lived with Siqueira in his room at Fateh Manzil, Lamington Road.

Siqueira, it was alleged, made extensive propaganda that Maloji was the disciple of the well-known Pir Haji Malang Baba of Kalyan and impressed upon the minds of their various dupes that any Murad (gift) offered through Maloji to the venerable Pir would be at once changed into gold, silver, diamonds etc.

The sixteen complainants in the present case are said to have parted with various amounts and other precious things collectively valued at Rs. 16,000 as gifts intended for the Pir, Haji Malang Baba.

Maloji, it was alleged, before demanding money in the name of Haji Malang Baba used to pretend he was in a deep trance. At the peak of the stupor he, it was stated, used to bawl out that he was the son of the Pir and that the Pir had ordered that a certain amount in cash should be given as a present.

The two accused are alleged to have carried on their nefarious game for exactly 200 days, the pre-determined period by which articles which were not of gold would turn into silver, gold and diamonds, as the clients had wished. At the end of this period the two accused are said to have vanished from the scene.

The Police had seized letters from Siqueira in which, it is alleged, he posed as a B.A., LL.B.

Sawant was arrested by the Ratnagiri Police at Sawantwadi on April 12th.

Siqueira was arrested by the Bombay C.I.D. yesterday.

He was allowed bail

EXCISE CONSPIRACY ACCUSED CHARGE SHEETED

Mr. Nasserwanji Manekji Kalyaniwalla, a liquor licensee of Kalyan, his brother Jehangir Manekji Kalyaniwalla and eight others including V. S. Sawant and S. R. Angadi, both officers of the Excise Department of the Government of Bombay, were to-day charge-sheeted in the sensational Excise Conspiracy Case, in the Court of the Chief Presidency Magistrate.

The charges against the accused are that they conspired, cheated the Bombay Government and contravened the provisions of the Abkari Act.

One of the accused Nausherwan Sohrab Baria is still absconding and pending his arrest the case was adjourned to June 16th.

It will be recalled that the two Excise Superintendants Sawant and Angadi were charge-sheeted earlier for accepting illegal gratification.

SEAMEN'S CONFERENCE BANNED

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A conference of Bombay seamen, which was scheduled to be held at Cama Hall at 4 p.m. today has been banned by the Police Commissioner, it is stated. The conference had been called by Mr. Dinkar Desai, General Secretary of the Seamen's Union, to protest against the non-inclusion of a representative of the Union in the Maritime Board.

What is Your Goal?

Many people save for rainy days. Some people save for a Home or a Motor Car. Some save for Holiday Enjoyment others in order to give education to their children when grown up. Some save to live comfortably when they retire from active work. Others save to see their Children live comfortably after them.

Whatever be your goal, the only sure way of reaching it is by taking out a DEPOSITORS' POLICY at low premium, without medical examination.

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AUCTION SALE ON 26TH APRIL, 1949

STORES:—

Cordage Coir, Hawserlaid, Nuts Brass, unglazed urinal pairs, steel doors, Tea and coffee pots, steel Kettles, COTTON GARMENTS e.g. Singlets white tropical—15000 Nos.
Cotton Flannel or vests—17000 Nos.
Tunics Drill white—7200 Nos.
Jumpers drill uniform size XII—120 Nos.
Suits Blue overall—2520 Nos.
Trousers white for tunics—3300 Pairs.
Trousers drill white for jumpers—7600 Pairs.
Singlets blue tropical—213 Nos.
Jackets Hospital—337 Nos.
etc. etc. (Quantities are approximate)

PLACE & TIME: R.I.N. Stores Depot, Mankhurd, at 10-30 A.M.
AUCTIONEER: M/s. Crawford & Co. 132 Apollo Street, Fort, BOMBAY.
Further details can be had from Auctioneer.

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REGIONAL COMMISSIONER (DISPOSALS)
Mercantile Chambers, Graham Road,
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AC/RCD-B/21.

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"ANDAZ"
NARGIS, *DILIPKUMAR
KOO, V. H. DESAI, *RAJ
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Music by NAUSHAD
LIBERTY Daily 3-0, 6-15 and 9-30
low place of the Nation"
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OCIETY any REPLY? See it
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ERI KAHANI
SURENDRA
MUNAWAR SULTANA
Director KEKI MISTRY
From FRIDAY NEXT
22nd APRIL
SUPER
Daily 3-15, 6-15, 9-30
Sun. Mat. at 12 noon
Advance Booking
-30 to 12-30 and 5 to 7 p.m
A JAISINH Release

EXCELSIOR
val of Dance, Song, and Tagore Music
Commencing 22nd April
SHRIMATI TAGORE
with
R. K. PRIYAGOPALSING & LAKKHANSING
in
VAISHAKHI & ROAD TO FREEDOM
nd, 23rd, 24th, 26th, 27th, 28th
Daily 6.-15 p.m
Rates. 10. 7. 5. 3. 1
Also
PRITHVIRAJ
In his famous stage-plays
THAN 22nd 9 p.m. 26th, 9 p.m.
EWAR 25th 6-15 p.m 28th 9 p.m.
ADDAR 23rd 9 p.m 27th 9 p.m.
ANKUNTALA 24th 9 p.m.
Rates 10, 7-8, 5 3-8, 2-8, 1.

th CROWDED WEEK
RAJKAMAL'S
APNA DESH
Directed by V SHANTARAM
NEW WEST END
Daily 3, 6-15, 9-30 p.m.
at. on Sun. & Holiday 11-45 a.m
Advance booking as usual

TIVAL OF MUSIC, DANCE and SONGS
FILMISTAN'S
ST POPULAR MUSICAL HIT
Actress
Starring
HANA, PREM ADIB, MEENA
NOVELTY
Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30

ature's Fondled Folk at large in
EETH-BHAKAR
tor: BHAL PENDHARKAR
ing: VITHAL, CHANDRAKANT SULOCHANA
SWASTIK
8th WEEK
KOHINOOR
2nd WEEK
Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30
Sat., Sun. 1 P.M.

CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu Chaitra Vad 3, 2005.
Muslim Jamadi-ul-Akher 20, 1368.
Parsi Avan 20, 1318.
Sunrise 6-19 a.m Sunset 6-58 p.m.
Highitide 05-04, 18-50, Lowtide 0020, 11-15.

MUNICIPAL STANDING COMMITTEE. 3-10 p.m. (S.I.)

To-day's Engagements

TAMIL SANGAM Speech by Sri T S Seshadri on "Art-Liteature--Life today (Wednesday) 8-30 p.m Sangam premises, Matunga

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS Talk on "How Does Man Evolve today (Wednesday) at 6-15 p.m at Jehangir Wadia Building, Opp Flora Fountain

DASTUR BODES LECTURE Today (Wednesday) at 6-15 p.m at K.R. Cama Oriental Institute Library Hall, Apollo Stree under auspices of the Rahnumae Sabha. Dastur Framroze Bode will speak on "Every Zarathushtrian must be a true reformer".

MAHARASHTRA CHAMPER OF COMMERCE Mr S K Mukerjee, Regional Controller of Railway Priorities, G I P Railway, Bombay will meet members of the Chamber today (Wednesday) at 5-15 p.m

SPRING LECTURE SERIES Smti Shakuntalabai Paranjpye will speak on "Birth Control" at D'Silva High School Maidan, Ranade Road Extension today (Wednesday) at 9 p.m Prof R D Karve will preside

MUNICIPAL STALL HOLDERS Municipal Stall Holders at Dadar will meet Shri S K Patil, Mayor at reserved area, Tulsi Pipe Road, Dadar (BB & CI) today (Wednesday) at 9-30

SAIGAL INDIA CORPORATION a.m
Shri B S Hiray M.L.A President, Maharashtra Congress will perform opening ceremony of Saigal (India) Corporation today (Wednesday) at their premises, Dossa House, Gunbow Street Fort

SILK MERCHANTS ASSOCIATION The office-bearers for the year 1949-50 have been elected as under
PRESIDENT Sheth Manilal S Kapadia, VICE-PRESIDENT — Sheth Nanabhai D Karanjia, HON SECRETARY Sheth Lalbhai P Shah, HON JT SECRETARY — Sheth Kishanchand Narsindas, THEASURER — Messrs J Kimatrai & Co.

Citizens' Meeting To Mourn Mrs. Sarojini Naidu's Death

In accordance with the requisition signed by citizens and submitted to the Sheriff through the Mayor's Committee for the purpose, a public meeting will be held at Sunderabai Hall today (WEDNESDAY) at 6 p.m. to mourn the death of Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, P.E. the Governor of Bombay will preside. Among speakers on various resolutions will be His Worship the Mayor Shri S. K. Patil, Sir H. P. Modv, Governor-Designate, U.P., the Hon'ble Mr. M. C. Chagla, Chief Justice, Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas, Mr K M. Munshi, Sir Cowasji Jehangir, Lady Rama Rau, Mrs. Jaishree Raiji, Shri Bhawanji Khimji, Shri G. L. Mehta, Shri M A. Master, Sir Farul Rahimtoola, Shri M. Y Nurie and others.

THE
GRAND FUN FAIR
in aid of the
MAHATMA GANDHI NATIONAL MEMORIAL FUND
and
RAILWAY REFUGEE RELIEF FUND
advertised to be held in the
G. I. P. RLY. INSTITUTE, BYCULLA
on WEDNESDAY, the 20th also has been CLOSED DOWN

ROMOLA
Makes Bombay
Socially consciousin
HAMBHI INSAN HAIN
Now Drawing CHEERS
MINERVA
Daily 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m
Booking 10 to 12 noon.
A TRIUMPH P Ltd Release

CHANGE OF TIMINGS
at
SUPER
MERI KAHANI
From FRIDAY 22nd
"MERI KAHANI" is to be released at SUPER
The timings have been changed as follows
Daily 3-15, 6-15 & 9-30 p.m
Sun., Mat. at 12 noon
Those who have booked their seats in advance should please note this.

DEFENCE PLEA AS FANTASTIC AS IT WAS RIDICULOUS

Morarka Case Prosecution Counsel's Arguments In Court

Mr. B. D. Boowariwala started his arguments to-day before Mr. K. J. Khambatta Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Court, in the case in which Gokulchand Dwarkadas Morarka, millionaire-mill'owner of Bombay and Rao Bahadur D. J. Shah, a City Father, are charged with offering a bribe of Rs. one lakh to Inspector C. J. Miranda of the A.C.B.

BOMBAY, Tuesday

Mr. Boowariwala said that the facts of the case were straight and simple. The prosecution had been charged with trying to make a sensation—but there was no sensation in the case except as it provided a sordid illustration of corruption among the rich and the mighty This was to assume that every man had a price and could be corrupted.

The defence as it emerged from the cross-examination was "as fantastic as it was ridiculous." The line of defence was that the second accused never gave the lakh of rupees to Inspector Miranda, and that Mr. Miranda had received the amount as a present from Nusserwanji Kalyaniwala, who was implicated in an Excise Conspiracy Case, and that Mr. Miranda had "planted" the money on the second accused. It was alleged that Mr. Miranda had done this to turn the limelight of publicity on himself and to earn the goodwill of his Superiors and to get accelerated promotions.

Mr Boowariwala said that the suggestion that Kalyaniwalla had given away this amount to Mr Miranda as a present, 'did not hold water." Kalyaniwalla knew that the police would press the case against him and Mr. Miranda could do nothing about it. But, said the counsel, even if this argument were accepted, why should Mr Miranda get rid of this large sum of money, by 'planting" it on the second accused. "The defence are sore put to explain away this one lakh of rupees he added

The counsel maintained that the "inuendos" with regard to Mr Miranda's rapid promotions, were not justified, as the promotions were due to Mr. Miranda's 'skill and devotion to duty."

He denied outright that Mr Miranda had ever given copies of the crime Reports or any other documents to the accused. He described the means by which the copies were obtained as "foul and underhand" This was not the first time that "wealthy and unscrupulous" persons had done similar things. It had been made out that the second accused had been arrested when he went to return the copies of the documents alleged to have been given by Mr. Miranda. Since these were only copies, what was the need to return them, he asked.

Also Mr. Miranda "was no fool", to have given them to the accused, for no suggestion had been made, that this had been done for a consideration.

Regarding the disappearance from the police file, the statement of Mrs. Miranda, counsel maintained that the mere fact of its disappearance did not in any way affect the evidence given in the court either by Mrs. Miranda or by Mr. Miranda.

Continuing his arguments in the afternoon Mr. Boowariwalla submitted that if the bundle of notes did not come from the second accused Shah, then, how did it happen that the bundle was wrapped in two sheets of the "Bombay Samachar". Mr Miranda, who did not know Gujerathi could not have become a Gujerathi reader overnight, he contended. The two Samachar sheets to which the bribe bundle was wrapped counsel stated, were part of the Samachar copy, the remaining sheets which were recovered from the premises of the Appollo Mill, where Shah had gone to see Morarka, taken the money from him and come with it to Miranda's residence.

This was a vital part of the evidence, counsel submitted, fixing the guilt on the accused. The two Samachar sheets described as Exhibit A, counsel contented, constituted a crucial piece of evidence in the case.

How did Miranda get the Marathi newspaper sheets as outer wrappers for the bundle, he asked.

If the Defence allegation that Miranda had trumped up the case so as to come into limelight had any semblance of truth, then Mr. Miranda must be a devil incarnate to get a lakh of rupees from Kalyaniwalla as suggested by the Defence, secure the two Gujerathi wrappers, note down the two telephone numbers (given by Shah) on them and not satisfied with all this get the Marathi newspaper sheets, he said.

Counsel pointed out the financial dealings between the second accused Shah and the Sholapur Mills and stressed that it was this relationship that had prompted him to act as Morarka's agent in the payment of the bribe.

He drew the Court's attention to a Government circular instructing the authorities concerned that due publicity should be given to cases of corruption and emphasised that the A. C. B. or its officers could not be accused of having sought any limelight.

Finally counsel submitted the Prosecution had fully established its case, but the Defence had done nothing tangible beyond making allegations, uncorroborated statements etc.

The Defence Counsel will start his arguments when the case is resumed on Wednesday morning.

Radio

BOMBAY Wednesday, April 20
244 m. (1,231 kc/s)
31.41 m. (9,550 kc/s)
7-30 a.m. S M. Wakankar (Bhavgeet) 7-45 Allauddin Khan 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Anjani Mehta 8-45 News (G).
244 m (1231 kc/s)
41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s)
12-46 p.m. Musical Interlude 12-50 S. K. Deshpande 1-0 News (G) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Music from the Opera.
244 m. (1,231 kc/s)
31.41 m. (9,500 kc/s)
from 5-0 to 7-45 p.m.
41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s)
from 8-0 to 11 p.m.
5-0 p.m. Allauddin Khan 5-15 K. V. Desai 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-40 K. V. Desai 6-50 P. B. Nipankar 7-0 Topic of the Day 7-10 Local Announcements and Weather Report 7-15 S. M. Wakankar 7-30 Allauddin Khan 7-45 Guru Shishya 8-0 Anjani Mehta 8-15 News (G) 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 S. B. C. News Relay 10-0 Florinda Santos De Lucena: Piano 10-30 Columbia Broadcasting Orchestra 10-45 Sulloo Panthak.—Violin.
353 m. (850 kc/s)
41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s)
7-45 a.m. News (K) 8-0 P. B. Nipankar 8-30 News (M) 8-45 Master Naushad. VARIATIONS.
353 m. (850 kc/s)
31.41 m. (9,550 kc/s)
12-50 p.m. News (M) 1-0 P. C. Shinde 1-10 Mishra Sangeet 1-40 News (H) 1-50 Rang Tarang 2-20 Musical Interlude.
353 m (850 kc/s)
41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s)
61.48 m. (4,880 kc/s)
from 5-0 to 7-15 p.m. and from 7-30 to 11 p.m.
5-30 p.m. Avadabai Sangekar 6-0 S. M. Wakankar 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners 6-30 Commercial News 7-45 News (K) 8-0 News (M) 8-15 Sarangi Recital 8-30 Talk in Hindustani 8-45 Avadabai Sangekar 9-0 P. B. Nipankar 9-30 Violin Par: Jairamwanti 9-40 Anything Goes 9-45 The Week in Istrospect 10-0 Shoonv Jagat Radio feature in Marathi based on the famous novel of the same title by K. B. Purohit 10-30 Avadabai Sangekar.
BARODA ABAD. Wednesday, April 20.
250 m. (1,200 kc/s)
7-30 a.m. Morning Variety 8-0 News (E) 8-15 Peerbhoy Sodawala and Party 8-40 Harikisan Manilal 8-45 News (G) 6-0 p.m. News (E) 6-10 Manoramabai Nene 6-10 Topical Item.
326.1 m. (920 kc/s)
6-25 p.m. Peerbhoy Sodawala and Party 6-35 Gramjano Mate 6-35 Music (Ahmedabad) 7-0 "Stree Sammelan" 7-30 Harikisan Manilal 7-45 Bharatiya Sangeet 8-0 Indira Pendse 8-10 Local Announcements 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Indira Penose 9-0 News (E) 9-15 Bichare Phool 9-30 Munnir Khan 9-45 Indira Pendse 10-15 Munnir Khan

Diwakar To Broadcast On "Purpose Of Publicity"

NEW DELHI, April 19. (U.P.I.): "Purpose of Publicity" will be the subject of a broadcast talk in English by Shri R. R. Diwakar, Minister of State for Information and Broadcasting. The talk will be broadcast from the Calcutta station of All-India Radio at 3-30 p.m. on Wednesday and will be relayed by all the stations of All-India Radio.

ALL-RELIGIONS CONFERENCE

Begins Sessions At Madhav Baug On Saturday

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Dr. Sir Sarvapalli Radhakrishnan, the eminent Indian scholar and philosopher will preside and Dr. Shyama Prasad Mukherjee will inaugurate the second convention of the All-Religions Conference which will meet in Bombay from April 23 to 27.

The organisers of the convention stated that a large number of delegates are expected to attend the Convention from all over the world.

Messages welcoming the Convention have been received from H. E. Shri Rajagopalachari Governor-General of India, Hon. Mr. K. S. Pirodia, Speaker of the Bombay Legislative Assembly, Mr. Jinarajadasa, President of the Theosophical Society, Dr. Jivraj Mehta, Dewan of Baroda State, Swami Nikhilanandji, President, Shree Ramkrishna Mission, and Consuls in India for Egypt and Portugal. The Conference will meet at Madhav Bagh.

WEATHER

WEATHER SUMMARY

POONA, April 19, (A. P. I.): The following is the daily weather summary for Tuesday, the 19th April, 1949:—

Thunderstorms have been widespread in Assam and occurred at a few stations in Malabar.

Both day and night temperatures have fallen in North-West India, Gujerat and the Bombay Deccan; but day tempedatures were still markedly above normal over North-West India and the West United Provinces.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL THE EVENING OF 20TH: Thundershowers will be fairly widespread in Assam and sub-Himalayan West Bengal and occur locally in gangetic West Bengal, Bihar and in the extreme south of the Peninsula. A few thundershowers are also likely in Chota Nagpur and the East United Provinces.

WEATHER CHART

POONA, April 19, (A. P. I.): The following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from 18th April 1949 and departure from normal recorded at 08.00 hours (I. S. T.), on 19th April 1949:—

Abu 92 74 0 0 minus 0.1, Ahmedabad 108 78 0 0 0, Bangalore 96 73 0 1.6 plus 0.7, BOMBAY 91 78 0 0 0, Calcutta 93 78 0 2.3 plus 1.4, Cuttack 103 83 0 0.2 minus 0.4, Darjeeling 60 49 0.6 6.3 plus 4.5, Dehra Dun 95 68 0 0.8 plus 0.3, Delhi 107 76 0 0 minus 0.2, Kodaikanal 86 57 0 2.1 minus 0.9, Lucknow 106 71 0 0 minus 0.2, Madras 98 81 0 0.9 plus 0.6, Mahabaleshwar 86 67 0 0 minus 0.6, Nagpur 112 81 0 0.1 minus 0.3, Ootacamund 74 50 1.9 plus 0.5, Pachmarhi 98 78 0 0 minus 0.1, Patna 95 76 0 0.8 plus 0.6 Poona 101 68 0 0 minus 0.4, Shillong 63 57 1.1 6.5 plus 3.5, Sholapur 108 77 0 0 minus 0.2, Simla 76 59 0 1.6 plus 0.4.

MORARJI DESAI'S APPEAL TO VOTERS

Support Congress And Help Consolidate Freedom

Issued by the Publicity Department, B.P.C.C.:—

"Congress fought for freedom and led the banner of freedom in this country. It always lived and lives up to the ideals of democracy. None can deny that it has been holding the reins of administration of this country with credit. It is the habit of various parties to level baseless criticism at the policies of the Congress Government. But let me tell you that the Congress Government is following such policy as would be beneficial to the masses—the common men of this nation. I would therefore appeal to you to support Congress and help it to consolidate the freedom of this country", said Mr. Morarji R. Desai, Minister for Home and Revenue, addressing a public meeting at Parel village on Saturday night.

Earlier Dr. K. S. Mhaskar, who is nominated as the Congress candidate for the bye-election to the Bombay Legislative Assembly, appealed to the voters to support him and help him serve the cause of the masses.

"There is no party or group of people more anxious than the Congress to strengthen the freedom of this land and in order that our country may come to the forefront, it is the duty of every citizen to support the Congress for all the time," said Dr. M. D. D. Gilder, Minister for P.W.D. at a meeting at Nagpada on Saturday evening.

In his speech at a meeting at Lalbaug, Mama Warerkar advised the people to support the Congress candidate, Dr. K. S. Mhaskar, at the bye-election to the Bombay Legislative Assembly "Congress is the only institution of the masses and you must all support it", he added.

It has been found that addresses of many voters have not been correctly entered into register. Similarly other incorrect entries are also made. The General Secretary of the B.P.C.C. requests all such voters to contact the nearer Election Office opened by the B.P.C.C.

TEA PARTY IN HONOUR OF SIR H. P. MODY

To felicitate Sir Homi Mody, Governor-designate of U. P. and Lady Mody, Mr. S. K. Patil, Mayor, has arranged a tea party in Corporation Hall today (Wednesday) at 4 p.m.

Complaints Against Water Supply

The public are hereby informed that hereafter all the inquiries and complaints regarding water supply in the City will be received on telephone No. 50076 (Water Works Department, Babula Tank Road) instead of Nos. 40068 and 50076, says a press note, issued by Mr. K. B. Karnac, Hydraulic Engineer, Bombay Municipality.

CHORAL & PHILHARMONIC CONCERT: Today (Wednesday) the Bombay Choral and Philharmonic Society is putting on another of its attractive programmes at the C. J. Hall, when the Society's Director of Music Mr. Cecil Mendoze will conduct. Madame Florinda Santos de Lucena who has not been appearing as frequently late on the Concert stage, is making her appearance, her second one with the Society's Orchastra, in Beethoven's "Emperor Concerto". This work is a favourite with all music lovers. Another outstanding feature of the programme is Constant Lambert's setting of the Poem" The Rio Grande" by Sacherverell Sitwell. A very modern composition which is only within the reach of a matured choir.

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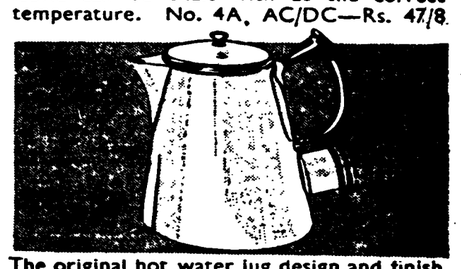
The original hot water jug design and finish of this "Maddox" Kettle with heat-proof handle, insulated moulded feet and safety devices make it eminently suitable for both tea table or kitchen. —AC/DC—Rs. 52/8.
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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DISPOSALS
AUCTION SALES

PLACE OF AUCTION:	Roorkee, Rly. Station, Incharge of O/C Station.
DATE AND TIME:	29-4-49 (Friday) will follow auction at S.S.D. at 11 a.m.
AUCTIONEER:	M/s. Durga Das Kirpa Ram, Khapra Mohal, Kanpur.
STORES:	U/S Sand Bags—4.00.000 Nos.
PLACE OF AUCTION:	Agra, Central Ordnance Depot.
DATE AND TIME:	2-5-49 (Monday) at 9 a.m.
AUCTIONEER:	M/s. B. N. Ramji Das & Co 278, Esplanade Road, Delhi.
STORES:	U/S Sand Bags—Deteriorated in storage—10,00,000 Nos.
PLACE OF AUCTION:	Chheoki (Allahabad). Salvage Section, C.O.D.
DATE AND TIME:	7-5-49 (Saturday) at 9 a.m.
AUCTIONEER:	M/s. Ram Das Agarwal & Bros., 22-B, Edmon-stone Road, Allahabad.
STORES:	U/S Sand Bags—14,00,000 Nos.
PLACE OF AUCTION:	Shahjahanpur, Ordnance Clothing Factory.
DATE AND TIME:	16-5-49 (Monday) at 9 a.m.
AUCTIONEER:	M/s. P. Stanwill & Co., Mahatma Gandni Road, Kanpur.

STORES: Surplus—Sewing Cotton thread 3/10 Reels (500 Yds.)—333 Nos; Binding Prussian khaki ½"—4,800 Yds; Web cotton khaki 2"—1,335 Yds; Tape Petershain white—1½"—20,211 Yds.
Salvage—Cuttings of Cotton—43,000 lbs. Jute Canvas—2,750 lbs. Serge & Woollen—33,000 lbs. Shirting Angola—4,131 lbs. Fabric W/P rubberised—5,140 lbs. Defective & Cut components of Cotton & Woollen garments; Sweepings mixed—54,000 lbs; Other salvage stores such as Hoop Iron old—200 Cwts; Ferrous scrap—140 Cwts; Paper waste & W/P—180 Cwts; Gunny and Gunny cuttings—80 Cwts; U/S Ropes of sorts—448 lbs. and various other stores 6,000 lbs. BABCOX and WILCOX WATER TUBE BOILER, STEAM and WATER DRUM ONE NUMBER CONDITION, REPAIRABLE and CROSS BOXES BRACKET REAR FOR ABOVE TWO NUMBERS ONE OLD AND ONE PARTLY DRILLED.
N.B.—All quantities are approximate.
IMPORTANT:
(i) Conditions of sale will be announced at the time of auction.
(ii) Any stores may be held back from auction.
(iii) Octrol/Terminal Tax where in force is payable by purchasers.
(iv) The stores can be viewed two days before the date of auction at the Depot concerned.
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"Direct U. N. Trusteeship The Best Solution"

INDIA SUGGESTS 8-POINT PLAN FOR ADMINISTRATION OF ITALIAN COLONIES

LAKE SUCCESS April 18. (PTI-Reuter)—India today suggested an eight-point plan for direction of United Nations Trusteeship over the whole of the former Italian colonies in Africa, with the exemption of Eastern Eritrea.

Adressing the General Assembly's Political Committee Mr. M. C. Setalvad the chief Indian Delegate, called for an impartial United Nations administration outside the Big Power orbit and devoted the preparations of these territories for early independence".

Mr Setalvad said that India appreciated the strength of the case made out by Ethiopia for incorporation of a part of Eritrea into Ethiopia.

"In the circumstances, he said "we would suggest that in Eastern Eritrea including the ports of Massawa and Assab, an immediate plebiscite under the auspices of the United Nations to be taken.

"If the people express their will to be incorporated into Ethiopia such a decision may be given effect to

BEST SOLUTION

For the remainder of the colonies, Mr Setalvad said that India believed that a direct United Nations trusteeship would be the best solution.

"Be believe", he said "that direct trusteeship is best calculated to ensure the promotion of the true interests of the inhabitants of these territories and their attainment of the status of autonomous states in the briefest possible intrval of time

He opposed as a "retrograde step" the placing of any of the colonies under the trusteeship of any one power.

Mr Setalvad outlined an eight-point plan from which, he said, the United Nations Trusteeship Committee might establish machinery for taking over the colonies.

The main points were (1) The appointment of a Governor from among small powers of each territory. (2) Creation of an international corps of civil servants for employment in the administration. (3) Existing administration to carry on until the United Nations is ready to take over; (5) A police force to be formed from local inhabitants and from nationals of United Nations member states.

(5) All details to be worked out in consultation with and with the assistance of the present administrations who would be bound to give all information and assistance; (6) Advisory Councils composed of members of the local populations to be associated with the administration of each territory; (7) The Trusteeship Council to exercise close supervision by sending out periodical missions; (8) A plebiscite to be held at the end of a period varying from 10 to 20 years for each territory to decide whether a particular territory wished to become independent or joint an adjacent territory

WELFARE OF INHABITANTS THE PRIME FACTOR

Mr Setalvad said, "In making our decisions we must rise above the context of present conditions and experiences and reach conclusions which will appear to be just and equitable when viewed in the perspective of history.

"Above all it is necessary to avoid an impression that we have been influenced in reaching our decisions by considerations other than true welfare and interests of the populations inhabiting these territories

"We must not act as if we were parcelling out these territories between different countries out of extraneous considerations such as the needs of strategy or the needs of some countries for an outlet for their surplus populations.

"Further, the decision taken must avoid a permanent division of homogeneous countries into two or more parts, a result which is bound to follow if the administration of different parts of a country are handed over to different administrating authorities.

"The report of the Investigation Commission clearly shows the inability of the inhabitants to administer these territories themselves at this stage.

"In the circumstances the principles which have to govern our decision have been amply laid down in the Charter The measures we decide upon the decisions we take must be such as to ensure the political economic social and educational advancement of the inhabitants of these territories They must be aimed at developing among them free political institutions so that they will be enabled to take charge of the affairs of their countries at the earlier possible moment. These sir, are the basic collectives laid down by the Charter in resard to the administration of non-self-governing and trusteeship territories.

"The decisions we reach in regard to the administration of these territories must have as their sole aim the attainment of these objectives.

CONFLICTING VIEWS

"The report of the Investigation Commission further shows that there is a great divergence of opinion amongst the peoples of the territories concerned as to how they should be dealth with.

Conflicting views have been advanced by different states interested in each territory and by various political organisations in these territories. This divergence of views makes it the more incumbent on us to proceed very cautiously No solution by the United Nations made with an eye to favour one or the other of the aspirants of these territories and not in the real interested of the inhabitants of these territories will be a just solution.

"As these teritories are not in a position to look after themselves, the obvious course is to put them into the international trusteeship system laid down in the Charter.

"The crucial question for consideration is, as to who is to be the administering authority in each case. Should it be one or more states or the U.N. Organisation as a whole as is contemplated by article 81? My delegation has in the past expressed its preference for direct U N. trusteeship over single power trusteeship

"There are obvious disadvantage attaching to the entrustment of trusteeship to a single power as an administering authority expends its financial and administrative resources in building up and developing the country.

The employment of these resources leads to the growth of vested interests which, in their turn, have a tendency to retard the development of the country towards self-government. These factors tend to a prolonged domination by the administering authority of the country entrusted to its care.

"This has been a matter of common experience in the case of mandated territories There develops a growing tendency to regard the trust territory as a part of the territories of the administering authority and thus the very object of putting the territory into the trusteeship system is endangered. These considerations apply with greater forces when the administering authority happens to be colonial power. In the view of my delegation in the circumstances of the present case, a direct United Nations trusteeship will be the best solution to ensure the promotion of the true interests of the inhabitants of thes territories.

NO SINGLE POWER AUTHORITY

"Nor does my delegation agree with the representative of the United States that the strategic importance of some of these territories should weigh in favour of their being entrusted to a single power as administering authority.

"So far, no territory has been placed under the direct trusteeship of the United Nations. But we submit that such trusteeship is contemplated by the Charter and there is no reason why it should not be adopted.

"My delegation believes that such a trusteeship is feasible and practicable. It will also have the advantage of maintaining the political integrity of Libya which, under some of the proposals put forward will virtually be partitioned and placed under different administering authority, making its subsequent emergence as one self-governing unit extremely difficult if not impossible.

To show the practicability of a direct trusteeship of the United Nations, my delegation makes certain suggestions as to the lines on which a practical shape may be given to this proposal.

1. A resolution may be adopted by the General Assembly accepting in principle the proposal to place the former Italian colonies under direct U N. trusteeship. A directive may be given to the Fourth Committee (Trusteeship Committee) to work out and submit details of the machinery by which the territories may be administered under United Nations trusteeship and the stage or stages at which the transfer of authority should take place from the present administrations to the United Nations

POSSIBLE RECOMMENDATIONS

"2. The Trusteeship Committee may possibly recommend a scheme of the following nature (A) Appointment of a Governor by the Trusteeship Council with the general assembly's approval, for each territory, from amongst powers other than the permanent members of the Security Council and of the Trusteeship Council (B) Creation of a corps of civil servants for employment in the administration of trust territories to fill a certain proportion of administrative posts which cannot be filled by recruitment from the indigenous inhabitants: such a corps to be formed partly by direct recruitment by an international civil services board, partly by loan from member governments and partly by retaining a proportion of the existing civil servants. (C) Existing administrations to carry on until such time as the United Nations are in a position to take over.

(D) A police force to be formed for the dual purpose of local defence and maintenance of law and order in the trust territories; such forces to be recruited partly from indigenous inhabitants and partly from nationals of member nations

(E) All details to be worked out in consultation with and with the assistance of the present administrations who shall be bound to give all information and assistance in this connection.

(F). Advisory councils composed of members of the local populations to be associated with the administration of each territory: increasing executive and legislative responsibility to be conferred progressively upon the Advisory Council.

(G). The Trusteeship Council to exercise close supervision over the administration of these territories by sending periodical missions.

"(H) Plebiscite to be held at the end of a period varying from ten to twenty years for each territory after the taking over of the trusteeship by the United Nations, the exact period in each case to be determined by the General Assembly on the recommendation of the Trusteeship Council. The plebiscite has to be held with a view to determine whether a particular territory wishes to become independent or join an adjacent territory.

IMPARTIAL ADMINISTRATION

"I would like to add that in framing these suggestions we have been careful to avoid anything like a seven-power advisory council which must inevitably become the seat of big power conflicts and thus prove harmful to the interests of the people of these territories. The administration we have in mind under the United Nations will be impartial, outside the big power orbit and devoted to the preparation of these territories for early independence.

"A question was raised during the debate as to the difficulties of financing the administration of these territories under a joint trusteeship of more than one power or under direct United Nations Trusteeship.

"We recognise that the undertaking of these trusteeships by the U.N. would involve expenditure but in our view such a financial responsibility would be worth while taking for the promotion of the principles and purposes of the Charter in relation to the peoples inhabiting these territories.

"The observations which I have made generally in regard to the former Italian colonies do not apply in all their aspects to the case of Eritrea. We fully appreciate the strength of the case made out by the Ethiopian delegation in support of the incorporation of a portion of Eritria into Ethiopia.

"Here we appear to have a case of the restoration and reunion of a territory which once formed an integral part of Ethiapia and with which it has strong ethnological, cultural and linguistic ties"

"In the circumstances we would suggest that in the case of Eastern Eritrea including the ports of Masawa and Assab an immediate plebiscite under the auspices of the United Nations be taken to ascertain the will of the people. If the people express their desire to be incorporated into Ethiopia, such a decision may be given effect to.

Concluding his speech Mr. Setalvad said, "The views we have put forward have not been advanced in a spirit of hostility toward any member nation. My Government has arrived at these conclusions after much thought and anxious considerations. We feel that the fundamentals affecting the United Nations Charter are involved".

Chinese Red Army Groups' Heavy Attack Near Anking

NANKING, April 19 (PTI—Reuter)—The Chinese Governments military news agency reported last night that three Communist army groups were concentrated on two islands in the Yangtse near Anking, 150 miles southwest of Nanking. The Communists claimed they would cross the river by April 25, the agency added.

As tomorrows deadline approached for Government acceptance of the 24 point "peace programme", a fullscale battle was reported on the Yangtse line 55 miles east of here following the Communists first major attempt to cross the river.

IF THE 'REDS' CROSS YANGTSE

Despatches early today said more than one division of Communists in a 1,000 rivercraft advanced last night towards the south bank of the river from Huhuncheh island, 12 miles northeast of here but failed to establish a foothold.

Unconfirmed reports in Shanghai newspapers today said that if the Communists crossed the Yangtse the national Government might move temporarily to Shanghai preparatory to transferring south of Canton.

GLORIOUS FUTURE FOR CHINA

Kitson's Impressions Of Country

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Giving his impressions of China, Mr. G. V. Kitson, Deputy High Commissioner for the United Kingdom in India, said in a talk to the Rotary Club today, that whilst a strong centre in India was attempting to mould a united nation by a fusion of the country's diverse languages, religious and customs, which generally militate against national unity, in China despite the fact that her language, philosophy and culture favour unity, chaos prevailed because of a weak centre.

Nevertheless, the speaker expressed his firm conviction that out of the prevalent chaos and her centuries of strife notwithstanding, China would emerge triumphant in the near future as a great power.

With regard to her political growth, China had realised the three principles of Confucianism, "nationalism, democracy and people's livelihood". The speaker described Generalissimo Chiang Kai-Shek as one of China's sincerest patriots, whose name would go down in history.

Continuing, Mr. Kitson, said that the typical Chinese was a man of innate courtesy, with a keen sense of humour and business acumen.

Rotarian President, N. S. Sen, introducing the speaker, said that Mr. Kitson had spent 22 years of his life in China in a diplomatic capacity, and had come in close touch with the Chinese, knowing the people, their customs and politics. He was therefore qualified to give his impressions of that country.

Security Demanded From A.I.T.U.C. Bulletin

BOMBAY, April 19 (A.P.I): The Government of Bombay has demanded a security deposit of Rs. 1,000 from the editor of the Marathi fortnightly bulletin of the All-India Trade Union Congress, Mr. Manek Gandhi, General Secretary of the A.I.T.U.C. said today.

Mr. Gandhi said that he had applied to the Chief Presidency Magistrate for permission to conduct the bulletin on behalf of the A.I.T.U.C.

KUOMINTANG CONSIDERING 'RED' ULTIMATUM

Offensive On Yangtse Banks Intensifying

NANKING, April 19, (PTI-Reuter): Leaders of China's Government Party, the Kuomintang, were today considering within 24 hour, for acceptance of a 24-point "peace programme".

One of the demands facing the Party's two highest policy making bodies -the Central Political Council and Central Executive Committee –at today's meeting was for a Communist crossing of the Yangtse river to supervise army re-organisation.

A Nationalist official who declared that the Government would make no further concessions said peace talks would collapse tomorrow if the Communists insisted on this demand.

Kuomintang leaders were expected to consider an approach to induce the Communists to modify their insistence that the "peace programme" drafted at Peiping, must be accepted by tomorrow.

Acting President Li Tsung-Jen and Government chiefs who conferred yesterday were reported to be drawing up a compromise to offer the Communists

Most Kuomintang members were said to regard the Communist deadline as "too hurried" and some observers thought the Government might allow the ultimatum to run out without replying.

A mounting Communist offensive against Government bridgeheads on the north bank of the Yangtse has, meanwhile, underlined fears here that Communist armies massed in Central China will force a crossing if their ultimatum is not accepted.

An earlier message from Nanking stated:—

China peace talks "will end on Wednesday" if the Communists insist on their demand that they should cross the Yangtse river to supervise army reorganisation, a Nationalist official said tonight.

This was one of the Communists eight points for the peace negotiations now going on in Peiping.

The official said the Government side would make no further concessions

Leader of the Kuomintang will meet here tomorrow to decide what approach they may now have to make to induce the Communists to modify the demand that the Basis drafted by them should be accepted by Wednesday.

ROME, April 18, (PTI-Reuter): Workers in the Government-controlled Bank of Italy to-day began the third week of their strike for better pay and working conditions.

Delhi's Hearty Send Off To Nehru

TOUCHING SCENES MARK DEPARTURE ON HISTORIC MISSION

NEW DELHI, April 19, (API): The Prime Minister Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru left for Bombay today at 7-45 a.m. on his way to London to attend the Commonwealth Prime Ministers Conference.

He was accompanied by the Secretary-General to the External Affairs Ministry, Sir Girja Shankar Bajpai, and his secretary Mr. M. O. Matthai.

The Prime Minister was seen off the Willingdon aerodrome by the Governor-General, Sri C. Rajagopalachari, the Deputy Prime Minister Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Doctor Rajendra Prasad, a number of Cabinet Ministers, the Commander-in-Chief, General K. M. Cariappa, and several members of the diplomatic corps in Delhi, including the British High Commissioner Sir Archibald Nye.

Before boarding the plane Pandit Nehru inspected a guard of honour presented by a contingent of the Delhi police.

Standing at the entrance to the plane Pandit Nehru smilingly acknowledged the cheers of the large crowd which had gathered to bid him farewell.

Among the Cabinet Ministers present at the aerodrome besides Sardar Patel were Rajkumari Amrit Kaur, Mr. Gopalaswami Ayyangar, Mr. K. C. Neogy, Dr. Shyamprasad Mookerjee, Mr. Jagjiwanram, Sardar Baldev Singh and Dr. Ambedkar.

NEW DELHI, April 19, (U.P.I.): Dressed in spotlessly white khadi and looking very cheerful and quite fit, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Prime Minister of India, took off for Bombay on his way to London in a specially-chartered plane from the Wellingdon airport this morning at 7-45.

Pandit Nehru arrived at the airport thirty minutes before the time scheduled for the departure of the plane. On his arrival at the airport, the Prime Minister inspected a guard of honour provided by the Delhi police The police band played tunes of slow march and "Jana Gana Mana."

After inspecting the guard ..of honour, Pandit Nehru wished goodbye to distinguished personalities who had turned up in large numbers to give him a hearty send off on the eve of his most momentous mission to London. It was a touching scene when the Prime Minister and the Deputy Prime Minister Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, embraced each other.

While Pandit Nehru was busy with these formalities, Shri Rajagopalachari Governor General, arrived at the airport to see the Prime Minister off. Shortly afterwards the Governor-General and Sardar Patel went inside the plane presumably to see to the arrangements made for the Prime Minister's trip to Bombay.

Prime Minister was accompanied by Mrs. Indira Gandhi, his daughter, Mr. Froze Gandhi and his two grand sons who would go upto Bombay.

FAMILY AFFAIR

WASHINGTON, April 18, (PTI-Reuters): The United States regard the forthcoming Commonwealth Conference in London as a "family affair" but diplomatically speaking is showing keen interest in its outcome.

A high state department official declared today", We are very much interested and we wish them luck."

This comment expresses the United States concern that whatever formula is worked out on allegiance to the Crown the new set up will mean no weakining of the strength that the Empire has represented i nthe last.

"We have a high regard for the stabilising influence represented by the association of nations known as the British Commonwealth", the official declared.

"We hope, and see no reason to doubt, that the relationship will suffer no wakening" he added.

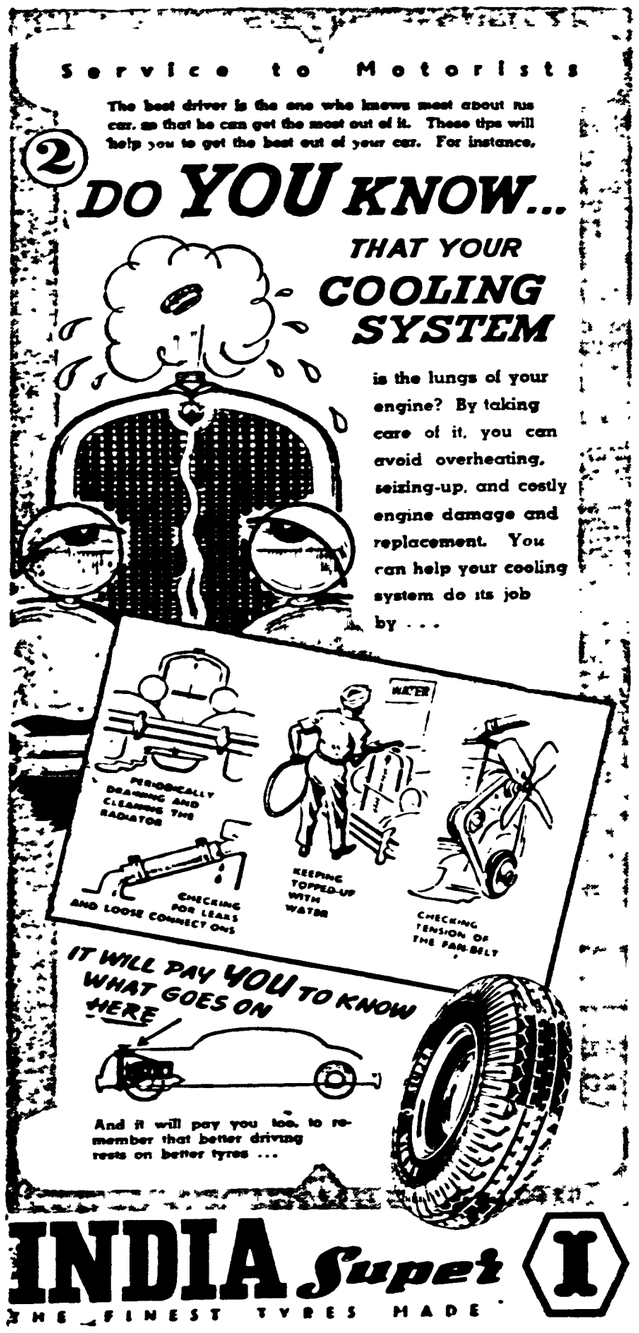
Observers here are inclined to accept th ecase of Eire as affording an index of what will happen with regard to India.

Indai may soon renounce the formal bonds tying her to Britain as Eire did today but it is felt that the real ties betwen Britain and India will be no less close than those wn continue to link Britain with her neighbour across the Irish Channel.

It is regarded as certain here that defence will figure largely in the conference considerations.

New efforts are expected by Australia and New Zealand with the suppot of South Africa and Ceylon to devise some regional defence arrangement.

This it is believed here will enable the Commonwealth to face the growing pressure of Communism with some more closely knit organisation than at present.


Service to Motorists
The best driver is the one who knows most about his car, so that he can get the most out of it. These tips will help you to get the best out of your car. For instance,
2
DO YOU KNOW...
THAT YOUR
COOLING SYSTEM
is the lungs of your engine? By taking care of it, you can avoid overheating, seizing-up, and costly engine damage and replacement. You can help your cooling system do its job by . . .
PERIODICALLY DRAINING AND CLEANING THE RADIATOR
WATER
CHECKING FOR LEAKS AND LOOSE CONNECTIONS
KEEPING TOPPED-UP WITH WATER
CHECKING TENSION OF THE FAN-BELT
IT WILL PAY YOU TO KNOW WHAT GOES ON HERE
And it will pay you too, to remember that better driving rests on better tyres . . .
INDIA Super
THE FINEST TYRES MADE

HINDUSTAN AIRCRAFT ENTER AGA KHAN FINAL

Solitary Goal Victory Over St. Xavier's

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

HINDUSTAN AIRCRAFT, BANGALORE 1 ST. XAVIER'S A 0

The inability of Rodrigues to convert a capital opportunity of placing the St. Xavier's in the lead in the opening minutes of their match against the Hindustan Aircraft from Bangalore in the semi-final of the Aga Khan Hockey Tournament cost the Collegians dearly for never again through the remainder of the match were they afforded an opportunity which was the equal of the one which they had failed to utilise.

On the other hand, Hindustan Aircraft had but one reasonable chance of forging ahead and this their centre-forward Fitzgerald converted quite brilliantly to take his side into the final of the Championship. Some five minutes from the end, he received a pass from the left and cutting his way into the circle scooped the ball neatly into the net from a very difficult angle. This goal, coming very late in the match, did not, however put the winners on the defensive as their solitary goal early in the game had placed the St. Xavier's in their match against the Bhopal Wanderers in the previous round.

The Bangalore forwards went in quest of another goal even during those brief minutes that were left for play and did not concentrate on keeping the ball out of play. As a team, their forwards moved better than the local team's for the St. Xavier's relied almost entirely on the shaper shooting abilities of their Olympic player Rodrigues, who was well marked by the efficient defence of the Bangalore side from the beginning. The rest of the local forwards were seen in but sporadic busts and consistency and accuracy which alone would have enabled them to wear down the solid defence of McBride and Archer were absent from their scheming.

As during the earlier match the defence of the St. Xavier's played a dominating part. Ferreira, assisted by the tireless working of the half line contrived to keep Fitzgerald and his men out of the danger area for the greater part of the match. Again enjoying almost as much of the game as their opponents, the local side had an excellent opportunity of forging ahead, but Rodrigues with only the custodian at his mercy failed to connect with a swipe at a ball from centred from the right. This in a way marked the turning point of the game. For the pressure which the St. Xavierites had maintained immediately preceding this lost chance, their grip on the game eased and the Bangalore side gradually edged themselves into the picture. Umikrishnan ably supported on either flanks by Naidu and Veeraraghavan, helped his front line to work well. Rajgopal playing at inside-left was responsible for creating some good openings, but slowness on the left flank prevented full use of such opportunities.

The teams:

Hindustan Aircraft, Bangalore—Deshmuttu; MacBride and Archer, Veeraraghavan, Umikrishnan and Naidu, Natesh, Domingo, Fitzgerald, Rajgopal and Somu.

St. Xavier's A—A. Lobo; O. Ferreira and G. D'Souza; T. LePebour, J. D'Souza and C. Ferreira; L. Lobo, G. Williams, D. A. Vaz, R. Radrigues and L. D'Costa.

JUNIOR AGA KHAN HOCKEY

Dufferin "A" Held To A Goalless Draw

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Dufferin 'A' were held to a goalless draw by the junior string of Don Bosco High School in the semi-final of the Junior Aga Khan Tournament played at the B.P.H.A. ground this evening. Extra time was played to no purpose.

Though the Dufferin were the better side, the junior outfit of Don Bosco's gave them a very trying time, especially in the last few minutes of play when they came very near to scoring on two occasions when the opposing goalkeeper came to the rescue of his side.

Dufferin did most of the attacking, but the only player who was a constant source of worry to rival defence was their left-inner A. D'Sa, who time after time tried his level best to get the better of his opponents' defenders, but they found it very easy to intercept him, as the rest of his colleagues in the attack were of little help to him except for centre-forward B. D'Souza.

The Don Bosco's 'B' worked hard as a team to conquer their redoubtable opponents and gave a very encouraging display to hold their opponents in check and gave as much as they received. Though their defence was hard pressed they never gave way under pressure and held their fort intact. For this state they have to thank their custodian who came to the rescue of his side on a number of occasions with timely and brilliant saves to keep his charge intact and live to fight another day.

BOMBAY CITY "A" WIN CONVINCINGLY

Cordeiro Cup Women's Hockey League

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Bombay City 'A' easily beat Lusitanians 'A' by three goals to nil in the first division of the Cordeiro Women's Hockey League played at the B.P.H.A. ground this evening.

Bombay City had matters much their own way, for the Lusitanians offered poor opposition and were on the defensive for a greater part of the game. The Lusitanians take matters very lightly and it is no wonder that while the other teams have been gradually improving they have slowly gone down the grade. They will have to be much more serious if they hope to do well in the knock-out tournaments which are due to commence after the conclusion of this League.

M. Chishlom gave Bombay City the lead early in the first half of play.

Their next goal came soon after the resumption of play in the fifth minute, when Sheila Rodrigues scored. A short time afterwards Sheila Rodrigues netted the City's third goal from a pass by M. Chishlom.

The City should have scored on a few more occasions after this but poor marksmanship was responsible for limiting their score to only three goals.

VIEGAS CUP HOCKEY

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

St. Mary's High School accounted for Dufferin 'B' by two goals to nil in the opening game of the Viegas Cup Tournament played at the B.P.H.A. ground this evening. O. Nazareth scored both the goals for the winners.

Soccer At Parel

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The following are the results of the matches played at the St. Xavier's College ground, Parel in the Indian Football League Division II.

Wimco S. C. beat Kohinoor Mills S. C. by two goals to one.

G. Mannickam 2 and Dinkar 1 were the respective goal getters.

Reserve Bank of India beat Blue Wizards by two goals to nil.

(Sanjiva 1 and Subramania 1.)

Beighton Cup Holders On Way To Calcutta

STRONG U. P. TEAM WILL DEFEND TITLE

LUCKNOW, April 19 (API): The U.P. Hockey team (joint holders) will leave for Calcutta on April 20, to compete in the Beighton Cup.

The team will be captained by Babu, India's Vice-Captain at the London Olympiad and Mr. Habul Mukherjee will be its Manager.

The team will consist of Seth Abid Ali, Jiten Chakravarty, Ram Kishen, Ravi Dev, Sami, Saigal, Manna, Ramesh, Babu (Captain), Babu Lal, Mushtaq, Dinesh and Imtiaz.

RESERVATIONS FOR AGA KHAN HOCKEY

Arrangements have been made to book seats in advance for the East Punjab Police vs. Lusitanians match to-day as well as for the Aga Khan Final. The booking office will remain open from 10 a.m. to noon on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, from 4 p.m. to 6 p.m. on Thursday and from 2-30 p.m. onwards on Wednesday and Saturday. The rates will be Rs 3-10-0 for reserved seats in the first enclosure and Rs. 2-10-0 for unreserved seats. Admission to the second enclosure will be at Rs 1-5-0 per seat.

Iqbal Memorial Volleyball Tournament

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The 3rd Annual Iqbal Memorial Volleyball Tournament, conducted by the United Youths' Association, will commence on Thursday, 21st April, 1949, at 5.30 p.m. at the Mastan Shah Baug.

The following is the complete draw of the Tournament:—

UPPER HALF: Home Gaurds (White)—bye, Labour Welfare Centre (World) vs. Matunga Athletic Club "A", Bombay L. A. 3rd vs. Ahmed Sailor Matunga Athletic Club "B"—bye.

LOWER HALF: Friends' Club—bye, Home Guards (Blue) vs. K. P. C. A., United Youths' Association "B" vs. Bombay L. A. 2nd, United Youths' Association "A"—bye.

In the Day's Sport

FOOTBALL.

Cooperage.

4-15 p.m. Volkart Bros. vs. General Motors (Summersgill Cup).

5-30 p.m. Tata S. C. vs. Indian Gymkhana (Nadkarni Cup).

HOCKEY.

Association Ground.

2-40 p.m. Herbert M.H.S. vs. St. Sebastian H. S.

4-40 p.m. St. Xavier's H. S. vs. Antonio D'Souza H. S. (Viegas Cup).

5-50 p.m. Bombay City "B" vs. St. Xavier's College "A" (Women's Hockey League Division II).

SWIMMING

Pramukhlal Mafatlal Swimming Pool.

9 p.m. Aquatic's and Diving Exhibition (in aid of Gujarat Relief Fund).

TATAS DISMISSED FOR A PALTRY 143

Jup. Gen. Ins. 41 For Four In "Times" Shield Final

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Winning the toss in the final of "The Times of India" Shield cricket tournament which commenced to-day at the Brabourne Stadium, Tata Sports Club won the toss and elected to bat against the Jupiter General Insurance Co. side.

Inspite of a fairly good beginning, the Tata batsmen failed miserably after lunch, succumbing to the deadly attack of Kharwe and Shrikhande, who captured four wickets each and were in a large way responsible for the extremely poor total of the Tata's—the latter were all out for 143 runs.

Gonsalves, Mendon and Shankar were the only batsmen to put up a semblance of a fight, and they contributed 34, 35 and 21 respectively.

The Jupiter General team going in to bat, fared little better than their opponents, and when the stumps were drawn for the day, they had lost four of their batsmen for a paltry 41.

The following are the detailed scores:—

TATA SPORTS CLUB.

N. R. Kanga b G. R. Shroff 8, M. M. Gonsalves b M. S. Kharwa 34, S. M. Shankar run out 21, D. G. Phadkar b G. R. Shrikhande 5, A. M. Mendon c Jukar b G. R. Shrikhande 35, V. R. Amladi c Shrikhande b M. S. Kharwa 2, M. M. Mohiuddin b M. S. Kharwa 15, G. Patel b Shrikhande 0, K. M. Patil b Shrikhande 0, P. D. Madon c Moses b Kharwa 10, D. Kotian not out 0, Extras 13 (byes 10, leg-byes 2, no ball 1) Total 143.

Fall of Wickets:—1/9; 2/69; 3/74; 4/74; 5/78; 6/95; 7/104; 8/104; 9/141; 10/143.

Bowling Analysis:— D. Solomon 8—2—24—0; G. R. Shroff 8—4—10—1; P. S. Vaidya 7—2—27—0; M. S. Kharwa 23.2—8—51—4; S. M. Moses 3—0—8—0; G. R. Shrikhande 16—11—10—4.

JUPITER GENERAL INSURANCE CO

R. D. Jukar retired hurt 2, Y. M. Mandon lbw Amladi 17, G. R. Shrikhande lbw Phadkar 3, M. S. Shetty b Phadkar 0, K. C. Abdulla lbw Shankar 1, G. R. Shroff batting 8, M. S. Kharwa batting 3, V. K. Dixit, D. Solomon, P. S. Vaidya and I. M. Moses to bat, Extras 7 (bye 1, leg-byes 4, no balls 2) Total for 4 wickets 41.

Fall of wickets:—1/10; 2/14; 3/20; 4/33.

Bowling Analysis:—D. G. Phadkar 11—4—18—2; V. R. Amladi 7—2—14—1; S. M. Shankar 6—4—2—1.

GOAN SPORTS' EASY WIN IN NADKARNI CUP

Cajetan Fernandes Scores Four Goals In A Row

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Goan Sports Club 'A' overwhelmed Elphinstone Mills Sports Club by eight goals to nil in the Nadkarni Cup Soccer Tournament played this evening at the Cooperage.

Goan Sports 'A' were masters of the situation throughout and had little difficulty in easily disposing them off. They lead by three goals to nil at half time.

A feature of the game was the scoring of four goals in a row by Cajetan Fernandes. He netted on two out of the three occasions before the interval and then after the breather he went on to add two more to complete his hat-trick and four in a row.

Penelon Almeida scored the first goal and then C. Fernandes added two more before the break and two after. Centre-forward G. D'Costa scored the sixth goal while Penelon Almeida and Godinho netted the seventh and eight goals respectively, to complete their side's tally.

Earlier in the evening in the replayed Summersgill game, the third string of Goan Sports beat Fort Rangers by two goals to nil scored by C. Sequeira and A. Fernandes. While in the other game Colaba New Star 'B' drew with Union S. C. each side scoring once through V. Peter for the former while M. P. Puthran equalised for the latter. Extra time was played without any result.

AMARNATH'S SUSPENSION DEPRECATED

Bengal Cricket Committee Criticises Board's Action

CALCUTTA, April 19. (A.P.I.): The Working Committee of the Cricket Association of Bengal to-day disapproved the suspension of Lala Amarnath from playing representative cricket for India or any Province.

The Committee characterised the decision of the Board of Control for Cricket in India as "highly irregular, arbitrary and improper" and urged the Board "to undo the wrong done by setting aside the offensive resolution forthwith by calling an emergent meeting of the Board at a central place, preferably Delhi".

In a resolution passed unanimously, the Committee said that it appeared that such an important matter of far-reaching consequence had not been included in the agenda circulated to members before the Board meeting, as a consequence, no Provincial Association had had any opportunity to consider it and instruct its representative. The resolution added:

"Further, the sentence of suspension was passed 'ex-parte' in that Amarnath was not given any opportunity of defending himself nor was he presented with a charge sheet. Thus, the decision of the Board offended against the principles of natural justice".

WORLD OLYMPICS AND HOCKEY

Helsinki Wishes To Hold Only Semi-Finals And Final

NEW DELHI, April 19 (API): The Helsinki Organising Committee for the 1952 Olympic Games would like to hold only the semi-finals and the finals of the World Hockey Tournament in view of the shortage of accommodation in Helsinki, according to information received here by Mr. G. D. Sondhi, Vice-President of the International Hockey Federation. Mr. Sondhi had made a representation to the Helsinki authorities against their reported decision to exclude hockey from the 1952 Olympics.

The whole matter, according to Mr. Sondhi, will be discussed in Rome at the meeting of the International Olympic Committee and at the meeting of the International Hockey Federation in Paris at the end of this month.

EMPIRE GAMES AND ACCOMMODATION

Organisers Faced With A Headache

AUCKLAND (New Zealand), April 19 (PTI-Reuter): Accommodation for thousands of athletes is already beginning to worry the organisers of the Empire Games, which are to be held here next year.

New Zealanders are already being asked to stay with friends during the period of the games.

It is probable that only about 30 per cent of the visitors who get private accommodation will be provided with more than bed and breakfast, and the problem of feeding the remainder will be a headache.

ALL-INDIA FOOTBALL TOURING TEAM

Madras Eleven Defeated By 3 To 1

MADRAS, April 19 (API): The All-India Football Touring Team to Ceylon which assembled here this morning, defeated a Madras XI by 3 goals to 1 in an exhibition game played here today. All the goals were scored during the first half. Ahmed Khan, Abid Hasan and Raman were the scorers for the All-India Team while Madhavan scored for Madras.

The All-India Team which is leaving for Colombo tonight consists of the following sixteen players.

GOAL: K. P. Varadaraj (Mysore) A. Anthony (Mysore).

BACKS: S. Manna (Bengal) (Captain), Taj Mohammed (Bengal), Bannerjee (Bangal).

HALF BACKS: A. Ghosh K. (Bengal) T. Shanmugham (Mysore), S. Basir (Mysore), Mahabir Prasad (Bengal).

Forwards: R. Das (Bengal) K. P. Dhanraj (Mysore), M. Ahmed Khan (Bengal) S. Raman (Mysore), Adib Hasan (U.P.) Hanumantharao (Madras) and Vajravelu (Mysore).

Mr. B. R. K. Tandon is accompanying the team as manager with Mr. S. A. Rahim as trainer.

National Football Cup Tournament In May

AMBALA, April 19 (API): The National Football Challenge Cup Tournament, organised by the East Punjab Football Association will begin here on May 1.

Teams from Delhi, Dehradun and Jaipur, and RIAF team and the 4th Infantry Division will participate in the tournament.

The East Punjab Football team for the inter-provincial football tournament to be held in Calcutta in July next will be selected by the EPFA during the tournament.

BOMBAY STAMP DUTY RATES FOR KOLHAPUR

Consequent on the application of the Indian Stamp Act and Court Fees Act to the Kolhapur State from May 1, 1949, the duties and fees under these Acts will be collected according to the rates prevalent in the Bombay Province. All the existing local regulations pertaining to these will, therefore, cease from that date. this date will have to be drawn on All instruments executed on or after stamps issued by the Government of Bombay.

The public should note that the rates of duty for certain documents relating to the properties in urban and non-urban areas are different. In addition, a 50 per cent. sur-charge in duty under the Indian Stamp Act and 25 per cent. surcharge in fees under the Court Fees Act are leviable in all the areas.

Those who have purchased old stamps on or after May 1, 1947, but could not use them for the purpose for which they were purchased, should apply for the refund of the money on deduction of one anna in a rupee or fraction of a rupee or should get the new stamps in exchange before August 1, 1949.

Sub-Treasuries In Sabarkantha District

The Government of Bombay has sanctioned the opening of sub-treasuries at the headquarters of the new talukas and mahals of Sabarkantha district. These are: Idar, Khedbrahma, Bayad, Meghraj, Sabalpur, Bhiloda, Vijaynagar, Satlasana and Malpur.

Ahmedabad Backward Class District Committee

The Government of Bombay has appointed Mr. G. G. Dhru, of Ahmedabad, as a member of the Backward Class District Committee for the Ahmedabad District in place of the late Mr. K. M. Lewa.

What Is Going To Win 'Blue Riband' Of British Turf?

GORDON RICHARDS HAS AGAIN HARD TASK OF PICKING HIS MOUNT

LONDON, April 18 (PTI-Reuter)—Racegoers have now had an opportunity of seeing most of last year's best juveniles in action, but truth to tell, they are little nearers any solution of what is going to win the Derby, the "Blue Riband" of the British turf.

First, of course, comes the 2,000 Guines, now only two weeks away. But that may not tell racegoers very much as it is gradually becoming an accepted fact that it is quite exceptional for the same horse to win the mile at New Market and the mile and a half at Epsom. The last horse to do so was Blue Peter, 10 years ago.

There is still no reason to suppose that the 2,000 Guineas is other than a match between Abernant and Star King, with the customary threat from France. At the first callover this week, Ambernant was quoted at seven to four and Star King at seven to two.

FRENCH CHALLENGE

When the card is next called over there is not likely to be much change in the position of this pair but it is probable that quotations will be given not only to the French challengers, Fontenary and Amour Drake who both won in France last week-end, but also to the British cold Nimbus who scored well in a classic trial stakes at Thirsk last week-end.

Fontenary looks to be the more fancied the other side of the Channel. His win at Longchamps over a mile, the Guineas distance, was very easily gained. On the other hand Amour Drake had to survive a photofinish before he beat Tarugi, another French contender for the British classics, in a mile race at Maisons-Lafitte.

Nimbus who only went under by a head to the brilliant Royal Forest at Ascot last year, is by Italian sire Nearco. He won his race at Thirsk in the manner of a stayer and he should be staying on at New Market when some of the others have had enough. Second to Nimbus was a French horse, Roc Du Daible.

Makarpura, the Gaekwar of Baroda's big game colt, who had been one of the better fancied Guineas long shots failed badly in the Henry the Eighth Stakes at Hurst Park last week and finished almost last. He was one of the first under pressure.

The winner, Burnt Brown, from Captain Boyd Rochfort's stable, is by the famous Irish sire, the Phoenix. He was not thought to be very forward in condition and started at 10 to one. His success clearly puts him into the reckoning for the first colt's classic.

The second, Bebe, is from Jack Jervis's stable which has done so well this season. He is a fine colt by Big Game and is likely to represent Lord Roseberry in the Guineas in preference to Peter Flower, runner-up in the free handicap.

OUTSIDERS

Peter Flower, who is by Blue Peter ran extremely well under 9 st., in the free handicap at New Market and time will probably show that he was attempting the impossigle in trying to give a stone to the winner, Spy Legend. Peter Flower will probably carry Lord Roseberry's colours in the Derby.

Third in this Big Hurst park guineas trial was China Verdict, a Fair Trial colt. His forward running is signigcant in that he is in the same stable as one of the quietly whispered Derby outsiders, Galley Proof. It is understood that Galley Proof, who is a bay colt by Fair Copy, is well in front of his stable companion at home. That being so, Galley Proof might be a very serious contender for honours at Epsom. He only had one outing last year when he was fourth of six runners to Faux Tirage at Ascot. There was no indication in the market that he was at all fancied.

Faux Tirage, believed by many to be the best Beckhampton Derby prospect for which he is only a 12 to one shot now had his first outing this week at Salisbury.

In the Melboury Stakes over a mile he beat three opponents starting at odds of one to seven. This big boned son of Big Game out of Commotion with winning classic blood on both sides of his pedigree, had to be shaken up to win and he gave those intrepid books who laid the odds some anxious moments before retaining his unbeaten record.

Obviously he can be made much fitter as can most of the Beckhampton horses who are rather backward this year.

After the race his trainer, Noel Murless, said, "I was quite satisfied with his performance. He is obviously a big lazy horse and this race will do him a lot of good. Two lengths behind Faux Tirage, who was ridden by champion Jockey Gordon Richards was La Fleche owned by Sir Oliver Goonetilleke of Ceylon.

GREAT FILLY

Old timers seeing this colt on the racecard at once thought of his famous namesake—one of the greatest fillies of the last century, a daughter of the mighty Saint Simon, she won many great races including the Champagne Stakes at Doncaster, the 1,000 Guineas Oaks and Saint Leger, the Cambridgeshire Handicap and Champion Stakes and finally set the seal on her fame by carrying off the Ascot Gold Cup.

She was trained by the famous John Porter, at Kingsclere. The new La Fleche, a colt by Flamingo, has a long way to go to equal the feats of his brilliant namesake.

Noel Murless has indeed an embarrassment of riches as far as class three-year old colts are concerned. He has Abernant, Faux Tigare, Royal Forest, Welsh Minstrel and Wat Tyler from which to "pick" his candidates for the 2,000 Guineas and Derby.

Although stable plans are not yet announced it is taken for granted that even if Abernant is not his only runner in the Guineas, he is the one Gordon Richards will ride and the one expected to win.

For the Derby, the position is very different. Although it is taken for granted that Abernant, a son of Owen Tudor, will not stay, being weak in stamina there remain the other quartet for the Epsom classic. Faux Tirage and Welsh Minstrel have already run this season. Royal Forest and Wat Tyler will do so shortly.

Before the season started, on juvenile form, it was understood that Royal Forest was number one Derby hope of the stable, Faux Tirage number two, Wat Tyler number three and Welsh Minstrel number four. The last named had not run and so automatically became the last choice.

He had his first outing at Salisbury this week making a highly successful debut.

WELSH MINSTREL

Indeed, this son of Owen Tudor out of Sansonnet, and hence a full brother to the great Tudor Minstrel, much impressed by the way he won the April Maiden Stakes over a mile.

Some turf critics like his running when obviously not fully wound up, so much that they are talking of him as a good Derby prospect but will he stay?

Punters laid seven to four on Tudor Minstrel to win the Derby but he proved the short runner many suspected. Will Welsh Minstrel be able to do what his full brother railed to do?

That must be doubted, but his running must give Murless one of the many Derby "headaches" which he and his stable jockey, Gordon Richards, are going to have before the day of the great race. Richards, terribly keen on riding his first Derby winner, is going to have a hard task in making his selection.

Twice he has picked the wrong mount, Pasch in preference to Bois Rousel in 1938 and Tant Mieux instead of Pont L'Eveque two years later.

He is hoping that third time he will be lucky. Mr. William Woodward's American bred Black Tarquin, winner of the St. Leger last year, has done extremely well during the winter.

His British trainer Captain Cecil Boyd Rochfort, is delighted with the progress of this colt who should make a big name for himself this season in the Cup races.

Black Tarquin, son of Rhodes Scholar, has put on weight and height and according to one turf critic is "the best looking horse at headquarters which is high praise indeed.

His action has greatly impressed the New Market "touts" and they are already speaking of him as the probable winner of the Ascot Gold Cup.

BLACK TARQUIN

Plans for Black Tarquin are that he should make his first appearance this season as a four-year-old at the second New Market meeting, at which the 2,000 and 1,000 Guineas will be run.

He may then go for the Winston Churchill Stakes at Hurst Park.

After that it is believed he will have one more race and then make his bid at Ascot for the greatly coveted Gold Cup.

After that race, on June 16, in which he will be opposed by the best stayers in Britain and France, Black Tarquin will doubtless go for other valuable prizes.

Indeed, he has been entered for the valuable Queen Elizabeth Stakes, to be run at Ascot on July 9.

It was this race which last year Black Tarquin lost by a short head to the Italian crack, Tenerani. It is run over one and a half miles and has added money of £6,000.

Among the entries for the this year's race are two other American bred colts, Lone Eagle and Brown Rover and such aces as Alycidon, Solar Slipper, Flush Royal, Swallow Tail, Royal Drake and the Beckhampton "gang" of Abernant, Royal Forest and Faux Tirage.

The foreign entries are not yet known.

To conclude with, here is a hard luck racing story of some years ago which has been recalled across the Atlantic in connection with the announcement that last season the New York racetracks found themselves with nearly £40,000 of uncashed totalisator dividends.

It concerned Marcus Daly, the wealthy copper magnate.

He owned a horse called Montana on which he had a wager of £10,000 to £250.

The day of the race Daly was inspecting one of his mines. He changed his clothes to go below and left the ticket in his pocket above ground. A fire broke out and the shed in which were his clothes and the betting ticket was destroyed with all its contents.

BUT ALAS

Montana won allright and Daly went to collect his winnings.

It would probably have been allright if he could have found the layer, but alas he had died and the executor as the story goes, refused to pay without the evidence of the betting slip.

Most men would have died from heart failure but not so badly who shrugged his shoulders saying that it was "only a small bet."

Incidentally, reverting to the uncashed totalisator dividends, there is a belief in the United States that many of the winning uncashed tickets are retained by the holders as souvenirs.

It seems extraordinary to think that anyone could prefer a betting ticket to cash, even an enthusiastic American sovenir hunter but the answer is that in such cases the money to be gained was virtually nil and probably concerned one of the wonder horses, such as Citation.

A winning ticket on such a horse is considered to be of more value than a paltry few dollars.

The Bombay Chronicle

Every solution is merely a temporary solution.
—HERMANN BROCH

TIME FOR DECISION

Nothing new has emerged about the coming Commonwealth Conference of Dominions Prime Ministers in London. Much is being repeated of what is already known. Pandit Jawaharlal who has given several press conferences and public statements on the Indian attitude, has left no room for doubt. In his first press conference at New Delhi soon after his return from the October session of the Conference, Pandit Jawaharlal made three points clear: The objective of an Independent, Sovereign Republic was the fixed centre for all adjustments with other nations, the Dominions Premiers had agreed that membership of the Commonwealth was to one uniform membership, and India, consistent with her determination to be a Republic, would take every opportunity of strengthening and improving her existing ties with other countries, specially with the nations of the Commonwealth. Despite all the lengthy disquisitions that have been indulged in other countries on the importance to India of continuing her Commonwealth membership, there is one thing which is obvious: Continued association is advantageous both to India and to the Commonwealth. Neither can honestly assert that a severance of all ties will be to the advantage of either side. And it is noticeable that no Indian or Briton has said this. Without India, the Commonwealth will not be half the force she is now and without the Commonwealth India will have to steer a more difficult course than she is doing. Since common necessity dictates common fellowship, there is no sense in breaking apart for inadequate reason. Besides, neither India nor any of the other Dominions can insist that they are hampered in their policies by being in the Commonwealth. There are differences but every effort is being made to reduce these differences into matters of secondary importance or even unimportance. As a consequence the Commonwealth concept is a vague and undefined one and there is a temptation to seize upon the British Crown as the most harmless, symbolic link. This is obviously far from satisfactory. The Crown, if it is to do duty for specific principles, must become in itself the symbol of those principles and as it were a synonym for them. It cannot be exploited as a meaningless substitute and it should not be. Britain herself should be the first to protest against any attempt in this direction and it is no accident that the better British mind views this attitude with little respect. If there are Dominions which feel the need for the Crown, then by all means let them retain it for themselves without seeking to impose it on others who are not of their mind. There is one point that must be understood: This should not lead in any way to distinctions between the nations of the Commonwealth which accept the Crown and nations which do not. There must be either a common membership or there is no meaning to it. We do not see any difficulty in arriving at this arrangement. The Commonwealth, we are told, is an adaptable institution and one that is capable of great adjustments. There must now be adjustments in the interests of all the member-nations and not of one nation or group of nations. If this is not found possible, the alternative is not that India alone will go out of the Commonwealth. It is the break up of the Commonwealth. There might be a small group of "British" Dominions with all non-British nations in treaty relations with this group but the Commonwealth as we have known it and as British thinkers have visualized will be ended. And it must not be forgotten that the colonial problem will be brought to a head by this move which will separate the British from the non-British in every unit of the Commonwealth rump. It will be in short an incentive to racialism which cannot but lose Britain her present position in the world of nations. The "British" Dominions have a harder decision to make than India has, and it is time that they appreciated this aspect of the problem. It is no use asking India to accept the Crown so that the "British" Dominions might evade the responsibility of taking a decision.

Making Museums Live

The merger of States with the Province of Bombay involves settlement of several problems. Among them should now be included the administration of museums. While referring to the plan of the Government of Bombay for the establishment of museums in the Legislative Assembly in February 1947, the Prime Minister, Mr. B. G. Kher, had declared that it was the Government's intention to provide a museum each for the Northern, Central and Southern regions and later on a smaller scale one for each district. But except for the measures taken for ensuring efficient management of the Lord Reay Maharashtra Industrial Museum at Poona, the Government has, hitherto, not taken any active steps. If what Mr. Kher had indicated two years ago, still remains the basis of the Government's policy with regard to the disposition of museums, the policy will have to be reviewed in the light of the merger of the States. The selection of sites for new museums will have to be made with reference to the requirements and resources of the areas annexed to the Province. It will also be influenced, to some extent by the decision to locate new schools of art since museums—old and new—should be organised in such a manner that they can minister to the needs of the schools of art.

Again, the details of the administration of museums which are in existence in a few states will have to be decided upon in time. Baroda, to cite an instance, has a well-organised museum whose future management should be the immediate concern of the Government as well as of the state authorities. Hitherto, the administration of museums has been carried on by piecemeal legislation. The Prince of Wales Museum at Bombay has its own Board of Trustees. The Lord Reay Industrial Museum of Poona was assigned, two years ago, a separate statutory basis. Such a procedure leaves no scope for co-ordination of the working of different institutions. On the contrary, it is likely to create complications and difficulties in their management and, therefore, requires to be changed. Museums of all descriptions should be governed by a centralised policy. The Prince of Wales Museum has the organisation and resources of a Provincial Museum. It should, therefore, be recognised as the centre of the museum movement and made the focus of the development plans even if the scope of regional museums is left unrestricted.

The Government should begin with an inquiry into the existing conditions of museums. The Government should, then, consider the advisability of appointing a Provincial Museum Council which should lay down a museum policy for the whole Province. The personnel of such a Council or any other body intended for museums should consist of people who have an interest and might be trusted to discharge their duties conscientiously. We are given to understand that the Government has, before it, a proposal to create a separate department of libraries and museums. As institutions, museums are intimately connected with art and art education and should, therefore, go in that category. In Bombay, art has been a department by itself since 1929, directly under the Minister of Education. Museums should be logically placed under the same Ministry so that co-ordination of the activities of the two departments can be achieved with little difficulty. Inauguration of a scheme for training school teachers in museum work is proposed by the Maharashtra Museum at Poona. Training in any branch of museology should be undertaken by the museums which have the requisite equipment including especially the trained personnel and not by those whose resources are limited. Moreover it should form a part of the planning of museum education. The immediate need, however, is not any haphazard plan of development, but the organisation of the administrative machinery for museums on a sound basis and the formulation of a definite provincial policy.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

"Even in this question of language" said Pandit Nehru, "Gandhiji showed us a way which was deeply rooted in the mind of the people, as all his things were.. It does seem to me extraordinary that people, who still take his name and shout his name, do something which is entirely opposed to what he stood for all his life. Obviously, if any of us feel strongly about that, it is up to us to oppose that opposition."

—New Delhi Report.

*

In reply to the U. N. Kashmir Commission's latest proposals, Mr. Girija Shankar Bajpai is reported to have reaffirmed India's stand on the basic principles of truce as enunciated in the Security Council's resolution and elucidated subsequently by the then chairman of the Commission.

Very conservative and reactionary of India. Can't India appreciate the fact that we live in a dynamic age in which changes, for instance, changes in enunciation and elucidation referred to above are of the essence? India must

*

Criticising a recent statement made by Sir Vithal Chandavarkar to the effect that the Government had made a scape goat of the textile industry, official circles in New Delhi assert that profiteering was indulged in by a majority of mills on a large scale during the period of decontrol in January last year.

We hope this will be enough hint for the talkative to shut up.

*

Laying the foundation stone of the Central Institute of Education at New Delhi, Jawaharlal Nehru condemned the narrow-minded manner in which the Hindi-Hindustani controversy was being conducted and said that the approach seemed to reflect that mentality out of which communalism has grown in the country.

Those affected will bitterly resent this truth.

*

Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy (now of Karachi) who is justifiably-cum-naturally annoyed with Muslim League leadership in Pakistan, says, "the Muslim League as a handmaid of the Government, ceases to be a galvanising force. The nation's enthusiasm is exploited for personal ends and great ideals are reduced to petty slogans."

We fully agree and are deeply impressed too. But petty slogans did win a great freak. Doesn't Mr. Suhrawardy remember?

*

"We", adds Mr. Suhrawardy, "thus have despair and democratisation at the base and intrigues at the top."

More or less as usual, Mr. Suhrawardy! Isn't that so?

*

India, it is reported from Lake Success, has been elected to the eleven-member sub-committee, which was formed to scrutinise the character of organisations or parties in the former Italian colonies requesting a hearing.

Good. But we are sure the Big Powers, so deeply concerned about the—er—well being of the Italian colonies have ensured a safe majority on the Committee.

NO PARTING COMPANY WITH COMMONWEALTH

"India Does Not Want To Become A Foreign Country", Says Lord Layton

LONDON, APRIL 19 (P.T.I.-REUTER): LORD LAYTON, LEADER OF THE RECENT REUTER GOODWILL MISSION TO INDIA, DECLARED TODAY THAT INDIA DID NOT WANT TO PART COMPANY WITH THE COMMONWEALTH AND BECOME A "FOREIGN COUNTRY". IN A FRONT PAGE ARTICLE IN THE LIBERAL "NEWS CHRONICLE", LORD LAYTON ALSO PUT FORWARD THE THEORY THAT IF INDIA SEPARATED FROM THE COMMONWEALTH, PAKISTAN WOULD IN THE LONG RUN FOLLOW SUIT.

Lord Layton, who is chairman of the "News Chronicle", did not, however, commit himself to any emphatic viewpoint on the possible outcome of this issue at the Commonwealth Conference which is due to open in London on Thursday.

MAIN OBSERVATION

Some of his main observations in the "News Chronicle" article entitled "can India stay in the Commonwealth?" were:

(1) There was now almost no hostility in India towards Britain.

(2) India was becoming conscious of her "isolation".

(3) Indian opinion on the whole believed that the Atlantic Pact might be successful in sealing off Western Europe against Soviet "expansion" but that would divert Communist "pressure" into Asia.

(4) India had great social "problems" to solve.

(5) If India is to escape the "disintegration" which Communism is causing elsewhere she needs friends.

(6) Acceptance of the Crown as a guarantee of democratic institutions has "always been alien" to the millions of India.

"Though India has wrestled for decades with great Britain for its independence and has at last achieved it, the Government of the country and the outlook of its people remain very much akin to the British way of life in many important respects" Lord Layton wrote.

GREAT POSER

"A great question affecting the relations of White and coloured people everywhere is posed by India's achievements of independence.

"Is there at bottom any lasting unity of thought and in the art and practice of living that is common to all humanity or is it in the nature of things that they will go their respective ways?

"I will not attempt to anticipate the result of this week's conference, but a recent visit to India has helped me to understand the Indian point of view.

"In the first place, there is almost no hostility towards Britain but, on the contrary, a very friendly feeling".

CHANGE OF ATTITUDE

Lord Layton's article continued "when I reached Delhi I remarked to one of India's outstanding leaders that my colleagues on the Reuter board and I had been surprised by the warmth of the friendliness shown to us and by the lack of rancour after years of struggle — in the course of which many of those we were meeting had spent long periods in gaol.

"Why should you be surprised, said my friend.

"It is the natural instinct of people, certainly of the Indian people, to like those they know and live with.

"If suspicions arise or quarrels break out it may lead to hostile acts or, in the case of nations, even to war. But if once the cause of the suspicion is removed the natural human instinct reasserts itself. That is what has happened in India.

"We have lived with the British for nearly 200 years.

We know your virtues as well as your faults. There is no longer any cause for distrust.

GANDHIJI'S INFLUENCE

"This change of attitude is, of course, largely due to the influence of Mahatma Gandhi. But it is also the result of the unexpected but decisive action of Mr. Attlee and his cabinet in bringing British rule to an end and to the convincing and friendly way in which the Mountbattens carried out that policy.

"If this judgment is correct, then the stage is set for continued and fruitful collaboration between Britain and India" Lord Layton continued.

"The state of world affairs greatly strengthens the case for this collaboration. India is becoming conscious of her isolation.

ATLANTIC PACT

"The Atlantic Pact was concluded while we were in India, and the politicians and journalists were naturally examining it with great care. Indian opinion on the whole took the view that pact might well prove successful in sealing off Western Europe against any expansion of the Soviet Union.

"But the inevitable effect of doing that would, they felt, be to divert Communist pressure into Asia.

"That movement was already very strong on the Pacific side — through China, Burma, Malaya, Indo-China and Indonesia.

On the West the pressure must be expected through Persia down to the Persian Gulf. The Indian subcontinent falls within the shadow of the Kremlin on all sides except the south.

"In the circumstances it was not to be excepted that the Prime Minister of the newly born State would ask for trouble by throwing down the gauntlet to Moscow.

INDIA'S FOREIGN POLICY...

"On the contrary, Pandit Nehru was careful to say in his foreign policy speech last month that India would no associate herself with any power bloc. But he added that this did not mean India sought safety in isolation, and she hoped to fill an important role in aiding international efforts of a constructive kind.

"India has great social problems to solve. Her people are illiterate, their standard of living is very low, sanitation, medical services and housing are backward and primitive.

"Now that she has attained freedom her desire is to tackle these problems in her own way, free from external interference.

"But if she is to resist external pressure and escape the disintegration which Communism is causing in so many of the neighbouring countries, she needs friends.

LINK WITH WEST.

"With Asia in its present state of turmoil India needs to foster and develop her economic and political links with the western world, and particularly with the countries of the Commonwealth," Lord Layton declared.

"Two years ago the Indian Constituent Assembly put on record the intention of India to become an independent sovereign republic. To India that is the sign manual of obtaining the freedom she has sought for so long.

"At the same time India does not want to part company with the Commonwealth and become a foreign country. Can the Dominion Prime Ministers find a way to reconcile these two aspirations?

"The answer of Australia and the others is that India will be perfectly free if she remains in the Commonwealth."

"Any of the dominions can walk out of it at any time. They are not committed to go to war when Britain goes to war. They are as independent and as free as Britain.

ALLEGIANCE TO CROWN.

"All that India has to do is to acknowledge allegiance to the Crown. But that is just India's difficulty.

"To the other dominions the King is a constitutional monarch. His kingship is accepted by them not as a threat but as the guarantee of their democratic institutions. Yet we must accept the fact that his conception of a constitutional monarchy has always been alien and quite unintelligible to the millions of India.

"The Crown has a great emotional significance for the Anglo-Saxon dominions. It has in course of time acquired a prestige and a meaning to a good many of the Dutch in South Africa and it stands as a symbol of justice and of freedom to coloured people in many parts of the world.

"But to others it is a stumbling block.

"From India's point of view it can be said and said truly that the essence of the commonwealth is not any particular form or symbol but the community of outlook and interests between its members, reinforced by the close economic ties including trade preferences, that have grown up between them.

COMRADESHIP

"There is no compulsion on the dominions to act together in any matter. They do so because they think alike.

"Is it not possible for a country such as India to remain in the commonwealth on a basis of common citizenship, a declaration of unity of purpose and the practice of regular consultations.

This last is the most important of all. In practice there is a comradeship between Indian and other dominion statesmen which is unique in the relations of Asiatic and other nations. Its value to the men on whom rests the immense responsibility of guiding the new India through its early and formative years is 'incalculable'.

"But the benefit is reciprocal. To the Commonwealth in general and to Australia and New Zealand in particular it is vital that the country which dominates the Indian ocean should be friendly.

"South East Asia and Australia would be in the gravest danger if a totalitarian State were in a position

(Continued on Page 9)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Plans

During the war years the people had to endure so many privations that Government adopted the policy of feeding them on plans of post-war reconstruction. The policy still continues and while we are having less food and less housing accommodation, we are being entertained with a series of plans about food production and house-building in the near future. On Tuesday was published the Central Government's plan of building one million houses in the next ten years and we are told that this plan is much better than those published in 1946 in 1947. The figures are attractive enough but more reassuring is the reported intention of the Central Government to begin the execution of the scheme immediately. It is to be hoped that progress in the execution of the scheme will be faster than it has been so far. On Monday was published the decisions of agricultural officers "covering the whole range of the Government of India's plan to attain self-sufficiency in food by the end of 1951." People will be more grateful for some real progress in 1949

Educational Standards

Many will agree with Pandit Nehru that educational standards have recently gone down in our universities, the standards of the teachers as well as those of the leaders. But the more pertinent question is what is the cause of the deterioration and how can things be set right. Speaking generally, the main cause is political turmoil. Both teachers and students have allowed themselves to be led into political passions and strife. They had long been discouraged even from the study of current politics. So when they entered active politics many of them lost their balance and not a few became victims of unrestrained Communist or communal propaganda. Secondly, when primary and secondary education spread among the masses, numerous students crowded into universities, though they had neither aptitude nor means for higher education. And the huge classes in the colleges left little room for the old healthy personal touch between the teachers and the taught. It will be some time before things are set right. The influx of unsuitable students into universities will continue with the spread of compulsory elementary education unless it is checked by the starting of many technical and commercial schools for undergraduates. Propaganda is also necessary to persuade university students that since independence has already been achieved, it is far better for them to prepare themselves for its numerous responsibilities through patient study than to dissipate their energy in political strife. It should also be the aspiration of Indian students that in no field of education should they lag behind progressive countries.

Wanted An Explanation

It is reported that Urdu will shortly disappear from sign-boards indicating the names of stations on the G.I.P. Railway system. Sign-boards on the Harbour line are actually being repainted without names in Urdu and it is said that all over India Urdu names on signboards will be painted off where Urdu is not a regional language. The question of the national language and script is yet to be decided by the Constituent Assembly. To paint off existing Urdu names seems to be unfair prejudging of the issue. An explanation is clearly necessary from the authorities concerned.

God Save The King

"The Commonwealth is a unique institution. It holds together because it does not bind. It may one day have an elected King and an Indian too". So concludes Sri P. Kodanda Rao of the Servants of India Society in an impassioned appeal to India to stay in the Commonwealth. We hate to contradict so eminent a public figure even when he is talking through his hat. But this is so ghastly a prospect that we must protest. An elected King is a contradiction in terms. An Indian King of the British Commonwealth is a political atrocity. Our not-so-docile laureate insists on giving the popular reaction and, bad as he is, we cannot say no to him.

An Indian may be King, he said.
And slowly raised his dropping head.
With silent awe the Indians heard.
This was the very thing they jeared.
"Let's go", they roared, "while going's good
Out of this mad Dominionhood.
With George as King, they foot the bill
And Britain's King we'll.. have to nurse,
If British genius wins the day.
Let us not stay,
The Commonwealth
Is not intended for our health."
With this, they scrambled for the door,
Leaving the Sage upon the floor.
Friend, said his Parrot had you known to,
Like me, speak only when you're spo'en to.
This riot you would not have seen
The Commonwealth might still have been
The Mecca of the Moderate
The Parrot's chirp began to grate.
An Indian King! They'll pass the purse
An Indian King! They'll pass the purse

This imitation Gay is the limit and we choke him off here before he tells us somewhat superfluously of what happened to the Parrot. But the general idea is better than the verse.

Wise Decisions

The Jamiat-ul Ulema-i-Hind, which has been a political body of Muslims for over a century, has acted most wisely in converting itself into a non-political body, confining itself hereafter to purely religious and cultural activities for the uplift of the Indian Muslims. The Jamiat, like any other communal body, has doubtless the constitutional right to carry on any lawful activities, including political. But in a secular State with joint electorates communal politics does not pay. It is unnecessary for the majority community, it may be harmful for a minority community, though such a community can make out a plausible case for safeguarding its political rights. No community as such has any special political rights. The Jamiat has also acted wisely in urging Muslims to ban the Devanagari script. That will give them access to a vast literature in Hindi or Hindustani. For a similar reason, we would urge all Hindus to learn the Urdu script. The Jamiat's resolution on education recommends that separate arrangements should be made to impart religious education to Muslim children in Government schools. Religious education is generally dogmatic or creedal and is not advisable even if possible in schools conducted or aided by a secular Government. Such education should necessarily be provided in the home or in special private institutions.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Art And Art Organisation

Sir,—Permit me to congratulate your Art Editor on his excellent write-up on the above topic: Such a lively interest by a daily paper on a controversial matter pertaining to Indian art, is very encouraging indeed. I have no doubt that such a vigilant and unbiassed view would be of immense benefit to Indian art in general and to the artists in particular.

I have been an active member of the All-India art conference for the past four years and know the full story. For two years we tried to bring into being a Central Body, and it materialised at New Delhi in 1947 at the Second All-India Art Conference. I was one of those who took a leading part in the deliberations, and it was unanimously passed at that conference that the newly formed All-India Association of Fine Arts should be that Central Body. A constitution-making committee was immediately set up and a draft constitution was framed. The present General Secretary of the Delhi Society was a member of that committee and he put his signature to both the draft constitution and the resolution that confirmed the birth of an All-India body.

The All-India Association of Fine Arts is the Central Body envisaged in the last two conferences and which became a powerful representative body at the Third All-India Art Conference held in Bombay last year and which was opened by the Premier of Bombay. It is to be regretted that the spurious claim put by the Delhi Society should seriously be considered at all. It is like any other long established art societies in India and we have two such societies with more membership and representative character to their credit.

From the controversies one sees in the papers, it is obvious that the Delhi Society, because of its location in the Capital of India, wants to arrogate to itself the functions and prerogatives of the Central Body. It is an unconstitutional claim and not valid at all. The Delhi Society was invited to the Third All-India Art Conference but it refuse to co-operate with it. It was given enough chances to join the All-India body and to take an active part in it, but its recalcitrant attitude has always been puzzling.

And now I notice that it managed to get into the Indian National Commission of the UNESCO by the back-door. In the original circular sent out by the Government of India, convening the first Indian National Commission only fifteen organisations of an All-india nature were mentioned one of which was the All-India Association of Fine Arts, whose President, G. Venkatachalam, represented it at the Commission. I was surprised to learn later that the Delhi Society has also been invited to be on the Commission and that Barda Ukil was its representative. This was puzzling to most people, as according to the Kher Committee Report on the formation of the Commission fifteen was to be the number for each of the Sub-Commissions. This is the precedent followed in all other countries and was adopted by the Kher Committee.

The educational Sub-Commission, as well as the Scientific Sub-Commission, had fifteen members each, whereas the Cultural Sub-Commission had sixteen. A question was put, I believe, by the Deputy Speaker of the Assembly at the first Plenary session of the Commission, how and why this additional number came to be. The Government answered, it would seem, that since this Commission was only an "interim" one, one member less or more did not matter. It was an unconvincing reply. It led to all sorts of speculations and even misgivings. The Government of India should make up its mind as to what constitutes a Central Body and who should be that body. They have enough information and facts before them to decide on the matter.

It was suggested at the meeting of the Cultural Sub-Commission to call a convention of Indian artists, including dancers, musicians etc., and from that to evolve a Central Body. This idea is a futile if not a foolish one. Such a Central Body is not practicable and would serve no purpose. Each class of artists has its own peculiar problem to be solved and just bringing them together once will not help any one. It is difficult enough to bring together on a common platform forty painters and sculptors and to forge a cultural union out of them. Imagine five hundred musicians, dancers, dramatists, actors, actresses, painters, architects, sculptors being brought together on a platform and out of this motley crowd to raise a Central Body or artists! It is a fantastic dream. Even an all powerful Government could not achieve it.

I would earnestly advise the Government of India to face facts and to consider seriously the urgent need for recognising the AIAFA as the Central Body as now existing in the country and that it was constitutionally formed. The indecision in such a vital matter would only disrupt the serious attempts made since last four years to bring together Art Societies Museums, painters and sculptors into one federation.—Yours, etc.,

MANU THACKER

OPEN AIR

The Clerodendron is one of the most widely represented species of plants for the Indian garden. The Clerodendron Inerme, with its small shiny leaves and thick growth, is used most commonly for hedges, and, as everyone who has visited the Hanging Gardens must have seen, is ideal for trimming into fancy shapes since it grows very quickly and responds well to training. This plant, if allowed to grow naturally, bears white flowers with long pinkish stamens. Then there is the Clerodendron fragrans plena. This is a shrubby plant with large, coarse heart-shaped leaves, which bears at the head of each stem a tight cluster of heavily-scented, double, white flowers which look like the old fashioned Victorian posy! It is unwise to plant this species too near other plants as it sends up suckers to a great distance from the parent plant, so that there is, in a short time, a miniature forest which starves out other and more valuable plants. Besides these, there are the climbing varieties of the same species, and in the case of many of these the beauty lies in the calyxes of the loose clusters of flowers. Clerodendron Thomsonae, for example, has red, long-stamened flowers arising from large white calyxes which, remain after the flowers have faded to surround the bright orange fruits. Other varieties have red or orange flowers in red or purplish-red calyxes, and these make a bright splash of colour in the garden for a considerable time.

D. R.

CLERODENDRON

BIGGEST PROBLEM BETWEEN INDIA AND PAKISTAN

Nehru On Need For Finding Solution To Evacuee Property Issue

NEW DELHI, April 19. (API)—The Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, in a special message to displaced persons in India on the eve of his departure, described the problem of evacuee property as "the biggest problem between India and Pakistan".

If this was removed, he said, other problems would gradually find their place.

GOVERNMENT'S ANXIETY

The Prime Minister said "on the eve of my departure, undertaking a long journey and going out of the country, I should like to say a few words to the refugees or the displaced persons in India. Their lot has been a hard one and no problem has given us more anxiety than the problem of rehabilitating them. The problem was colossal and unique and if we failed to solve it with rapidity, it was not due to any lack of effort, though it may have been due to our inexperience and the lack of resources at our command. In any event that is a vital and urgent problem for all of us.

"So far as the Government is concerned, it is anxious and eager to do everything possible to rehabilitate these brothers and sisters of ours. But it must be realised that, in the nature of things, this vast problem cannot be settled completely in a short space of time. It cannot be settled at all satisfactorily, unless there is every effort and every co-operation between the Government, the various other agencies and the displaced persons themselves. Indeed it is the attitude and the co-operation of these displaced persons that will make all the differences. I trust, therefore, that there will be this co-operation and an understanding by all of us of each other's difficulties. It does little good for us to blame each other instead of applying ourselves to the big task before us.

"Daily I have met many of these displaced persons who have come to me for relief or solace. Sometimes I have been able to help them a little, sometimes not. I shall be away now for some weeks and I shall not see them, but I wish to assure them that I shall be thinking of them and this great problem. I know that my colleagues here are applying themselves with all their energy to the solution of this problem.

SOME PROGRESS MADE

"The biggest handicap for us has been the delay in coming to an agreement about evacuee property. Indeed I would say that this is the biggest problem between India and Pakistan and if this was removed, other problems would gradually find their place. I think we can truthfully say that we have tried our best to get an agreement in regard to evacuee property and the delay is none of our making. It is true that it is not an easy problem to tackle. Nevertheless we have to do it. We have made some progress and I hope that in future more satisfactory results will follow. In any event we shall continue to try our utmost to find an agreement on this vital issue affecting so many people. We have already taken some step towards helping those who have come here and who have property in Pakistan.

"I am going away to face big issues, which may well affect the future of our country and Asia. But while I may be far away, I shall be constantly thinking of our problems at home and among them, very specially, about this refugee problem."

Need To Rebuild India On Strong Foundation

Gadgil's Plea For Co-operation

BOMBAY, Tuesday:

An earnest appeal to Indians to support the efforts of the Government in rebuilding the country on a strong foundation was made by Mr. N.V. Gadgil, Minister for Works, Mines and Power, here today.

The Minister who addressed a public meeting this evening at Shivaji Park under the auspices of the 'G' Ward Congress Committee, referred to the disturbed conditions that prevailed before and soon after the achievement of independence and asked whether it was possible, under the circumstances, for anyone to do more than what the Congress Government did, to improve the lot of the masses.

FOOD PROBLEM

It was a fact, the Minister said, that the country's food situation was not satisfactory but the Government alone could not be blamed for this. Government had done its part. Greater efforts were needed on the part of the people to improve the food situation.

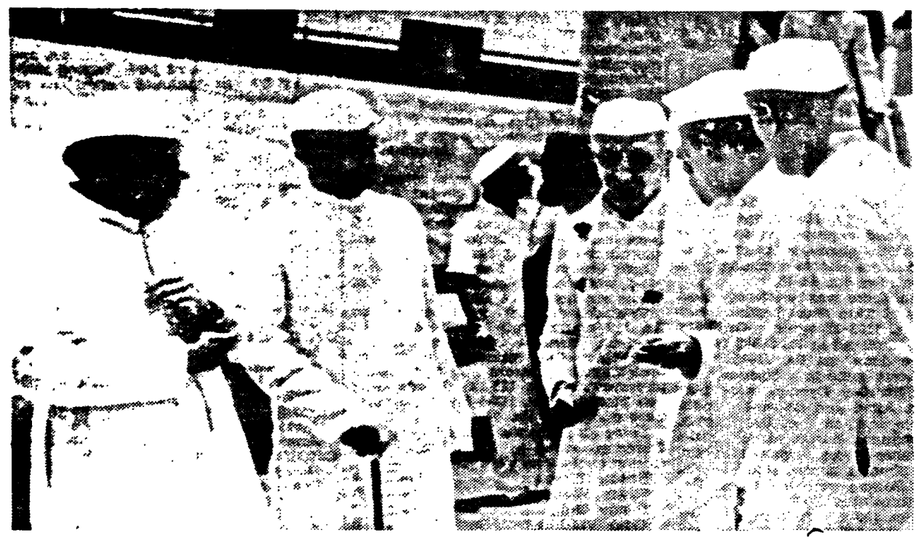
Appealing for the whole-hearted co-operation of the public in building the Country's future on a strong footing, Mr. Gadgil advised them to give up the habit of criticizing the Government.

Referring to Communist activities, Mr. Gadgil said, that the object of the Communists was to disturb the peace and unity of India and therefore he asked every peace-loving citizen not to support the Communists in any way.

Mr. Gadgil paid tributes to Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and said that it was statesmanship of the Deputy Prime Minister of India that solved the age-old problem of Indian Princes so satisfactorily and within such a short period.

Concluding, the Minister said that India always believed in peace and that is why the Kashmir question was referred to the U.N. He stressed that India would abide by the decision of Kashmir people.

PANDIT NEHRU AT SANTA CRUZ AIRPORT



Mr. M. Y. Nurie, Mr. Morarji Desai, Mr. B. G. Kher and Mr. S K. Patil greet India's Prime Minister on his arrival at the Santa Cruz airport on Tuesday, on way to London

Pandit Nehru On India's New Spirit Of Confidence

(Continued from Page 1)

tory is still in the process of being made and there are mighty movements and considerable turmoil and conflicts in the world.

"Free and independent India faces this prospect with a measure of confidence. We have to a large extent found ourselves and we have survived many perials and dangers and this has bred this confidence in us to face the future.

"I have little doubt that in this future, India has to play an important role, provided always that it adheres to the great ideals which have inspired us in the past and to the lessons which the Father of the Nation taught us.

"Our very position demands a wider appreciation of what is happening in the world and an acknowledgement of our duties and our obligations to further world peace and progress".

OUR INNER STRENGTH

"HISTORY IS ON THE MARCH AND WE HAVE TO KEEP IN STEP WITH IT, AT THE SAME TIME TRYING TO MOULD IT AND FASHION IT TO THE BEST OF OUR ABILITY. ULTIMATELY THE POLICY OF A NATION DEPENDS UPON HER INNER STRENGTH. IT IS BECAUSE OUR INNER STRENGTH HAS GROWN AND BECAUSE OF OUR GREAT POTENTIAL, WHICH WILL PROGRESSIVELY BECOME ACTUAL, THAT INDIA COUNTS MORE AND MORE IN THE COUNSELS OF THE WORLD".

MORALITY BETWEEN NATIONS

"Recently I was reported by some error in a London newspaper as having said that there is no morality as between nation. As a matter of fact, I hold strongly to the opinion that unless there is a moral basis, both to the internal politics of a nation and to its external affairs, that nation will suffer and the world will suffer.

INDIA

"I hope that whatever happens India will never do anything that is wrong morally even though some misguided people might think it is advantageous for the moment.

"And so for the present, I bid a brief good-bye, conscious that I am not going abroad as a mere individual but as a representative of a great nation with the goodwill of millions and with the desire to approach in a spirit of friendship and co-operation with other nations. Jai Hind".

At the conclusion of the press conference Pandit Nehru warmly shook hands with the journalists present and acknowledged their goodwishes for the success of his mission.

FUTURE OF A QUARTER OF WORLD'S HUMANITY

Commonwealth Leaders' Optimism On Eve Of London Conference

LONDON, April 19 (P.T.I.-Reuter): Shape of the future relations of a quarter of the world's population hinges on the historic Commonwealth Prime Minister's Conference opening here on Thursday.

The visiting statesmen will be face to face with the problem raised by India's intention to become a democratic Republic. Their task will be to seek means of enabling India, with her 350,000,000 inhabitants, to continue co-operation with the Commonwealth without prejudice to her national aspirations.

This involves discovery of some formula for Commonwealth relationship which does not conflict with these aspirations.

The present concept of the Crown as the basis of association is held by some Commonwealth countries to be of key importance.

UNDERLYING FACTOR

The important underlying factor, which may help the Commonwealth "Big Eight" in their deliberations, is the community of interest and democratic ideals shared by the nations which they represent.

This concept of an association of constitutional democracies, serving the causes of peace, social advancement and economic progress, may weigh heavily with the Premiers in their search for a solution.

Consensus of British newspaper and other comment is that the eight Commonwealth leaders are approaching their task with optimism tempered by recognition of the important constitution problem to be solved.

Comment by certain of the leaders on their way to Britain also reflects a hopeful attitude.

NEW BASIS

But all the leaders have avoided any concrete indication of the form which they think a new basis of Commonwealth association may take. They are clearly determined to avoid prejudice to the forthcoming conversations.

The emergence of free India, Pakistan and Ceylon—apart from quadrupling the Commonwealth's population—inevitably altered its whole geography and moved its centre eastwards.

India's attitude will be all-important. Her decisions will have powerfull repercussions upon the political thought of the two other new Commonwealth nations — Pakistan and Ceylon.

As with India and indeed every other member of the Commonwealth—the question of future national status is a matter for the country concerned. So also — subject to general agreement on the basis of association — is the question of any future link with commonwealth.

It would be idle, in advance of decision not yet taken, to speculate on the attitude of Pakistan and Ceylon on ultimate national status, or of that of South Africa. She, from her own viewpoint, will watch closely this search for a formula reconciling republican status and Commonwealth co-operation.

Within 48 hours the Commonwealth "Great Eight"—all except one of the Prime Ministers—will begin their work.

BURMA

According to Prime Minister Thakin Nu of Burma, the Commonwealth leaders will discuss Burma informally. He stated this after his recent discussions on Burma's present problems with Pandit Nehru in Delhi and Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan in Karachi.

Prime Minister Clement Attlee spent the Easter holiday week-end at his country residence in Buckinghamshire, near London, preparing for the Conference.

Official quarters here tonight indicated that first full plenary session was unlikely to take place before Friday morning. Between now and Thursday, Mr. Attlee will have meetings with the visiting Prime Ministers individually. These meetings may be arranged broadly in order of arrival of the statesmen. Mr. Attlee and Pandit Nehru are expected to have a talk early on Thursday afternoon.

Mr. Attlee may invite several Cabinet colleagues to join some of the meetings, but has not yet specified which Ministers he has in mind.

A break in the Conference proceedings is expected for at least part of Monday—"Anzac" Day, on which Australia and New Zealand pay tribute to their dead in the two world wars—when the Australia and New Zealand leaders will probably wish to take part in Commemorative Services here.

Bronze Figure With Gold Beads

COLOMBO, April 19 (P.T.I.-Reuter): A bronze figure representing a mythological bird or animal believed to be many hundreds of years old has been discovered in the course of dismantling a temple at Anuradhapura, in north central Ceylon.

The figure which has a long mouth or beak, contains gold beads and was found in one of the four limestone caskets unearthed during the dismantling. Similar objects have been found in recent excavations in this part of the island.

All of them have been photographed and deposited in a strong room for detailed examination by experts of the Archaeological Department.

RUSSIA'S LIVESTOCK

Three-Year Plan To Solve Problem

MOSCOW, April 19 (U.P.A.): All newspapers today devoted three out of their total of four pages to a decree which told of an elaborate three-year plan intended to solve Russia's livestock problem.

By 1951 collective and state farms are expected to possess roughly 40,000,000 large horned cattle in addition to the cattle owned individually. Now individual ownership accounts for 30,000,000 head.

The decree issued by the Council of Ministers and the Communist Party's Central Committee pointed out that in spite of war damage the bread problem was solved with the output of grain cereals exceeding the pre-war level though animal husbandry was still lagging. The decree said that liverstock was inadequate even in pre-war times while during the war the Germans slaughtered and took to Germany 70,000,000 head of horned cattle, horses, pigs and sheep.

The livestock decree provided the immediate establishment in each collective farm of four sections specialising in large horned cattle, sheep, pigs and fowl. Within three years the country must produce one-and-a-half times more meat, dairy products and eggs than in 1948. Today, livestock production already exceeds the pre-war level.

At the sametime, the new legislation decreed the complete mechanization of agriculture and dairy production and fodder transportation. The new era introduces electro-mechanical milking and electrical sheep shearing.

FINE TYPE WOOLLEN GOODS PRODUCTION

2 Factories In Bombay And 1 In Jamnagar To Be Set Up

NEW DELHI, April 19. (A.P.I.): Three factories producing a fine type of woollen goods will shortly be established in India, two in Bombay and the third in Jamnagar. Production in these factories will commence in 1950.

India's carpet wool is one of the finest types in the world, but the development of the woollen textiles industry in the country has not progressed to the extent it is capable of, mainly due to the difficulty of obtaining new machinery.

Dr. Shyama Prasad Mookherjee, Minister for Industry and Supply, stated in Indian Parliament recently that there were only 17 factory-scale woollen mills in India. Besides there were 22 small mills in Amritsar with a capacity to produce two million pounds of woollen goods a year.

French India Delegation To Visit Paris And Delhi

PANDICHERRY, April 19 (API): The French India Legislative Assembly yesterday sanctioned funds for a three-man delegation to visit Paris and Delhi to secure "a clearer picture" of the future status and position of French India.

The decision to send such a delegation to the Indian and French capitals had been taken last month at the meeting of the Municipal Councillors of French India.

MR. ROYALL RESIGNS

NEW YORK, April 19 (PTI-Reuter): Mr Kenneth Royall, Secretary of the Army has submitted his resignation to President Truman, the New York "Daily News" reported today.

3-SHIFT SYSTEM IN TWO C. P. MILLS

Move To Stimulate Cloth Production

NAGPUR, April 19 (API): Two of the eleven textile mills in the Central Provinces have introduced three shift workings to stimulate cloth production, it was learnt today. This is in response to the advice of the Provincial Government's Standing Committee on the textile industry.

The Committee, which met here on March 30 under the presidentship of the Premier, Pandit Ravi Shanker Shukla who also holds the Labour Portfolio, had recommended introduction of three shift-working and pleaded for co-operation in this matter by millowners and labour unions.

Of the eleven textile mills in the Province two mills at Ellichpur and Akola (in Berar) accepted the Standing Committee's suggestions. Textile mills in Nagpur and some other centres, it was learnt, have pleaded that shortage of adequate raw cotton supplies stands in the way of their switching over from the present double shift to three shift working.

Labour unions generally are not average to three-shift working but insist on a guarantee of fair wages taking into account the prevalent high cost of living.

EAST PUNJAB CABINET

Sachar Welcomes Bhargava's Inclusion In Cabinet

NEW DELHI, April 19. (A.P.I.): Mr. Bhimsen Sachar, Premier of the East Punjab, said here today that the steps taken by the Congress Parliamentary Board in connection with the formation of the East Punjab Ministry were in the right direction and in the interests of the country.

Mr. Sachar said the fact that Dr. Gopichand Bhargava former East Punjab Premier, was joining his Ministry showed the team spirit and genuine goodwill among the so-called groups of the East Punjab Assembly.

Outlining the policy and programme of his Ministry, Mr. Sachar said that he would set his hands immediately to the task of rooting out corruption, black-marketing and nepotism from the Province. For this he required the healthy co-operation of his colleagues, he added.

SACHAR'S PARTY TO BHARGAVA

A diplomatic lunch was given by Mr. Bhimsen Sachar to Dr. Gopichand Bhargava today to signalise what is described as reconciliation of their differences and eventual formation of East Punjab Ministry on agreed basis. This gesture on the part of Mr Sachar was very much appreciated by the East Punjab leaders who had been here for the last few days for the settlement of the East Punjab Ministerial crisis.

Rajkot Press Workers On Strike

RAJKOT, April 19 (API): Two hundred workers of about 25 printing presses in Rajkot have been on strike since last evening demanding implementation of the award of a mutually accepted arbitrator, Mr Jethalal Joshi.

A spokesman of the press owners said that they could not comply with the award, and it was illegal for the workers to strike work on only 24 hour notice. Some press owners were not served any notice, he said.

The two Rajkot dailies "Jai Hind" and "Nutan Saurashtra, came out with two-page supplements today and will continue to be of the same size till a settlement is reached.

Acharya Kripalani In Hyderabad

HYDERABAD (Dn.), April 19 (UPI): Acharya J. B. Kripalani, accompanied by his wife Mrs. Suchita Kripalani, arrived this afternoon by plane from Nagpur.

He was accorded a grand reception at the Hakimpet airport by the public as well as representatives of the government.

He will leave for Madras tomorrow "en route" to Ceylon.

Sir Sultan Ahmed For Hyderabad

HYDERABAD (Dn.), April 19 (UPI): Sir Sultan Ahmed, formerly member of the Viceroy's Executive Council is arriving in Hyderabad tomorrow to advise the Jagirdars of the State regarding the revised draft jagirdari administration regulation, which is expected to be circulated very shortly, it is stated.

Sir Sultan is further expected to bring an amicable settlement of the dispute in late Sir Salar Jung's Estate.

Gujerat Congress Seva Dal Dancing Troupe

BARODA, April 19 (API) A dancing troupe organised by the Gujerat Congress Seva Dal to tour Gujerat and Saurashtra will short visit Baroda it is learnt. The troupe will begin its programme of folk dances in May 1 in all important towns with a view to reviving the ancient art. The collections will be made over to a fund constituted to raise a memorial to Mr. Vasant Rao Rajabali who died during the 1946 communal riots in Ahmedabad while striving to establish communal peace.

New Chief Secretary For Vindhya Pradesh

NAGPUR, April 19 (API). Mr. S. N. Mehta, I.C.S., has been appointed Chief Secretary of the Vindhya Pradesh Union, whose administration has been taken over by the Government of India. Mr. Mehta was Chairman of the Board of Industries in the Central Provinces.

Mr. Shanker Dayal Shukul, Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Crimes and Railways, Central Provinces, has been appointed Inspector-General of Police of the Vindhya Pradesh Union. He will proceed to Rewa on Wednesday.

Mr. Shukul returned from Delhi today after consultations with official of the States Ministry there.

COUNTERACTING 'RED' MENACE

High Ranking Officials To Confer In Madras Today

MADRAS, April 19 (API): Measures to check Communist activities on the Hyderabad-Madras border areas will be discussed at a meeting in Madras tomorrow of high ranking military, police and civil officials of both the Governments.

Major-General J. N. Choudhury, Military Governor of Hyderabad, Mr. D. S. Bakhle, Chief Civil Administrator, Mr. B. S. Jetley, Inspector-General of Police and Mr. K.M. Krishna Menon, D.I.G. Eastern Range, arrived here this evening to represent the Hyderabad Government at tomorrow's Conference.

The Madras Government will be represented by Mr. P. S. Kumaraswamy Raja, Premier, Chief Secretary Mr. K. Ramunny Menon, and the Inspector-General of Police Madras.

PATTABHI ECHOES NEHRU'S VIEWS

Identical Stand On India's Relationship With Commonwealth

MADRAS, April 19 (API): Dr Pattabhi Sitaramayya, Congress President, said here today that he held identical views with India's Prime Minister on the question of India's relationship with the Commonwealth.

Dr. Sitaramayya, who arrived here this evening by train from Delhi said: "I do not find any difficulty in India being a Republic and at the same time continuing to associate herself with the Commonwealth.

MADRAS CABINET

Dr. Pattabhi welcomed the efforts of the new Madras Premier to make his Cabinet a broad-based one. What the Madras Premier had been contemplating here was being followed by the East Punjab Premier, Dr. Pattabhi said. The Congress President was not for Group representation as such in the Cabinet.

"Group representation, only perpetuates groups, but does not kill groups. If once group representation is conceded more groups will begin to crop up. It is unhealthy. What is really wanted is an overall representation in the Cabinet."

"The Cabinet," he said, "should consist of the best men of the party irrespective of groups who could pull together as a team in the service of the country.

Asked whether he proposed to interest himself to secure a composite Cabinet in Madras, the Congress President said: "I do not propose to take any step in the direction. It is the business of your Premier. My advice is always available to him."

Referring to the question of the Andhra Province, Dr. Pattabhi said: "I have a dual capacity—one as Andhra citizen and the second as Congress President. I prefer the second capacity now and leave to the people of Andhra to do what they think to be the best. I do not want to prod them. There is enough leadership in Andhradesa and I shall not supersede it."

Thorough Examination Of Indian Film Industry

INDIA GOVERNMENT TO SET UP CINEMA ENQUIRY COMMITTEE

CALCUTTA, April 19. (A.P.I.): Mr. R. R. Diwakar, Minister of State for Information and Broadcasting, said here today that the Government of India were considering the appointment of a Cinema Enquiry Committee for "a thorough examination of the Indian film industry from all points of view".

Mr. Diwakar stated this in a discussion with a deputation of the Bengal Motion Pictures Association this morning. The deputation discussed with the Minister among other questions, the restriction on the length of Indian films, production of raw materials in the country and provision of training facilities for cinema-technicians.

Earlier, the Minister visited a basic education training centre conducted by the All-India Women's Conference and a Bratchari school at Thakurpukur, a village in the 24-Parganas District.

MYSTERIOUS POISONING CASES

(From Our Correspondent)

BHAVNAGAR, April 19:

Some days ago about 50 cases of diarrhoea and vomitting have occurred after drinking butter-milk (chhas) in a local shop. Another incident has happened and that in Mahalaxmi Mill. Milk was given to children of women who come to work in the mill. After drinking this milk 17 children were attacked by diarrhoea and vomitting. They were soon sent to hospital. Bhogilal Sheth representing mill authority also came to hospital in spite of best efforts by doctors 3 children died. Bhogilal Sheth also sent his personal doctor. It is said that due to mixing of some poisonous substance or by falling of a wall lizard or some poisonous insect this has happened.

People IN THE NEWS

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS

BOMBAY, April 19:

The Prime Minister of India, Sir Girja Shanker Bajpai, Mr. M. O. Mathai and Mr. J. S. Mehta arrived at Government House. Later The Prime Minister of India, Sir Girja Shanker Bajpai, Mr. M. O. Mathai and Mr. J. S. Mehta left for London.

Mr. Durga Shanker Bajpai came to lunch.

Mr. and Mrs. Indira Gandhi have arrived.

*

MR. SATYANARAIN SINHA

NEW DELHI, April 19 (API): Mr. Satyanarain Sinha, Minister of State, is leaving on a two-week tour of Bihar this afternoon.

*

MADRAS GOVERNOR

OOTACAMUND, April 19 (API): The Governor of Madras accompanied by the Maharani of Bhavanagar arrived here today from Madras.

*

CONGRESS PRESIDENT

MADRAS, April 19 (API): Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, President of the Indian National Congress arrived in Madras this evening by the Grand Trunk Express from Delhi.

*

MRS. VIJAYALAKSHMI

SIMLA, April 19 (UPI): Shrimati Vijayalakshmi, Ambassador-designate for India in the United States of America, arrived in Simla today.

*

MAJ. GEN. CHOUDHURY

OOTACAMUND, April 19 (API): Major-General Choudhury, Military Governor of Hyderabad, who has been on a brief visit here, left for Coimbatore today from where he will fly to Madras. He will return to Hyderabad on April 21 after talks with the officialsr of the Madras Government on problems of common interest.

Major-General and Mrs. Choudhury were guests of honour at an at home given by members of the Lawley Institute yesterday.

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SIR MIRZA ISMAIL

BANGALORE, April 19 (API): Sir Mirza Ismail, former Dewan of Mysore will leave here on May 1 for England on a six weeks' tour to study post-war England.

After a month's stay in England he will visit France and Germany

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MR. MORARJI DESAI.

KOLHAPUR, April 19. (A.P.I.): Mr. Morarji Desai, Bombay's Home Minister, will arrive here by air on the morning of April 21, on a three-day visit to the State, it is learnt.

HAND PRINTED CLOTH TO BE SOLD LOCALLY

Temporary Concessions To Merchants

The Government of Bombay allowed, in February last, the export, outside the Province, of printed cloth lying frozen with processors and dealers, after getting it TCB stamped. It was since represented to the Government that some of the hand printed goods were specially manufactured for local consumption only and as such it would be difficult to find buyers for them outside the Province. It has, therefore, decided, as a measure of further relief, to allow the sale of such cloth locally. Temporary licences, which will be valid up to May 31, 1949, will be issued to dealers and processors on application. These licences will not be extended for any further period. It is for the merchants to see that they dispose of their stocks within the prescribed period.

Processors and dealers in Greater Bombay should apply to the Provincial Textile Controller for a licence and in the districts to the District Magistrate concerned. There is no need to TCB stamp the goods if they are sold locally, but goods proposed to be sold outside the Province must be TCB stamped before any permit for export is granted. This concession will apply only to printed goods (hand printed, machine printed and screen printed) and dyed cloth (dyed by processors) and not to mill printed and mill dyed stocks.

Widow Rewarded For Constable's Bravery

The Government of Bombay has granted a cash reward of Rs. 500 to the widow of a constable of the Greater Bombay Police for the bravery of her husband, who lost his life while preventing certain miscreants from carrying on unlawful activities, in January last. Besides, a sum of Rs. 100 was paid to her, as an immediate measure of relief, by the Commissioner of Police from the private funds at his disposal. The Government is also considering the question of granting her a family pension.

Police Constable No. 2427/D Balkram Kashiram Rane was on fixed post duty at Parel Chawl Road near Jai Hind Talkies on the night of January 24 last, when he was assaulted by some miscreants and fatally stabbed. Investigations in the case are proceeding.

INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES FOR ADJUDICATION

The industrial disputes between the New Jack Printing Works, Limited, and the Famous Cine Laboratory, both of Bombay, and their respective workers have been referred for adjudication to the Industrial Tribunal of Mr. Salim M. Merchant.

RAJKOT, April 19. (A.P.I.): Nine acts of the Government of India, including Commercial Documents Evidence Act, the Industrial Statistics Act, the Indian Sales of Goods Act and the Indian Partnership Act have been applied to the United States of Saurashtra, it is learnt here. The Acts come into operation from May 1.

BOMBAY Stock Exchange

Opening Decline In Tata Steels Attracts Scattered Short Covering

BOMBAY, April 19.

The local Stock Exchange opened quiet and during the early part, scattered short covering helped moderate recovery in Steel shares but the improvement attracted increased offerings and a portion of the rise was lost in subsequent trading. The general confidence is impaired as even after decline of about 60 per cent in Steel shares from the highest level reached in 1946, there is utter absence of any investment support. The market is becoming oversold but Bears are not inclined to cover owing to absence of any constructive development. Under such a state, further decline in prices can easily be seen but as its often happens, if shorts come in to cover there will be scarcity of offerings. Thus it seems unwise to sell short at present level.

Tata Steel Defds. opened today at Rs. 1282-8 and advanced at Rs. 1310, but quietened at Rs. 1295. Ordinary shares were placed at Rs 265. Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 920 and improved at Rs. 927, Kohinoors opened at Rs. 275 and improved at Rs. 277-8 while Swadeshi shares were done at Rs. 290. Scindia shares declined to a new low level of Rs. 14-15.

Later on there was scattered short covering and Tata Steel Defds were done at Rs. 1308-12 while Ordinary shares werre placed at Rs 265-5 Indian Irons were done at Rs. 21-15 and Bengal Sheets came in business at Rs. 18-2. Bombay Dyeings were placed at Rs. 931-4 and Central India shares were quoted at Rs. 242-8. Gokaks changed hands at Rs. 271-4 and Kohinoors were quoted at Rs. 278-12. Simplex shares stood at Rs. 174, Tata Powers were quoted at Rs. 1505XD. Associated Cements were placed at Rs. 136-4. Bellapurs were quoted at Rs. 207-8, Scindia shares were quoted at Rs. 15-1. New India shares were placed at Rs. 56-8. The market closed steady under scattered short covering.

FORWARD SECTION

MILL SHARES		
Bombay Dyeing (10-8)	925	0
Kohinoor Mill (4-2)	276	8
Svadeshi Mills (1-4)	290	8
Central India Mills (4)	241	8
Simplex Mills (3)	175	0
New Great Eastern (8)	159	0
Indore (9 plus 3)	140	0
Gokak Mills (12) XD	270	8
Century Spinning (15)	251	4
Colaba (12)	150	0
India Bleaching (6)	152	8
Swan Mills (20)	318	0
Finlay Mills (15)	273	0
Morarji Gokuldas	455	0
Edward Sassoon (30)	215	0
Meyer (12)	111	4
Apollo Mills (As. 4)	2	15 6
India United Defd. (0-12-9)	10	11 6
Indian United Ord. (0-2-6)	1	8 3
Madhusudan Mill (15)	180	0
Podar (5)	138	12
Khatau Makanji (5)	198	12
Indore Coupon	83	0
STEEL SHARES		
Tata Steel Ord. (4)	264	8
Tata Steel Defd. (64-15)	1302	8
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (7-8)	138	12
CEMENT		
Associated Cement (6)	136	0
INDUSTRIES		
Burma (12-8)	277	2
Belapur Sugar (9)	204	0
Shivrajpur Syndicate (1-8)	26	12
Scindia Steam (0-8)	14	14
Premier Construction	99	8
Tata Chemical	10	6
Tata Oil (2)	57	12
Indian Iron (0-12)	21	14
Bengal Steel (0-8-0)	18	2
British India Corp. (0-9)	7	13
I Copper	2	1
Wimco	171	4
Alcock	255	0
ELECTRIC SHARES		
Tata Power (25)	1481	4
Andhra Valley (30)	1397	8
Tata Hydro (3)	147	8

CASH SECTION

Elphinstone Mills (5)	65	0
Phonix	197	8
Indian Mfg.	1150	0
Kurla	107	8
New City	180	0
Minerva (12)	128	12
Bradbury	460	0
Bharat Mills (2)	29	0
Bharucha Defd. (0-4)	4	13
Mysore Spg Mills (8)	172	8
Madhavji Dharamsi (0-12)	14	8
Model Mills (12-8)	185	10
Lakshmi Cotton (25)	580	0
Vishnu Cotton (8)	197	8
Sassoon Cotton Mills (0-8)	9	12
Western India (40)	4170	0
Standard (15)	22[illegible]	
Sholapur Mills (200)	3300	0
Hindustan Mills (40)	625	0
Tata Mills (2-4)	39	0
Ahmedabad Advance Old (9)	280	0
Ahmedabad Advance New	198	0
Sassoon Silk (3)	77	8
New Union Mills (0-8)	9	0
Madhusudan B (2-8)	25	0
Srinivas Mills (8)	150	0
Raja Bahadur Poona (4)	28!	12
Berar Mills	28!	4
Victoria Mills	225	0
Great New	156	0
ELECTRICS (CASH)		
Ahmedabad Electric (4-8)	118	12
Ahmedabad New	44	4
Surat Electric (2-8)	141	4
Karachi Electric (2)	131	4
Broach (0-8)	10	10
Ajmer Electricity (0-8)	10	0 8
Amalgamated (0-12)		12-8
Nagpur Electricity (1-12)	26	8
Poona Electric Supply (8)	146	4
Bombay Suburban (3)	162	8
Bombay Suburban new (2)	152	8
BANK SHARES		
Imperial Bank of India (35)	1842	8
Imperial Bank of India P.P (8-12)	440	0
Central Bank	81	0
Central Bank New (1-8)	81	0
Bank of India (4) XD	185	0
Union (0-)	7	7
Bank of Baroda (2-8) XD	128	0
Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1-8)	48	0
United Commercial (1-8)	53	0
Jaipu Bank (1-8)	39	8
Hindustan Commercial	26	12
Mysore Bank (8)	365	0
Exchange Bank (1-8)	23	0
Eastern Bank (0-14-6)	105	0
INSURANCE		
Oriental (125)	5100	0
Empire (10)	625	0
New India (1-)	56	0
Jupiter (1-4)	19	0
Vulcan (0-10)	11	14
Indian Mercantile (2)	38	0
Universal (0-4)	11	4
B. I. G. (1)	19	12
Industrial and Prudential	20	6
Neptune	6	2
New Great	25	0
All India General	15	10
RAILWAY SHARES		
G.I.P. (1-14)	311	0
Pachora Junnar Rly (2-8)	120	4
MISCELLANEOUS SHARES		
Steamer (10)	260	0
Bombay Burma New (5)	105	0
Burma Petrol	1	5
Mackenzie (6)	70	0
Port Canning (3)	68	8
Kemp and Co (30)	415	0
Zandu Pharmacy (7)	150	0
Industrial Invest Trust (3-12)	92	12
Dharamsey Chemical (2)	39	0
Mukund Iron	10	0
Dena Trust (0-12)	18	0
Alembic (15)	191	4
Supreme India X.R.		
Jam Wire (6)	67	4
Bombay Uganda	60	8
Bombay Motor Cycle	30	0
Indian Cement (1937)	18	0
Walchand Nagar Industries (F.S.)	148	13
Associated Cement New (3)	132	0
United Motor	32	0
Bombay Safe Deposit (27)	880	0
Hydary Construction	19	10
Mahmadi Steam	96	0
Gujarat Motor	20	0
Sardar Carbolic X.D	700	0
Harvey Press	310	0
Estrela Batteries	51	0
Manmad Press	120	0
PREFERENCE SHARES		
Tata Steel 1st (6)	191	14
Andhra Valley (7)	1212	8
Tata Power (7-8)	1260	0
Hydro Electric (7)	125	10
Bombay Steamer (6)	306	4
Central India (5)	625	0
Swadeshi Mills	126	4
Vishnu Mills (7)	640	0
Lakshmi Mills	275	0
New Great Mills (5-8)	227	8
Podar Mills (4)	108	0
Shrinivas Mills	98	0
Elphinstone Mills (7)	116	4
Bradbury Mills (7-8)	310	0
Surat Electricity (3-4)	145	0
Premier Construction 1st (61-4)	118	0
Premier Construction 2nd (6-4)	102	0
Amalgamated (5-8)	123	2
Habib	72	0
Tata Chemical (5)	125	0
Walchand Nagar Indus (7)	130	0
Jupiter General	19	14
Supreme	100	0
Meyer	121	4
Mackenzie 1st	85	0
Mackenzie 2nd	80	0
Ahmedabad Advance	132	8
Mysore Mills	50	0
Standard Mills	101	0
Madhusudan Mills	12	0
Khatau Mills	102	8
Morarji	108	0
DEBENTURES		
Andhra 1953 (4)	103	8
Bombay Steamer (1959) (4-8)	101	10
Indian Hume Pipe (6)	101	0
Walchand Nagar (6)	105	0
Tata Power 1951	103	1
OUTSIDE SHARES		
Burma Corporation	2	6
New Victoria Mill	2	4
New Victoria Mills (Pref)	4	14
Phalton Sugar (8) X.D.	105	0
Gold Mohur (20)	312	8
Jaya Kaiser-Hind	360	0
Sajjan Mills (20)	160	0
Osmanshahi Mills (10)	280	0
Azam Jahi Mills (10)	275	0
Air Service XR	7	0
Air India	91	0
Hind Motor	4	1 6

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, April 19.

2 1/2 per cent 1954	98	7	0
2 1/2 per cent 1950	100	5	0
2 1/2 per cent 1956	99	10	0
2 1/2 per cent 1961	96	8	0
2 3/4 per cent 1960	99	7	0
2 3/4 per cent 1962	99	0	0
2 3/4 per cent 1976	96	10	0
3 per cent non-terminable	98	0	0
3 per cent 1986 Con	98	4	0
3 per cent 1949-52	100	8	0
3 per cent 1951-54	101	2	0
3 per cent 1953-56	101	7	0
3 per cent 1957	101	1	0
3 per cent 1959-61	100	13	0
3 per cent 1963-65	100	0	0
3 per cent 1966-68	99	14	0
3 per cent 1970-75	100	0	0
3 1/2 per cent 1954-59	104	10	0
4 per cent 1960-70	110	8	0
4 1/2 per cent 1950-55	103	8	0
4 1/2 per cent 1955-60	111	9	0
4 1/2 per cent 1963-68	114	14	0
PROVINCIAL LOANS			
2 3/4 per cent U P 1961	97	10	0
2 3/4 per cent Madras 1961	97	8	0
3 per cent Punjab 1949	99	0	0
3 per cent Bombay 1955	100	12	0
3 per cent Bombay 1958	100	10	0
3 per cent Madras 1952-53	100	6	0
3 per cent U. P. 1952	100	6	0
3 pa cent C.P. 1952	100	8	0
3 per cent U. P. 1952	100	6	0
1977	100	14	0
3 per cent N. W. P. 1952	97	4	0
nality	110	8	0
6 per cent Bom Muni 1954	115	0	0
5 per cent Bom Muni 1959	114	0	0
3 p.c. Bom. Municipality 1960-60	107	0	0

GOLD & SILVER

BOMBAY, April 19.

The local Bullion market was again active today with a fairly large turnover. Today being clearing rates settlement day, operators were making attempts to influence prices to their advantage. As pointed out before in the absence of fresh arrivals, the market is easily manipulated by professional operators. Demand for Gold continues above daily arrivals but actual demand for silver is somewhat slow.

At the opening forward silver for Vaishakh delivery was quoted at Rs. 177-6 but steadily declined at Rs. 176-12 under long liquidation. At this level there was renewed buying and quotation rallied at Rs. 177-4.

Spot Bullion Silver was quoted at Rs. 177-4 while mint silver was quoted annas six higher at Rs. 177-10.

Vaishakh delivery gold opened at Rs. 112 and sharply declined at Rs. 111-6 on general realising. At this level there was renewed buying by professional operators and the market improved at Rs. 111-12. Ready Gold was placed at Rs. 113-4 and Sovereigns were quoted at Rs. 74-4.

Later on there was brisk buying and Silver advanced at Rs. 180|- and closing quotations were as under:—

Ready Silver	179 14 0
Silver Vaishakh	179 14 0
Ready Gold	112 12 0
Gold Vaishakh	111 14 0
Sovereigns	74 8 0

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE.

BOMBAY, April 19.

Tata Ordinary 264 8; Tata Deferred 1302 8; Indian Iron 21/14; Steel Corpn. of Bengal 18 2; Bombay Dyeing 926; Central India 242/8; Gokak 270/10; Kohinoor 276/4; Simplex 175; Swadeshi 290/10; Tata Power 1481/4. Associated Cement Ex.D. 136/4; Belapur 204 6; Bombay Burma (Old) 271 14; Scindia 14/14; Central Bank 81; New India 56; Tata 2nd Pref. 138/12.

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, April 19.

Increased arrivals of groundnuts induced liberal offerings in the local market which ruled quiet with moderate decline in prices of groundnuts and linseed. Castorseeds market remains manipulated and buying and selling by professional operators is by professional operators is influencing the trend of prices.

Castorseeds September delivery opened to-day at Rs. 136/8 and declined at Rs. 136/6 under scattered selling. This small loss was followed by modest support and the market advanced at Rs. 136|10. Later the market was quiet and closed at Rs. 136|5.

Quotations were as under:—

GROUNDNUTS—			
Khandesh quality	38	14	0
Coromandal	38	6	0
Bold ready	37	10	0
Bold April-May	37	11	0
Bold June-July	38	4	0
CASTORSEEDS—			
Ready	27	4	0
May delivery	140	0	0
September	136	5	0
LINSEEDS—			
Ready	29	15	0
April-May	29	8	0
June-July	29	3	0
GROUNDNUT OILS—			
Ready	21	3	0
Ready receipts	21	1	0
April	21	2	0
May	21	3	0
June	21	4	0
July	21	5	0
Linseed oil	18	12	0
Castorseed oil first pressing quality	17	8	0
Castorseed oil commercial quality	18	8	0

HESSIAN MARKET.

BOMBAY, April 19.

	Pice.
45X11.	
Ready	92-1/2
April-May	92-1/2
June-August	91-1/2
40X28 Bags.	
Ready	117 0 0
April-June	113 0 0

Large Crop Ideas And Washington Uncertainties Depress Cotton Prices

WALL STREET MARKET NARROWLY LOWER DUE TO BUYING APATHY

NEW YORK, April 18 (PTI-Reuter) Increased selling after initial irregularity stressed the current paucity of outside support which remains curbed by Washington uncertainties and large acreage ideas. New Orleans interests were particularly noted during this period with prices dropping about one dollar a bale. Pressure was partly attributed to smaller expected monthly consumption report, continued poor demand for spot cotton and easiness of the grain markets.

A slight steadiness around noon reflected improved mill demand and covering. Old crops led the afternoon rally which erased most of the interim declines before the market again found offerings increasing This rally was mostly due to short covering though mills gave scattered support and sellers were more cautious.

New crops rallied sympathetically but business in these slackened on recovery reflecting the desire to await Washington matters particularly concerning the new farm programme. Finally liquidation was renewed against near months and prices finished under the best for the day. The market closed steady with sales estimated at 250,000 bales.

NEW YORK COTTON CLOSINGS.

New York, April 18.

May	32.85—07
July	32.04—07
July Highest	32.09—02
July Lowest	31.89—22
October	28.92—15
December	28.69—12
March	28.56—12
Middling Spot	33.93—18

NEW ORLEANS COTTON CLOSINGS

New York, April 18.

May	32 74+03
July	31.96—06
October	28.88—12
December	28 63—15
Middling Spot	32.95—05

WALL STREET MARKET

The markets drifted idly within a narrow range as uncertainty regarding federal policies and the future of business continued to plague investors and scrutiny of the weekend news provided little new incentive. Selected oils received some support with the approach of the expected record breaking gasoline consumption period. Nonferrous minings ignored some expectations of copper price cut this week by mine producers and reports that some mebers of the Triestate Ore Producing Association were discussing sharp production cuts because of the lead and zinc price declines. The average were Industrials and rails 177.08 and 48.70 respectively.

The Utility average backed away slightly today from the new 1949 peak of 36.38 attained last week. The Picture in utilities—espcially electric energy and natural gas companies—is one of steady dividends and prospects of further expansion in revenue. Some quarters say that the new stength in the utility average, sufficient to penetrate the 36.50 level, might signal an additional rapid advance in this unusually stolidly performing group. While the industrial average continued to hold small gain the market balance swung narrowly lower mainly due to buying apathy. The composite average rate finished with a minor loss. The market closed irregular.

CHICAGO GRAINS

CHICAGO, April 18 (Pti-Reuter) The market displayed an easy undertone under the leadership of wheat reflecting commission house liquidation prompted by continued favourable weather & crop advises and slow commercial demand. Weakness in cash wheat late on Saturday and nervousness over future Government buying for export were additional unsettling factors. Partial recoveries at times under short covering were hampered by trade reports indicating further softness in cash wheat values. Maize managed to resist the decline largely as a result of limited country offerings.

CHICAGO WHEAT.

CHICAGO, April 18.

May	2.21-7/8.
July	1.93-1/4.
September	1.93-3/8.
December	1.94-5/8.

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY, April 19.

MILLS

Apollo 2/15/6
Bharat 29
B. Dyeing 920 15 28/12 25 32/8 23 12 25
C. India 237/8 40 39/8 42/8 41/8
Finlay 271/8 73
Gokak 270 71 69 8 70/8 70 70.8
I. U. Defd. 1/7/6 1/8/3
I. U. Ord. 10/10 10/12 10/11/6
Indore 142/8 40
Kohinoor 275 74 78/8 75.8 76/8 to 76 8
Laxmi 580
Model 185/10
Phoenix 197/8
Simplex 172/8 74 73 75/8 75
Svadeshi 289 88 92/8 90 8
Tata Mills 57/4 57
Vishnu 197/8
Hindustan 4000
C. P. Rly. 111

STEAMER

B. Steam 260
Scindia 14/15 14/14 15 1/6 14/14

BANKS

Baroda 128/8 28
Central 80/8 81/8 81
Central A New 81
Imperial Old 1860 42.8
Imperial New 440
India 185/12 85 86 84/8 85
Union 7/7 7/6 7/7
U. Commercial 53

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 119/6 20 18/12
Andhra Valley 1400 1397/8
Surat 140 41/4
Hydro 148 47/8
Hydro Pref. 125
Power 1482/8 83/12 81/4 (ex Div)
Power Pref. 1260 (Ex Div

INSURANCE

B. I. C. 19/12
I. Mercantile 38/8 37
New India 56/8 56/12 55/8 56

STEEL

B. Steel 17/14 18/2
I. Iron 21/10 21/14 21/12 21/14
Tata Defd. 1280 77/8 1307/8 2/8 15 1290 1300 1295 1302/8
Tata Ord. 260 65/12 65/8 66/8 63/8 64/8
Tata 2nd Pref. 139 38/8 38/12

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 255
A. C. C. Old 136 35 36/4 36
A. C. C. New 131 32/4 32
Belapur 205 8 4
B. B. Old 275 78/2 77/4
B. B. New 105
B. B. Petrol 1/4/9 1/4/6 1/5
B. I. C. 7/13
I. Copper 2/1/6 2/1
P. Const. 103 6/12 99 101 99/8
P. Const. 2nd Pref. 102
Shivrajpur 25/12 25/8 26/12
Tata Chem. 10/8 10/4 10/6
Tata Pref. 122/8
Tata Oil 58/12 57/12
Wimco 175 71/4

SPECIAL

Ahmedabad Elec. New 44 44/8
Alembic Chemical Old 191/4 (Ex Right)
Khatau Pref. 102
Cooria Mills 107/8

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, April 19.

There was no forward business today in the local cotton market as quotations were above ceiling level.

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

Indian cotton July contract is 814 cents points below New York July at Exchange rate 331.

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES

BOMBAY, April 16.

	Bales.
Exports by rail from 1st September 1948 to 14th April 1949	290933
Estimated Mill consumption in Bombay from 1st Sept. 1948 to 14th April 1949	821778
Same period last year	653001
Estimated stock of raw cotton held by Exporters Dealers and Mills in Bombay on 14th April 1949	490262
Same time last year	1014478

FOREIGN COTTON.
(In bales of 400 lbs. gross i.e. 392 lbs. nett).

WEST ZONE.	STOCKS AS ON 28-2-49.	29-2-48.
SOME AND FREE AREAS		
Bombay Island	185,740	201,793
Ahmedabad	66,089	126,246
Remainder	24,386	36,335
Total West Zone	276,215	374,171

	CONSUMPTION FROM 1-9-48 to 28-2-49.	1-9-47 to 29-2-48.
WEST ZONE.		
Bombay Island	171,436	250,079
Ahmedabad	122,087	179,114
Remainder	42,470	72,318
Total West Zone	336,993	501,511

	STOCKS AS ON 28-2-49.	29-2-48.
SOME AND FREE AREAS		
NORTH ZONE.		
Delhi	5,588	7,659
Cawnpore	29,238	107,709
Calcutta	8,100	7,480
Remainder	9,517	25,834
Total North Zone	52,443	148,682
SOUTH ZONE	44,525	67,241
CENTRAL FREE AREA	4,870	3,029
NORTH FREE AREA	379	531
TOTAL INDIAN DOMINION	378,432	593,654

	CONSUMPTION FROM 1-9-48 to 28-2-49.	1-9-47 to 29-2-48.
NORTH ZONE.		
Delhi	12,088	21,873
Cawnpore	33,084	103,941
Calcutta	9,686	21,149
Remainder	22,719	56,440
Total North Zone	77,577	203,303
SOUTH ZONE	73,209	94,134
CENTRAL FREE AREA	1,853	3,563
NORTH FREE AREA	451	2,048
TOTAL INDIAN DOMINION	490,083	805,559

COTTON CONSUMPTION BY MILLS

The following is the summary of Indian Dominion Mills Consumption upto and Stocks of Cotton as on 28th February, compared with previous season by Zones and Free Areas as defined in the Cotton Movements Control Order.
(In bales of 400 lbs. gross i.e. 392 lbs. nett).

ZONES & FREE AREAS	STOCKS AS ON 28-2-49.	29-2-48.
WEST ZONE.		
Bombay Island	243,928	212,075
Ahmedabad	100,944	76,605
Remainder	189,531	215,887
Total West Zone	534,043	504,567

	CONSUMPTION FROM 1-9-48 to 28-2-49.	1-9-47 to 29-2-48.
WEST ZONE.		
Bombay Island	451,811	301,336
Ahmedabad	217,181	111,970
Remainder	351,928	311,540
Total West Zone	1,020,920	724,846

ZONES & FREE AREAS	STOCKS AS ON 28-2-49.	29-2-48.
NORTH ZONE.		
Delhi	29,159	21,431
Cawnpore	114,377	34,959
Calcutta	18,238	14,498
Remainder	39,986	18,879
Total North Zone	201,760	89,767
SOUTH ZONE	130,245	192,152
CENTRAL FREE AREA	110,215	102,090
NORTHERN FREE AREA	546	246
TOTAL INDIAN DOMINION	977,169	888,777

	CONSUMPTION FROM 1-9-48 to 28-2-49.	1-9-47 to 29-2-48.
Delhi	36,398	15,031
NORTH ZONE.		
Cawnpore	112,044	32,414
Calcutta	30,489	17,018
Remainder	92,670	40,431
Total North Zone	262,601	105,794
SOUTH ZONE	330,978	216,262
CENTRAL FREE AREA	101,117	115,030
NORTHERN FREE AREA	463	503
TOTAL INDIAN DOMINION	1,726,074	1,162,435

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

LONDON, April 18.

American Telephone and Telegraph	145-1/2
Amerex Holding Co.	26-1/2
Anaconda Copper Mining	30-1/8
Chase National Bank	35-1/4
Sinclair Oil Co.	23-1/4
Firestone Tyre and Rubber Co.	49-3/8
General Electric Co.	37-1/8
General Motors	59-5/8
Ingersol Rand bid	60-1/4
International Nickel	28-3/8
National City Bank of New York	40-1/4
New York Central Rail Road Co.	11-3/8
Socony Vacuum Corporation	16-1/2
Texas Corporation	54-1/2
Union Carbide	37-3/4
U. S. Smelting Refining Mining Co.	46-3/8
U. S. Stel Corporation Common	72-1/4
Western Union Telegraph	15-3/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE CLOSED.
London, April 18.
London Stock Exchange remained closed. also other London markets.

NEW YORK SILVER.
NEW YORK, April 18.
U. S. Price of Foreign Silver 71-1/2 cents.

Shipping News

IMPORTS

BOMBAY, April 19.

M. V. CIRCASSIA

From Liverpool: 30 coils copper strip, 60 drums silicate of soda, 58 loose jacks, 112 ctns solid zinc, 258 loose mild steel plates, 43 bales printing paper, 42 cases paper, 29 cases switchboard parts, 450 bags magnesite cement, 800 bags magnesite beams, 62 cases crown cork stoppers, 250 bundles beam flanges, 225 ctns glass tumblers, 42 ctns sugar confectionery, 86 bundles drilling rods, 200 cases Rowntree cocoa, 60 cases chocolates, 40 trusses asbestos fibre, 104 cases writing ink, 67 bales broken tiles, 70 cases Scotch whisky, 340 ctns glass store jars, 134 drums aniline dyes, 114 bundles conduits, 100 bundles cycle rims, 150 cases tiles, 105 bundles conduit tubes, 30 cases glass, 291 cases textile machinery, 30 cases window glass, 325 bundles motor car accumulator parts, 88 pieces sanitary e'ware, 150 barrels tecnpols, 1,844 bundles steel bailing hoops, 104 cases Sanatgen and literature, 205 cases window glass, 82 cases pedel cycles, 175 ctns hurricane lanterns, 200 bags boiler lagging, 1,392 drums lubricating oil, 97 cases biscuits, 4,005 bundles steel hoops, 167 bundles wrought steel tubes, 50 cases triplex sheet glass, 72 cases electric machinery, 187 cases radio sets, 50 drums cresylic acids, 30 cases looms, 126 packages felt base floor coverings, 176 cases plate glass, 35 cases window glass, 60 ctns glass ware, 43 drums dry aniline dyes, 95 casks alizarine, 71 cases revolving flat carding engines, 42 cases cigarettes, 434 cases barium nitrate, 36 cases cotton, 951 cases aluminium ware, 450 drums bleaching powder.

S. S. MERWEDE

From Rotterdam: 60 cases knitting machines.

From Genoa: 2,335 cases artificial silk yarn, 155 cases rayon yarn, 106 bales artificial staple fibre yarn, 70 cases rayon yarn.

From Alexandria: 6,458 bales cotton.

From Port Said: 241 bales writing paper.

EXPORTS

GOODS ENTERED FOR EXPORT
S. S. JEHANGIR

To Port Sudan: 25 bags dry dates and 20 bales cotton piecegoods—C. Kasturchand.

To Aden: 30 bales cotton piecegoods—C. Kasturchand.

S. S. STAR ALEYONE

To Colombo: 54 bags methiseed—M. A. Pillai.

S. S. NETRAVATI

To Karachi: 37 bags gum karaya—H. Essak.

Arrivals And Departures Of Steamers

ARRIVALS

Nil.

DEPARTURES

S.S. BORNEO FOR CALCUTTA with general cargo on April 18.

S.S. UMANA for Abadan with general cargo on April 18.

S.S. ABBEKERK for Brisbane with general cargo on April 19.

We give below the latest information regarding vessels due to arrive at and sail from Bombay under the Agency of Messrs. Volkart Bros:

From U. S. Pacific Coast:
S.S. "SAMARINDA" due 6th May.
S.S. "SILVERASH" due 29th May.

From U. S. Atlantic Coast:
S.S. "SQUTHMOOR" due 30th April.
S.S. "TALISSE" due 14th May.
S.S. "BANTAM" due 12th May.

From Rotterdam-Antwerp:
S.S. "NORBRYN" due 29th April.
S.S. "LEKKERKERK" due 15th May.

From Persian Gulf via Karachi:
S.S. "MANOERAN" due 30th April.
S.S. "HOEGH SILVERCREST" due 24th April.
S.S. "LINDEKERK" due 30th April.

From Italy:
S.S. "TAURINIA" due 25th April.
S.S. "SPARTA" due 9th May.
S.S. "CARBONELLO" due 11th May.

From Australia:
S.S. "HOEGH SILVERSTAR" due 3rd May.

DUE TO SAIL FROM BOMBAY

For Calcutta via Colombo:
S.S. "MERWEDE" sails 29th April.
S. S. "NORBRYN" sails 12th May.
S.S. "LEKKERKERK" sails 29th May.
S.S. "SILVERASH" sails 6th June.

For U. S. Pacific Coast:
S.S. "MANOERAN" sails 6th May.

From Italy:
S.S. "TAURINIA" sails 3rd May.
S.S. "SPARTA" sails 17th May.
S.S. "CARBONELLO" sails 19th May.

For Persian Gulf via Karachi:
S. S. "HOEGH SILVERCREST" sails 23rd April.
S.S. "SAMARINDA" sails 20th May.

For Australia:
S.S. "TOEGH SILVERSTAR" sails 27th April.

For U. S. Atlantic Coast:
S.S. "HOEGH SILVERSTAR" sails 15th May.

For Mediterranean and North Continental Ports:

G. I. P. Railway's Earnings For March

The approximate earnings of the G.I.P. Rly., for the month and to end of the month of March 1949 amounted to Rs. 4,24,04,000 and Rs. 39,19,31,000 against the actuals of Rs. 3,77,41,000 and Rs. 31,94,16,000 respectively in the corresponding month of the last year.

New York Pepper Prices

NEW YORK, April 18. (UPA)—Black pepper futures closed inactive and 200 lower to 200 points higher. The spot market remained quiet with buyers ignoring the markdown of three cents per pound on spot quotations since late last week. Dealers were growing uneasy over the effect of high prices on domestic consumer trade.

Mid-Western meat packers, usually accounting for 40 per cent of the domestic offtake were reported to be switching to substitutes because of the high prices of pepper.

Statisticians pointed out pepper prices recently reached near one dollar per pound compared with the pre-war level of four to eight cents per pound.

Spice broker J. B. Budde, commenting on the recent market action, says "the main feature was pressure to dispose of afloat parcels arriving New York. Although the volume of these offers was not considerable, lack of grinders' interest sufficed to bring spot and afloat pepper prices even with prices asked for shipment from India. The Indian market had been very erratic and the price difference of two to three cents has been experienced from one day to another. Contrary to reduced offers for spot and afloat goods, the market for shipment has been holding up quiet well and bids made under the current market values have not led to business".

Spot Lampong was offered at 82 cents per pound. A similar basis existed on nearby afloats extending to May shipment. June/July shipments were quoted at 80 cents per pound.

White pepper was quoted at $1.18 for shipment from Holland.

Closing prices included:

May 80, July 80, September 76, October 69, December 60, January 55, March 50.

In the spot market, black was quoted at 82 cents asked and white at $1.18 nom.

Other seed prices included: Castorseds $103 nom. Cottonseeds $60 nom. Flaxseed $6.00. Linseed oil 27.6 cents. Groundnuts 17.50-.75 Groundnut oil 12-1/4

PEPPER PRICES.

BOMBAY, April 19.

Vaishakh dely.	1525 to 1535
Jeth dely.	1545 to 1555

SUGAR PRICES.

BOMBAY, April 19.

Inferior Quality	89	0	0
Bazar Quality	90	8	0
Big Chrystal	92	0	0
Buland	102	0	0
May dely.	32	0	0
August dely.	32	0	0
January 1950	28	11	0
Arrivals today Bags		4715	

ART SILK YARN.

BOMBAY, April 19.

120 D. Ready	3	8	6
150 Japan Ready	3	11	0
150 D. Box April	735	0	0
150 D. Box May	745	0	0

ANNECY TRADE AND TARIFF TALKS

ANN

MOVE TO SET UP DEFENCE SCIENCE ORGANISATION

Delhi Conference To Explore Service Requirement Of Nation

NEW DELHI, April 19 (API): A defence science conference, intended to stimulate interest among Indian scientists in defence research, will be held in Delhi from April 20 to 22.

Sponsored by the Defence Ministry of the Government of India, the Conference, first of its kind to be held in India, will provide an opportunity for discussion and exchange of ideas between scientists working in defence establishments and those in the Universities and other research institutions.

In order to meet the country's defence requirements, the Government of India are contemplating to have as early as possible, a defence science organisation. Preliminary steps in this direction have already been taken by the setting up of a Defence Science Policy Board and a Defence Science Advisory Committee.

INTEGRATION OF MILITARY AND SCIENTIFIC THOUGHT

The Board is presided over by the Defence Secretary and includes, besides the Commanders-in-Chief of the three Services Dr S S Bhatnagar, Secretary of the Department of Scientific and Industrial Research, Dr. H. J. Bhabha, Director of the Tata Institute of Fundamental Research, Bombay, Dr K S Krishnan Director of the National Physical Laboratory Delhi, and Dr D S Kothari, Scientific Adviser to the Ministry of Defence. It is concerned with the wider aspects of defence science and policy and integration of military and scientific thought.

The Committee, which has on it representatives of the three Services, the Ministry of Industry and Supply and the Department of Scientific and Industrial Research, is presided over by the Scientific Adviser. Its functions are to consider the technical and scientific aspects of service requirements and to keep itself in touch with the scientific and industrial development of the country.

INAUGURAL SESSION

The Conference will be inaugurated at the new Convocation Hall of Delhi University at 9-30 a.m. tomorrow by Dr Bhatnagar in the place of the Defence Minister, Sardar Baldev Singh. The Vice-Chancellor of Delhi University, Sir Maurice Gwyer, will welcome the delegates. The inaugural speech will be followed by lectures on scientific subjects in relation to defence problems by Dr D S Kothari, Dr S S Bhatnagar, Lt-General K S Master, Director-General, Armed Forces Medical Services, Dr J C Ghosh, Director-General of Industries and Supplies Major-General E Williams Engineer-in-Chief Armed Forces HQ, Squadron Leader J T Joseph Asst Director of Signal Air HQ, Brig H G Parcell, Director of Technical Development and Maj-General H H Steele, Master General of the Ordnance.

Thursday and Friday will be devoted to the reading of papers by eminent scientists including Dr K S Krishnan, Dr R N Chopra and Prof R G Majumdar.

The popular lectures and the inaugural function at 9-30 a.m. tomorrow will be open to the public.

MADRAS HARBOUR EXPANSION SCHEME

Tussle In Assembly Over Delhi's Proposal

MADRAS, April 19. (A.P.I.): In the Madras Assembly this evening, The Independent Party lodged an "emphatic protest" against the Government of India's proposal for southward extension of the Madras harbour from North Beach Road upto the Secretariat, a distance of a mile, along the South Marina Road.

Sir M. A. Muthiah Chettiar, Rajan of Chettinad, Leader of the Party who sought an half hour debate on the subject, held that the scheme was "ill-conceived and would seriously affect public health". He said that since 1910, the City's population had swelled fourfold from 3-1 2 lakhs to over 14 lakhs and the proposed extension would deprive this increased population of relaxation facilities at the beach.

A Congress Member said that the Madras beach ranked second best in the world and any attempt to expand the harbour would mean "surrender of this claim". He pointed out that the City Corporation had unanimously resolved against the proposal and said that he himself would lead a "Satyagraha" movement, if Government proceeded with the scheme in spite of the large volume of public opinion against the move.

Mr. M. Bakthavatsalam, Minister for Public Works, stated that the proposal for the southward expansion of the harbour had been decided by the Government of India, in order to develop India's trade. He assured the members that the expansion would in no way encroach upon the relaxation facilities of the public in as much as it would leave untouched the sea-front of hundred feet in width for public use.

The Minister stated that the Central Government had agreed to meet the cost for the construction of a separate building for the Secretariat and the Legislature in case the southward expansion were to cause any inconvenience to their working.

Mr. Bakthavatsalam stated that the present harbour was unable to cope with the increased port traffic. Big cargo vessels had to be anchored in mid ocean for several days for want of accommodation facilities at the harbour. At present the harbour could handle 17-1 2 lakh tons annually whereas after the present scheme was completed it could handle ten lakhs tons more of cargo traffic besides providing berths for ten more vessels.

4 Killed And 30 Wounded In Argentine Clashes

BUENOS AIRES, April 19. (PTI-Reuter): Troops were early today patrolling the streets of Argentina's northern provincial capital of Salta after rioting in which four people were killed and 30 wounded, some critically.

The rioting occurred last night after a call for a general strike by the provincial branch of the Argentine General Confederation of Labour.

50 police joined the strike which shut down the city's power plant and cut telephone and telegraphic communications.

No Change In Indo-Pakistan Postal Rates

KARACHI, April 19 (PTI-Reuter): Complete agreement on all points between India and Pakistan was reached when the Inter-Dominion conference on the postal and other rates concluded its two-day session here on Tuesday afternoon.

There will be no change in the present Inter-Dominion postal, telegraphic and telephone rates, it is reliably learnt.

The agreement is subject to ratification by the two Governments. The Pakistan delegation to the conference was led by Mr Mussarat Hussain Zuberi, Deputy Secretary, Ministry of Communications. The Indian Delegation consisted of Mr. H. L. Rairaj and Mr. Raman Nair.

SUGARCANE FORECAST FOR 1948-1949

Decline In Acreage In Indian Union

NEW DELHI, April 19. (U.P.I.): The final forecast of sugarcane of the Indian Union for 1948-49 shows that the area and yield for the current year is 3,645,000 acres and 4,984,000 tons of raw sugar (gur) as against 4,047,000 acres and 5,803,000 tons for 1947-48, being a decrease of 9.9 per cent and 14.1 per cent, respectively.

The decline in acreage has mainly occurred in the U.P. due to high prices of foodgrains and irregular supply of canal water, in East Punjab due to the situation following partition, in Madras and Hyderabad due to a fall in prices of gur at the time of planting and in Bombay and Saurashtra due to scarcity of rains. Proportionately a greater decline in yield has been generally attributed to unfavourable seasonal conditions in various parts of the country. In Bihar, West Bengal, Delhi and Bhopal some increase in acreage and yield was recorded.

SAURASHTRA MARKET QUOTATIONS

(From Our Correspondent)

RAJKOT, April 19

Rajkot Silver Vaishak 180 0 0, Rajkot Aronda May 180 0 0, Rajkot Aradia September 130 4 0, Rajkot Sugar Chaitra 90-2 0, Jamnagar Silver Vaishak 160 1 0, Jamnagar Aranda May 139 12 0, Wadhwan Cotton Jeth 26 10 0, Wadhwan Sugar Vaishak 15 15 0.

HAPUR MARKET RATES

(From Our Correspondent)

HAPUR, April 19

Wheat 19 to 20 8, Gram 13, Barley 12 12, Maize 12 8, Bajra 14, Juwar 14, Juwar 11 8, Peas Ready 12 14, Jeth 12 2, Arhar Ready 12 12, Jeth 12 9, Urd 17 8 Moong 19 8, Masoor 12 to 15, Sarson 27 12, Taraseed 21 to 23, Mustard Oil 74, Oilcake 9 4, Groundnut 17 8, Cottonseed 15 8, Oats 10, Gur 14 8, Vaishak 13 11 6, Fagun 11/8 6, Bardana Ready White 126, Red 107, Asuj 106, April 126 8, September 120 8, Silver 175 6, Gold 112/8.

KARACHI COTTON MARKET

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, April 19.

Cotton Sind N T 92, Punjab 289, F 95 8, L.S.S 87, Four F. 85, Sind N T New Crop October Delivery 79 to 80.

Market dull but steady on account of Government's liberalisation of its export policy announced last night. Licenses for exports of unutilised quotas for Belgium, Germany (fifty) and U S A. have now been made available for all hard currency countries. Additional quotas of twenty thousand bales for U K and five thousand bales for France have been sanctioned. Expired licences for Australia, China and continental countries have been revalidated upto August 31. Cottonseeds Ready 9 2, May 9 6 6 quiet but steady. Gold 106 8 Sovereigns 69.

AHMEDABAD SHARE MARKET

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, April 19

Market ruled quietly steady, mill shares being in the forefront. Arvind was the main feature today. It opened at 1469, highest 1500, closed 1498. Some Bombay operators were switching their holdings from deferred to Arvind though there is lack of general follow-up at rise.

Calico opened 1155, highest 1163, closed 1161. Deferred opened 1290, highest 1320, closed 1307.

Closing quotations:

Arvind 1498 Ambika 418, Calico 1161 Deferred 1307 Atul 38, New Commercial 1091, Bihari 235, Saraspur 580, Rohit 115.

It is reported here that most of the controls, particularly control on cloth, will be lifted from 6th October. Following shares were giving in delivery in current settlement:

Arvind 218, Ambika 111 Calico 113, Jupiter 11, Marsdon 43, Monogram 29, Saraspur 26, Deferred 509.

Latest Commercial

NEW YORK COTTON JULY.

NEW YORK, April 19.

Previous closing	32 04
To-day's opening	32 03
Difference	—.01
To-day's closing	32.19
Difference	+.15

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

NEW YORK, April 19.

New York Stock Exchange's opening prices Anaconda Copper Mining 30-1 8, General Motors unquoted, United States Steel common 72-1 4, United States Steel preference unquoted.

LAST QUOTATION

BOMBAY, April 19.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Silver Vaishak	180	0	0
Gold Vaishak	114	0	0
Silver Bullion	180	2	0
Silver Mint	180	6	0
Gold Ready	114	8	0
Sovereign	14	4	0

EXPECTATIONS:

Cotton Jarila May 625 8 0

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Displays Quiet Trend

LONDON, April 19. (P.T.I.-Reuter): Three-week trading periods have always been unpopular on the London Stock Exchange and the one that ended today was no exception, it has included among other things the budget, local elections and dock strike. Nevertheless prices of first class industrials have remained steady and together with gilt-edgeds showed further improvement today. Tobacco shares were particularly in demand.

Trading, however, generally remained small and was mainly for the purpose of levelling outstanding positions.

Outlook for copper shares appears to be gloomy. Prices fell today on reports from New York that a further cut in the United States selling prices of refined metal can be expected in the near future. Uncertainty in oils continues. Sellers were on top again and dullness was widespread in this section. Losses were up to 3/16.

Hopes that the Berlin blockade will be lifted produced fractional gains in German and Austrian bonds.

Kaffir dealers were busy with buying orders for selected free state issues. Useful gains were shown despite profit-taking. Firmness was widespread at the close.

MADRAS SHARE MARKET

MADRAS, April 19.

The local market was depressed as sellers were pressing in almost all sections especially in plantings. Bank shares turned easier with sellers for Travancore Banks at 15 8.

Electrics and sugars remained inactive.

Rubber shares eased further.

Textiles remained steady with buyers for Cambodias and Pankajas and with business done in Janardhana at Rs. 43.

Miscellaneous was featureless.

Following are to-day's quotations on the Madras Stock Exchange:

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES:—Three per cent Government of India Paper 98, three per cent Government of India 1986 98 5, three per cent Government of India 1953 55 101/7, three per cent Government of Madras 1960 100, three per cent Government of Travancore 1952 54 101 8.

BANKS. Travancore 15 8.

Sugars and Breweries: Deccan 17, Mysore 44 12, Travancore 6, 12, Ditto Pref 9.

PLANTINGS: Balmadies 1 8, Blue Mountain 2 6, Chembra 4/10, Cochin Malabar 3 11, Devashola 16 4, Midland 3 6, Nelliamboathy 1 4, Ouchterlony 4 4, Periakaramalai 21 14, Pullangode 0 12 6, Thirumbadi 1 11, T R and T Co. 5 3, Waterfall 2 9.

TEXTILES: Buckingham 145, Ditto Pref 193, Cambodia 9 5, Coimbatore cm 110, Janardhana 43, Lakshmi 64, Madura 40 8, Mettur 306 8, Mysore Sun 5 4, Pankaja 92 Radhakrishna 144, Rajalakshmi 54, Ranga Vilas 45, Trav Ravons 3 9, Trichinopoly 11 4.

MISCELLANEOUS. FACT 4 4, Mettur Chm 6 5, Mysore Chem Fert 5 12.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Quieter Tone

CALCUTTA, April 19.

The market continued its quieter tone round all sections and only moderate business took place.

Following are today's final transactions upto 2-30 p.m.:

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES: Three per cent Loan 1986 98 6, Three per cent Loan 1951 54 101 5, Three per cent Loan 1953 55 101 9, Three per cent Loan 1966 68 100 4, Three per cent Loan 1970 75 99 15, Four per cent Loan 1960 70 110 4.

BANKS Bengal Central Bank 8 7, Bharat Bank 3 14, Calcutta National Bank 11 8, Hind Bank 27/12.

COTTONS: Cawnpore Textiles 9 13, Elgin Mills 16, New Victoria ordy 2.

COALS. Bengal 409, Bhalgora 5 4, Burrakur 11/7, Central India 3/11, Raneegunge 11 8, East India 26/10, Satpukuria and Asansol 1 1, South Karanpura 23 8, Talcher 3/10.

MININGS: Burma Corp. 2 5, Indian Copper 2 2, Tavoy Tin annas ten.

MISCELLANEOUS: Sone Valley Cement 5 13, Alkali and Chemical 11, Calcutta Electric 18/10, Indian Iron and Steel 21 12, Jessop & Co. 16 2, Kumardhubi Eng. 7 2, Marshalls 5 2, Saran Eng. 7 4, Steel Corp. 17 15, Steel Corp. pref 125, B. I. C. 7 11, British Burma Petrol 1/5, Mysore Paper 9 8, Star Paper 5/4 s lot, Midnapore Zemindary 65 8, Assam Saws 6 4, India General Navgn. 93, India Steamship 7.

SUGARS: Belsund 4 2, Carew & Co. 7/6, Ramnager Cane 13 ex div, Raza 17 10.

TEAS: Baghmari 13/12, Moheema 5/12, Patrakola 252.

LOCAL BOARDS AMENDMENT ACT

After receipt of the assent of the Governor, the Bombay Local Boards (Amendment) Act, 1949, has been published in the Bombay Government Gazette, of April 19, 1949.

BOMBAY'S VENDORS

80. The Book-Seller At The Platform

In trying to avoid the vendor who helps you with food for the stomach, our cameraman has bumped into this one who deals in cheap diet for the intellect. "Read blood-curdlers in train and keep awake", he pleads, "there is no place to sleep. Once you are in, you are in till last station." He has varied fare on that mobile van to suit every age. Books on philosophy and Frenchy brochures are piled one over the other and it is for you to discriminate. The little girl perhaps has failed to make her choice and is striding away in disgust while one of the men passengers is lured by the vendor's slogan: "Good books — no fees for looking" What with the prospect of a long, gloomy journey in gruelling heat, in a van that looks like a sardine tin, there is need for that light stuff that can engage the mind. And so there is optimism in the vendor's face. (Rushing from one street corner to the other with his finger on the shutter release, our cameraman lost count of the pictures he had taken. He counted 69 yesterday while the correct total was 79).

TOP PRIORITY FOR HOUSING

(Continued from Page 1)

exclusively for the purposes of business. Where, however, only one-fourth portion of such buildings, or in storeyed buildings the ground floor, is to be utilised for accommodating shops, offices, etc., and the rest of the accommodation is to be used for residential purposes, permits will not ordinarily be refused. Also, where applicants for permits in respect of shops and office premises are prepared to assemble only imported materials, the cases may be considered on their merits, though luxury buildings or palatial constructions will not be permitted. This will apply even in the case of the construction of shops, business premises, etc., by public institutions and co-operative societies.

(5) INDUSTRIAL PREMISES

(a) New industrial ventures in industrial zones in the Island and City of Bombay and in Greater Bombay, according to the Master Plan, and in other places in the Province.

No new industrial ventures will normally be allowed to erect fresh factory buildings. However, applications for erection of such new factories as will be engaged in essential production, viz, processing of food stuffs, etc., of factories to whom the Government of India had given facilities, prior to the enforcement of building control, for importing machinery, grant of dollar exchange, release of essential building materials etc., for industrial development of the country may be considered. In all such cases, a certificate from the Director of Industries, Bombay, regarding the essential nature of the industry will suffice. Sixty per cent. of labour to be engaged in the new factory must be provided with housing. No building permit will, however, be granted for new oil mills.

(b) New industrial ventures in non-industrial zones in the Island and City of Bombay according to the Master Plan. Permits will not ordinarily be granted for the erection of new factories, whatever the previous commitments.

(c) New industrial ventures in non-industrial zones in Greater Bombay according to the Master Plan.

Subject to the fulfilment of the conditions mentioned at (a) above, permits for erecting factory buildings may be granted on the following further conditions:—

(i) That the factory would be shifted whenever required without claim to compensation.

(ii) Three to six months' notice for shifting would be given.

(iii) The owner would pay betterment charges if the land under the factory buildings is continued as factory zone in the final layout.

(d) Extension of the existing industrial ventures in industrial zones in the Island and City of Bombay, according to the Master Plan.

Extension of the existing ventures, which are of an essential nature, may be permitted to have fresh factory buildings, provided the management offers to provide housing accommodation for 60 per cent. of the labour to be engaged for the extension. The management must take up the construction of labour quarters simultaneously with the construction of the industrial premises and must also complete them simultaneously. The minimum carpet area for each labour tenement should be 200 square feet. In these cases, too, a certificate from the Director of Industries, Bombay, regarding the essential nature of the industry will suffice. No building permit will, however, be granted for expansion of existing oil mills.

(e) Extension of the existing industrial ventures in non-industrial zones in the Island and City of Bombay and Greater Bombay, according to the Master Plan.

In the case of the Island and City of Bombay, permits will not ordinarily be granted. In the case of Greater Bombay, permits may be granted subject to the conditions mentioned at (c) and (d) above.

(f) Extension of the existing industrial ventures in places other than Bombay and Greater Bombay.

Permits will be granted subject to the conditions mentioned at (a) above.

(g) Small-scale Industries and Shifting of Industries.

The erection of small factories or service stations engaging 10 to 20 persons would normally be permitted, if it is a question of their shifting from the existing location to another location in the industrial zone. All other cases of shifting, whether of small-scale industries or otherwise, will be considered on their merits.

(6) Public Institutions: Schools, Colleges, Hostels, Laboratories, Hospitals etc.

Permits will usually be granted.

(7) Private Hospitals, Maternity Homes, etc., and the conversion of residential places into such Institutions.

Where the applicants for permits are prepared to assemble only imported materials (not indigenous), the cases may be considered on their merits, whether or not the premises to be constructed also provide for residential accommodation. However, luxury buildings or palatial constructions to be used for this purpose will not be permitted.

(8) Places of Worship viz., Temples, Mosques etc., and all other buildings not coming under this and the seven categories mentioned above.

Permits will not ordinarily be granted but exceptional cases may be considered on their merits.

(B) RESIDENTIAL BUILDINGS

(1) Residential buildings providing accommodation for high income group i.e. buildings having tenements exceeding 800 square feet in floor area in Bombay City, the Thana Taluka and the Kalyan Municipal Borough, and exceeding 1,200 square feet in the Bombay Suburban District, the Ahmedabad Municipal Borough and the Ahmedabad Cantonment.

Permission to erect will not normally be granted.

(2) Residential buildings providing accommodation for low-income groups i.e. buildings not exceeding 800 square feet in floor area in Bombay City, the Thana Taluka and the Kalyan Municipal Borough, and not exceeding 1,200 square feet in the Bombay Suburban Disrtict, the Ahmedabad Municipal Borough and the Ahmedabad Cantonment.

Permits will be issued subject to the condition that permits for the erection of single room tenements will be granted only when the approval of the Municipalities concerned has been obtained.

(3) Subsidiary buildings in connection with residential accommodation.

The buildings of this type generally comprise bath rooms, sanitary blocks, garages, etc., Permits will ordinarily be granted.

NO PARTING COMPANY WITH COMMONWEALTH

(Continued from Page 6)

to close one of the major sea routes of the world".

Lord Layton concluded: "Finally, I am assured that if India were to separate from the Commonwealth, Pakistan would certainly—and Ceylon would probably—in the long run follow suit.

"For it would be politically quite impossible for any Asiatic dominion to be satisfied with what would appear however unjustifiably—to be a lesser degree of independence than that achieved by India.

"These Asiatic dominions contain nearly three quarters of the British Commonwealth and empire. The question is squarely posed. Is this great civilizing group of nations to be split and reduced in numbers to one quarter at this crucial time in world affairs?

"This week's conference must give the answer".

SALES OF TREASURY BILLS

During the week ended the 15th April 1949, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 47,25,000/- were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

RAJKOT, April 29. (A.P.I.): A training class conducted by the Training Inspector of the Bombay Provincial co-operative Institute will start functioning from tomorrow, at Bhavnagar. The class will provide preliminary training in the working of the co-operative institutions in Saurashtra under the Bombay Co-operative Societies Act.

FINANCIAL MERGER OF STATES

Present Arrangements To Remain Till New Constitution

BANGALORE, April 19 (API): The financial integration of the States with the Centre will be effective only after the new constitution of India comes into force, it is learnt here. Until, then, the present arrangements will continue.

MYSORE'S POSITION

Meawhile, the position how far Mysore will be affected by any fiscal integration is being argued here freely. The Krishnamachari, States Finance Enquiry Committee's report in this behalf will be ready by the end of May so as to enable the Constituent Assembly of India to consider it; until that report is published, the details of the arrangement between India and Mysore will not be clear. Mysore has the assurance that the results would not "stifle her growth."

According to present indications, the items of revenue that would be lifted by the Centre under the integration scheme are:

1. The taxes on income,
2. Excise duty on match, tobacco, sugar power alcohol, vegetable products, betel nuts, coffee and tea,
3. Mysore railways,
4. Telephone systems and
5. Radio licences.

On the other hand, the items of expenditure from which the State will be relieved are the military and perhaps the Akashvani Broadcasting Station.

MORARJI'S PLEA TO BOMBAY

"Vote For Congress And Preserve Freedom"

BOMBAY, Tuesday:

An appeal to vote solidly for the Congress candidate in the ensuing city bye-election to the Bombay Legislative Assembly was made by Mr. Morarji Desai, Home Minister, addressing an election campaign meeting at Napoo Gardens, Matunga, tonight.

Mr. Desai said that it was the Congress that won for India freedom and in order to maintain and consolidate that freedom it was necessary that Congress should continue in office. By voting for the Congress candidate, they would be helping Government to implement the constructive programme placed before the country by Ganghiji, the Home Minister added.

Exhorting the audience not to be carried away or misled by what he called false promises made by the Socialists and Communists, Mr. Desai said that it was open for the critics of the Congress to enter the organisation and cleanse it if it was necessary. He said that the door of the Congress was open to all people., irrespictive of caste, creed or community.

NO UNHEALTHY METHODS

Mr. Desai deplored the tactics adopted by certain persons in trying to disturb election campaign meetings. He said that the path of the Congress was straight and honest and it would not stoop to such unhealthy methods. Congress would allow its opposition also to have their full say on any issue. He was sure that such tactics would not in the end bring for them their desired end.

Mr. M. Y. Nurie, Vice-President of the B.P.C.C., in the course of his address said that the Socialists and Communists, who professed to serve the cause of labour, were only endangering and disrupting the ranks of the working class by asking them to strike work at a time when increased production was the prime need of the country.

The Congress ideal was to lead labour in such a way as would be beneficial to them and to the country at large.

Working Of Janpada Sabhas

NAGPUR, April 19 (API): A Twelve-Man Committee has been set up by the Central Provinces Government to review the progress made in the matter of working of the Janpada Sabhas in the Province.

100 Janpada Sabhas have been functioning in the Province, including the integrated Chattisgarh States, for over a year both in urban and rural areas.

Cochin China Assembly Meets

SAIGON, April 19 (PTI-Reuter): The newly elected Territorial Assembly of Cochin China composed of 16 French delegates and 47 Vietnamese, which is to decide for or against Cochin China's participation in the Vietnam State, met here today for the first time.

PAKISTAN REPUDIATES INDIA'S CHARGE

(Continued from Page 1)

kistan has agreed to abide by the decision of the U.N.C.I.P. Military Adviser as to the position held at the moment of the cease-fire".

JAMMU NATIONALISTS PLEDGE FAITH IN SHEIKH ABDULLAH.

JAMMU, April 19. (U.P.I.): Complete confidence in the leadership of Sheikh Mohd. Abdullah and his Government was expressed at a special convention of the Nationalist workers of Tehsil Ranbirsinghpura in the Jammu Province. The Convention declared that only he (Sheikh Abdullah) could lead the country out of the present uncertainty to future prosperity and peace.

The Convention pledged its full support to the Government in executing the various reforms, which were meant to provide relief to a long-suffering people.

The Convention, which was attended by delegates from all parts of the Tehsil, set up an Organizing Committee to establish branches of the National Conference and carry the message of nationalism to every nook and corner of the area.

UNCIP MEMBERS.

NEW DELHI, April 19. (A.P.I.): Dr. Alfred Lozano and Mr. Leguizomon, Columbian and Argentine delegates of the U.N. Commission on Kashmir respectively left for Rawalpindi to-day to discuss the truce proposals with Pakistan representatives in the light of India's reply. Other members of the Commission are already in Rawalpindi.

TESTING GROUND FOR ROCKETS

Central Australian Town For American Use

SYDNEY, April 19. (PTI-Reuter): The United States is "certain" to select Australia's Woomera Rocket Range for tests, according to the Canberra correspondent of "The Sydney Morning Herald", quoting an authoritative source in the Federal Capital.

He said Commonwealth Defence authorities are preparing for American use of the Woomera Range as "a testing ground for rockets with atomic warheads".

Authoritative sources in Canberra were quoted as saying that Central Australia is the only suitable area outside Siberia for a 3,000 miles rocket firing range.

American and Canadian observers have already inspected Woomera, which is now being substantially extended, it was said.

Islands in the Indian Ocean will be used as reporting stations for rockets fired from Woomera, "The Herald" said, and a major spotting station will be established on Christmas Island, about 2,000 miles from the firing base.

BARODA AND SAURASHTRA TELEPHONES

Centre To Take Over System

NEW DELHI, April 19. (A.P.I.): The Government of India propose taking over the telephone system in Saurashtra and Baroda State, it is learned.

The valuation and terms of transfer are under discussion with the Ministry of States.

The telephone system in Baroda is owned by the State. In some parts of Saurashtra it is being run by a private company.

NEW YORK, April 19. (PTI-Reuter): Senator Tom Connally, Chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, told reporters to-day that the United States could do little at present to halt the Communist march in China.

Stop Press

KISANS' MARCH TO LUCKNOW.

LUCKNOW, April 19. (A.P.I.): Hundreds of kisans in small batches are pouring into Lucknow every hour from villages within a radius of twenty miles to mark their protest against the compulsory food procurement policy of the U.P. Government. They are carrying at least one week's ration with them.

About 500 kisans squatted for about two hours outside the Council House this afternoon and later dispersed without holding any demonstration.

RUSSIAN ARRESTED

CALCUTTA, April 19 (A.P.I.): The West Bengal Security Police arrested today a Russian, Sherva Shizbe, on grounds of "undesirable activities". Sherva Shizbe, who is a resident of Calcutta for about five-years, was also arrested on a previous occasion but was subsequently released.

HUGE NAGPUR FIRE

NAGPUR, April 19 (UPI): A devastating fire is reported to have broken out this afternoon in the G.I.P. Railway Godown, as a result of which 500 bags of grains and 25 bales of jhte worth about Rs. 12,000 were gutted. The cause of the fire, it is reported, was from flying splinters of the engine.

CAR SPEED RECORD

INDIANAPOLIS, April 19, (PTI-Reuter): A British Austin car today broke the record for seven days on the Indianapolis speedway. Unofficially, the mileage for the seven days was 11,875 at an average of 70.68 m.p.h.

The previous record was 68.58 m.p.h. by a Studebaker in 1928 on the Indianapolis track.

PEARSON'S TRIBUTE TO NEHRU

LONDON, April 19. (PTI-Reuter): Mr. Pearson, Canadian Minister for External Affairs now here for the Commonwealth Conference described Indian Prime Minister Jawaharlal Nehru as "one of the outstanding personalities in the world today" when he met newsmen here. He said he had brought a personal message to Pandit Nehru from Mr. Mackenzie King, former Canadian Prime Minister.

ISRAELI SEARCH FOR KILLERS

TEL AVIV, April 19, (PTI-Reuter): Israeli forces south of the Dead Sea were searching tonight for people "dressed as Bedouin" who ambushed a party of 12 Israeli civilians, killing six and wounding five, an official spokesman said here.

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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1065

Landmark In Indian Railway History

FIRST HOME-BUILT LOCOMOTIVE BY 1951

Chittaranjan Project To Meet Country's Needs

120 STEAM ENGINES AND 50 BOILERS TO BE PRODUCED PER YEAR

NEW DELHI, APRIL 19.

WITH THE FIRST INDIAN-BUILT LOCOMOTIVE ROLLING OUT OF THE ASSEMBLY LINE AT CHITTARANJAN WORKSHOP, 17 MILES FROM ASANSOL, BY THE END OF 1951, THE RAILWAYS IN INDIA WILL ENTER A NEW ERA OF SELF-SUFFICIENCY. WORK ON THIS 14-CRORE PROJECT WHICH WILL TURN OUT 120 STEAM LOCOMOTIVES AND 50 SPARE BOILERS PER YEAR, IS PROGRESSING AT THE MOMENT.

REMOVAL OF BOTTLENECK

The Chittaranjan scheme, employing 10,000 workers to handle 1,200 machines for the manufacture of spare parts, wil remove the serious bottleneck created on the vast Indian Railway system by the six years of war and the partition of the country.

One of the subjects which evoked considerable interest during the recent discussion on the Railway Budget in the Dominion Parliament was locomotives and their manufacture in India. Several speakers commented on the present inadequate rail facilities for passenger as well as goods traffic, overcrowding, etc., all of which to a great extent, hinge on the availability of rolling stock.

SHORTAGE OF LOCOMOTIVES

Power position has been one of the main headaches of the Indian Railway Administration for some time now. Shortage of locomotives constitutes a serious bottleneck in the way of the efficient working of India's huge railway system which has been made completely dependent on foreign industry in regard to locomotives and machine tools, thanks to the "short-sighted policy" of the previous regime.

The terrific strain imposed by six years of war coupled with the most intensive use to which engines are put particularly on the East Punjab Railway, to meet the unprecedented demand for the movement of vast masses of population following Partition have played havoc with the power position of Indian Railways. And, the virtual non-availability, during the last few years, of replacements and spare parts has further aggravated the situation. Out of about 7,000 locomotives, 1291 will become overage by March 31, 1949 and a further 179 are expected to become overage by March 31, 1950, calculating that the average efficient life of an engine is 40 years. Overage engines are uneconomical to maintain and are less dependable; they are scrapped when their cost of operation and maintenance becomes prohibitive.

PROBLEM OF REPAIRS

Another factor which has adversely affected the maintenance of locomotives relates to spare parts. The multiplicity of types of locomotives has made the problem of repairs very complex. Many of these locomotives were purchased during the days of company management often designed to suit some purely local requirements or service or grade of coal which the particular Railway was then able to secure. The result was that parts of one type of engine were not interchangeable with those of any other type.

Things went fairly well before the War when each Railway was able to maintain its own supply of spare parts for the particular types of locomotives it possessed. In their all-out effort towards the successful prosecution of the War, the railways used up all their stocks of spare parts which, owing to scarcity of raw materials and restricted imports, could not be replenished. With the end of the War, conditions were no better. To cite a particular case: at one time on the B. B. and C. I. Railway, seven engines were lying idle for nearly a year for want of crank axles pending their arrival from the United Kingdom.

The Railways are making all-out efforts o bring he power position to normal. Orders have been placed abroad for 863 engines in addition to the 100 B. G. locos under construction at the B.B. and C.I. Railway's Workshop at Ajmer. Of the engines ordered abroad, 303 are from U.S., 350 from Canada, 190 from U.K., and 20 from France. Of these about 100 engines have already arrived in India. Markets in other countries are also being tapped. Indeed, the main object of the Chief Commissioner's mission last year to Europe and U. K. was to ascertain what production capacity was available with various locomotive manufacturing companies there and if it was possible to secure for Indian Railways their immediate locomotive requirements. Efforts are also being made to obtain loco spares of indigenous manufacture by utilising the surplus capacity of Indian Ordnance factories and private firms.

14-CRORE CHITTARANJAN SCHEME

Meanwhile, work on the 14-crore Chittaranjan Project for the manufacture of locomotives is proceeding apace. National interests demand that the country must be self-contained in the matter of key industries. In this context, the Chittaranjan Project is vital in any national emergency.

Chittaranjan, the new name for Mihijam, is on the East Indian Railway between Asansol and Madhopur, about 17 miles from Asansol by rail and 20 miles by road and is in the Burdhwan district of West Bengal. It is ideally situated, adjoining as it does the labour surplus districts of Santhal Parganas and Manbhum in Bihar and in close proximity to the coal-belt and the steel producing centres.

The Chittaranjan workshops are designed to build about 120 steam locomotives and 50 spare boilers per year working single shift and, together with the Tata's Locomotive Factory, are expected to make India self sufficient in regard to locomotives. About 1,200 machines will be used for manufacturing and assembling spare parts and locomotives, for this work involves a variety of operations embracing various trades, such as pattern making, foundry work, forging and smithy work, die sinking, drop stamping, heat treatment of materials, welding, machining of parts to high precision, boiler making, plate work, copper and tinsmith work, fitting work calling for great skill and accuracy, tool making, etc.

10,000 WORKERS ON SHIFT

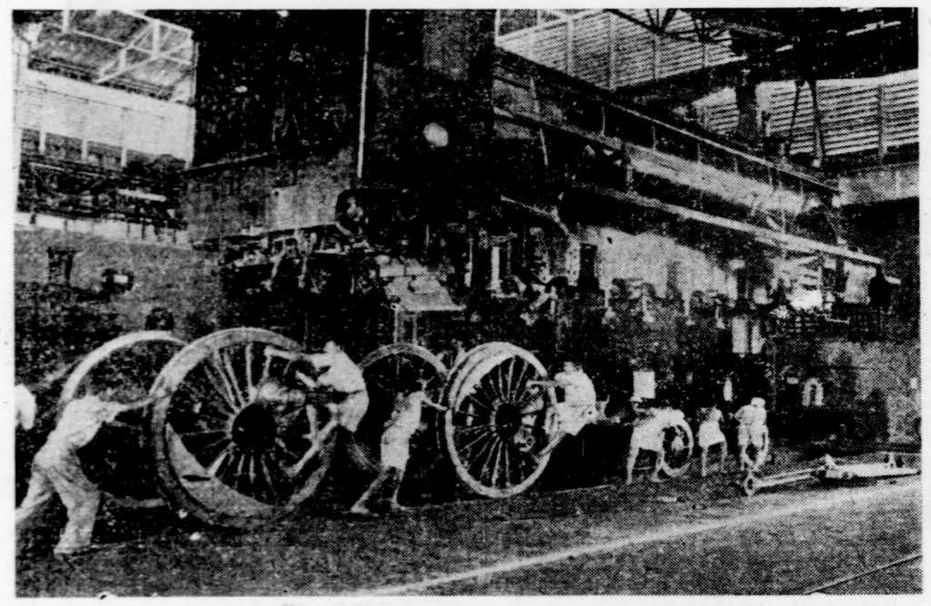
The total estimated cost of the scheme is a little over Rs. 14 crores, divided broadly as—Rs. 8.5 crores for workshops and ancillaries and Rs. 5.5 crores for staff colony and welfare works. Out of the former, Rs. 3.6 crores are for machinery, Rs. 1 crore for electrical arrangements, Rs. 2 crores for workshop buildings and Rs. 1 crore representing the share of construction expenses including construction plant, and the balance is for sidings, roads, share of cost of water supply, etc. The workshops involve a heavy construction programme including about 14,000 tons of steel fabrication. The project is expected to employ about 10,000 workers on a single shift work.

A modern township with the necessary ancillary services has been planned to accommodate 6,000 families to start with. Provision has ben made for future expansion if the need arises. The various colonies of the township have been laid out on the "neighbourhood unit" basis, each being self-contained to a great extent provided as it will be with shops, schools, dispensaries, play-grounds and social amenity centres. All the houses in the township will have electricity, a continuous supply of filtered water and water-borne sewage. An up-to-date and well-equipped hospital to serve the needs of the township is also being built.

The ancillary services consist mainly of electric power, water and sewage and health service. It is proposed to establish at present an independent thermal station consisting of three 600 k.w. Diesel oil-engine-driven Alternator sets and ultimately power will be purchased from the Damodar Valley Corporation. There will be in all eight sub-stations inside the workshops for supplying electric power to the various motors and other electricity consuming devices.

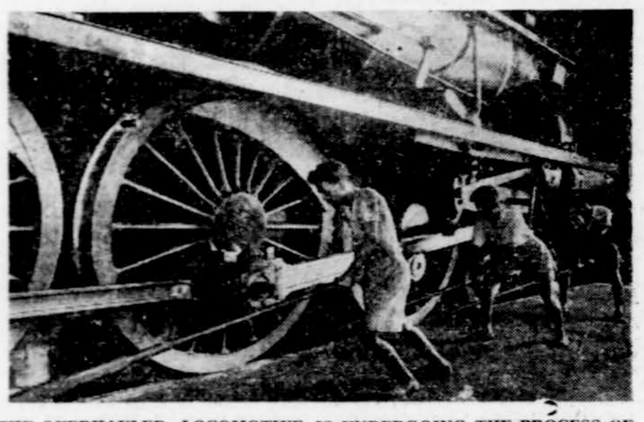
To begin with, the workshops will produce parts of standard locomotives. The first locomotive is expected to be turned out of the shops complete by the end of 1951.

A SCENE IN INDIAN WORKSHOP BUZZING WITH ACTIVITY



THIS ENGINE, HAVING COMPLETED ITS REGULATION 160,000 MILES SINCE ITS PREVIOUS OVERHAUL, HAS BEEN STRIPPED FOR HEAVY REPAIR AND COMPLETELY OVERHAULED. THE WHEELS HAVE BEEN TURNED AND THE AXLE BOXES RELINED WITH BEARING METAL, WHERE NECESSARY, AND ARE NOW BEING MOVED INTO POSITION TO RECEIVE THE LOCOMOTIVE FRAME WHEN LOWERED BY THE CRANE.

Putting Their Shoulders To the Wheel



THE OVERHAULED LOCOMOTIVE IS UNDERGOING THE PROCESS OF WHEELING. BOGEY, LEADING, DRIVING AND TRAILING WHEELS ARE PUSHED ON TO THE PIT. THE ENGINE IS THEN LOWERED BY CRANE TO ABOUT SIX INCHES ABOVE THE WHEELS. THE STAFF GET THE WHEELS IN THEIR EXACT POSITION AND THE ENGINE IS LOWERED INCH BY INCH. THIS OPERATION HAS TO BE CARRIED OUT VERY CAREFULLY TO AVOID INJURY TO THE AXLE BOX SLIDES.—P.I.B.

TEXTILE INDUSTRY FAILED TO ACT ACCORDING TO ASSURANCE

"Unwarranted Profiteering:" Delhi Reaction To Sir Vithal's Speech At Millowners Association

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, April 19.

Sir Vithal Chandavarkar's speech at the annual meeting of the Bombay Millowners' Association is described, here, as a "belated and futile attempt to absolve the textile industry" for unwarranted profiteering and black marketing. The Government of India, it is explained, here, decided to decontrol cotton piecegoods only after it had received assurances from the representatives of the cotton mill industry.

INDUSTRY'S ASSURANCES

Speaking before the Industries Committee of the Textile Board, on 19th January 1948 and subsequently before the Textile Advisory Committee, on 7th April 1948, representatives of the cotton mill industry assured the Government that the industry will fix reasonable prices, taking into account current prices of cotton. The Government was also assured that the industry would fix ex-mill prices at reasonable levels and that it would see that cloth left mills at those prices. Notwithstanding these assurances and in spite of the warning by the Government that "it will take serious notice of any mill exceeding the price level fixed, prices soared up inordinarily and within six weeks after decontrol, they had already become uncontrolable.

Reference is made here of the Mill Owners' Association meeting at which a resolution was adopted calling upon every member to comply with the control orders and unreservedly condemning persons connected with the textile industry and cloth trade for securing prices higher than those fixed by the panel of members of the Textile Board. The meeting also authorised the Committee of the Association to investigate into the complaints of malpractices and take disciplinary action, including expulsion from the Association of those who violated the agreement. These resolutions, however, remained pious paper resolutions, it is claimed here. The whole industry had sold stock above the fixed prices. Profiteering was indulged in by the majority of mills in the trade on a large-scale until the Government stepped back and reintroduced control in August last year. The rise in retail prices ranged between 60 to 70 per cent on coarse and medium varieties of cloth and hundred per cent to three hundred per cent on semi-fine and super-fine varieties of cloth. Sir Vithal's reactions are now being awaited here.

Students To Go On Strike To Reduce Fees

BARODA, April 19. (A.P.I.): Mr. Aniruddha Dave, President of the Aided Non-Government Middle Schools Union, in a statement said to-day that the students of these schools would go on strike from May 1 unless school fees, increased last year, were reduced to the rates prevailing before September 1948. The increase had caused a hardship to the poor and middle classes, he said.

NEW DELHI, April 19. (API)—Mr. L. N. Kaushik, Organising Secretary of the A.I.C.C. has been deputed to take over charge of the Vindhya Pradesh Provincial Congress Committee which has dissolved by the Congress Working Committee, recently, and to administer it with the help of an 'ad hoc' Committee nominated by the Congress President. Mr. Kaushik is leaving today for Rewa.

INDIA GOVERNMENT WARNS STUDENTS

No Recognition For Degrees Of Certain U.S. Universities

NEW DELHI, April 19 (UPI): The Government of India wish to make it clear that they do not recognise the degrees and diplomas and other certificates or titles granted by the International University of Delaware (America), the Chartered University of Huron (America), the National University of Calorado and the Charitable University of Delaware (America) for any purpose whatsoever.

In view of the fact that large numbers of people in India are likely to be interested in obtaining qualifications from the U.S.A. that will be generally recognised, Government feel it their duty to give the public the above information, says a press note issued by the Ministry of Education, Government of India.

Lucky-Ticket Scheme For Madras Buses

MADRAS, April 19 (A.P.I.): To instil the ticket-purchasing habit in the passengers travelling by State transport bus in Madras City, it is proposed to institute a lucky-ticket system awarding prizes for tickets bearing the lucky number.

Mr. B. Gopala Reddi, Finance Minister in charge of Transport, told pressmen today that Rs. 1,500/- would be set apart every month for the purpose. The Transport Department was at present working out the details of the scheme. He expected the scheme to be implemented as soon as it was approved by the City Transport Advisory Committee.

GUNTUR CONGRESS COMMITTEE

Ban On Members Removed By Dr. Pattabhi

NEW DELHI, April 19 (API): All the members of the District Congress Committee, the taluk and town Congress Committees, Guntur, who had been disqualified or removed by the Secretary in July 1948 have been restored to their offices by the Congress President, Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya.

Announcing the decision of the Congress President Mr. Kala Venkata Rao, Genral Secretary, AICC, says: "The Congress President has also held that in view of the fact that so many members were disqualified on the eve of the elections to the executive of the Guntur District Congress Committee, the election of the executive of the said Committee are also invalid and has directed that fresh elections be held. The Andhra Provincial Congress Committee is authorised to arrange for fresh elections within a month from now."

Maulana Hifzur Rahman, General Secretary of the Jamait-ul-Ulema-i-Hind said tonight at Lucknow conference that attempts to declare Hindi with Devanagri script as the national language of India were against the oft-repeated declarations of the Indian National Congress.

Malay Scholars For India

SINGAPORE, April 19 (P.T.I.-Reuter): Four professors of Raffles college here will assist Mr. J. A. Thivy, India's representative in Malaya, in selecting six candidates for the scholarships awarded by the Indian government for continuing advanced studies in India this year.

Two of the scholarships are for non-Indian students and four for students of Indian origin domiciled in Malaya.

Mixed Grill

UNPREDICTABLE is the mind of Man; and of Woman even more so. When I wrote last week of a chemical—Monobenzyl either of Hydroquinine—which can turn dark skins into white, I hardly expected the reaction that has actually come about. A dark beauty asks in moving accents to be told more about the drug. I cannot resist the appeal.

It appears the preparation was used in the synthetic rubber industry as an anti-oxidizing agent to prevent damage by Oxygen in the manufacture of automobile tyres and rubber gloves. Several chemical and wherever it touched rubber plants in southern parts of the United States came in contact with the chemical and whever it touched them, it turned them pure chalky white in 30 days. Dr. Louis Scwartz of the United States Public Health Service has reported on laboratory tests of the effects of the strange new substance discovered by accident. The chemical, he says, has been proved to be able to reverse the hair colour of experimental animals. When applied to the human skin, its effects from one application lasts from four months to three or four years.

While furnishing this information I must also utter a note of warning. After all, if black can turn into white, white can turn back into black too—and that after generations.

An agency message from London has it that a 46 year old B.B.C. woman singer turned black in a few weeks. She believed that it was due to Negro blood in her ancestry, but she is now white again after treatment. Dr. Leo Spira, reporting her case in a medical journal, said that her skin began to darken while she was an A.T.S. sergeant. Army doctors, when informed that one of her grandparents was a negro, said that the change was a delayed hereditary effect.

But Dr. Spira diagnosed the cause as poisoning by an element called Fluorine. The woman was put on a special fluorine-free diet. "In a few weeks her skin began to whiten. With the help of make-up she looked no more than sun-burnt" Dr. Spira said. She was specially sensitive to fluorine.

Thus with one drug or another, it is now possible to change colour. The change is still limited to black and white. Very soon as medical science progresses, more colourful possibilities may be added. There may soon come a day when women can change their colour quicker than the famed chameleon. They may go through the entire gamut of the rainbow, picking one colour for each day of the week. Or maybe, some of them will want to sport a combination of multi-coloured designs in their skin, just as they do with their clothes at present.

AND IF THE LATEST FASHION TRENDS ARE ANY INDICATION, THEY MAY HAVE PRETTY STIFF COMPETITION FROM MEN TOO.

Grumbler

POLICE RAID LIQUOR DENS IN VILE PARLE

(From Our Correspondent)

VILE PARLE, April 19.

The Suburban Prohibition Police carried out several raids in Gavthan localities, in Vile Parle, mostly inhabited by Christians on Sunday and put under arrest over a dozen persons who were carrying on illicit distillation of country liquor. The Police party recovered 3 gallons of liquor and 350 gallons of wash. Over 20 cases were also seized. All of them were placed before Mr. Goverdhandas, Presidency Magistrate, Andheri yesterday and were released on bail.

Credit is due to Khan Bahadur Pathan, Superintendent of Police who carried out the raid with the help of a big police Party. The Deputy Commissioner of Police was present when the raid was carried out. This is the first time that on organised police raid was carried out in the liquor dens of Vile Parle.

MALAY INDIAN'S APPEAL AGAINST DEATH SENTENCE DISMISSED

Convicted For Carrying Revolver: Sultan Of Selangor In Council To Decide His Fate

SINGAPORE, April 19. (PTI-Reuter): The Sultan of Selangor State is expected soon to decide in Council whether the death sentence passed on a Ganapathy, first Indian in Malaya to be thus sentenced under emergency regulation, will be carried out.

It is not yet known when the Council will meet.

REPRESENTATION BY THIVY.

Representations on behoff of Ganapathy have already been made by Mr. J. A. Thivy, Indian Government Representative in Malaya. Mr. Thivy said to-day that the Malayan Federation Government had answered him that his representations would be placed before the Sultan in Council for their consideration.

Ganapathy, 23-year-old Tamilian and former President of the Pan-Malayan Federation of Trade Unions, was found guilty and sentenced to death by the Selangor Assizes on March 15 on charges of carrying a .45 revolver and six rounds of ammunition at Waterlfall Estate, Selangor.

ESTATE MANAGER'S EVIDENCE.

The Estate Manager, Mr. Simon, said in evidence during the trial that as he was going along down a path inspecting the estate and escorted by 20 armed special constables he saw Ganapathy sitting under a rubber tree.

"I told the special constables to bring him along with me and they asked him to put his hands up as they wished to search him" he added.

"He refused and tried to grab the revolver he had in his belt. A fight started between two of the special constables and the accused.

"I went up to the trail and threatened to shoot him with my stengun but he still continued to fight.

After he was overpowered, "we found a revolver on him with six rounds of ammunition in it."

Answering a question by Defence Counsel H. Y. Teh Mr. Simon said he did not hear Ganapathy tell one of the constables that he had a revolver.

GANAPATHY PLEADS NOT GUILTY

Ganpathy who pleaded "not guilty" said he hid in the jungle when the emergency regulations were introduced last June and was on his way to surrender the weapon to the police when arrested.

His appeal against the sentence and conviction to the Federation Court of Appeal at Kuala Lumpur on April 1 was formally dismissed.

Chief Justice Harold Willan said the appeal judges had not found anything which they considered proper ground for an appeal.

THIVY HOPEFUL.

Mr. Thivy, expressing his personal opinion in an interview with Reuter to-day said "although, according to the emergency regulations, a man in possession of firearms is automatically liable to the death sentence yet there is reasonable ground in this particular case to exercise mercy because of the circumstances under which Ganapathy was arrested".

MUTT AND JEFF—And Just Then The Clock Struck Thirteen

By BUD FISHER

HEY, GUS! WHAT TIME IS IT?
IT'S TEN MINUTES AFTER ONE!
SIR SID, WHAT TIME IS IT?
'ARF PAWST TWO, OL' BOY!
MUTT, WHAT TIME IS IT?
IT'S THREE O'CLOCK!
WHAT'S THE MATTER?
SLAP SLAP SLAP
ALL DAY I'VE BEEN ASKING PEOPLE WHAT TIME IT IS AND EVERYBODY GIVES ME A DIFFERENT ANSWER!
?
Fisher

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